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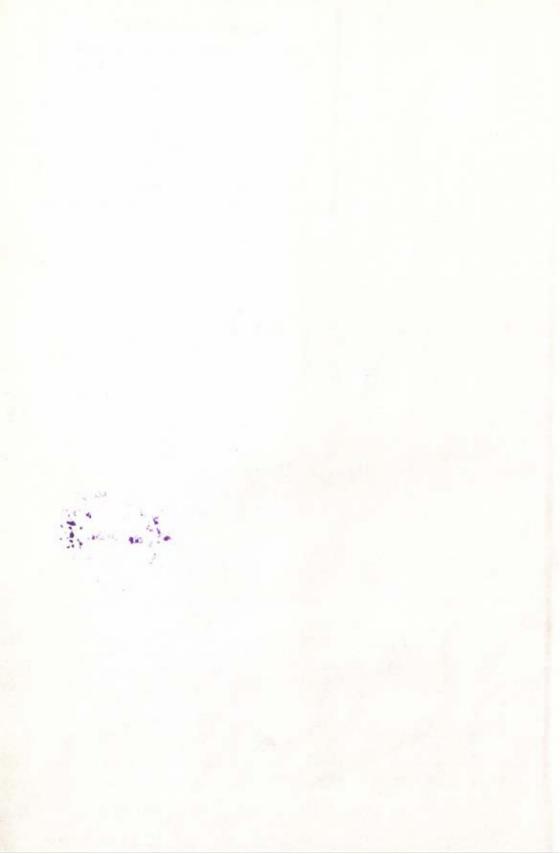
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GENERAL INDEX TO THE REPORTS

OF

THE ARCHÆOLOGICAL SURVEY OF INDIA,

83097

BY

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WITH A GLOSSARY AND GENERAL TABLE OF CONTENTS.



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CONTENTS.

					è				PAGE
PRIFACE .			*				-	*	v
GENERAL TABLE OF	CONTEN	78		+	+	14	-	*	vii
LIST OF ABBREVIAT	IONS					4		*	xix
GENERAL INDEX		()e	- 1		-2			w	1
GLOSSART		+	Alberta and an inter-	10	E.	*		*	199



PREFACE.

EVERY one who has had occasion to consult the Reports of the Archæological Survey of India, published under the superintendence of Major-General Sir A. Cunningham, must have felt the want of a General Index to the long series of twenty-three volumes. The Reports contain a vast mass of valuable information, but it is presented in such an undigested form that much of it is practically inaccessible. Each volume is certainly provided with an Index, but these Indices are, with two exceptions, extremely meagre, and of very little service. With the approval of General Cunningham I undertook the task of compiling an adequate General Index, and have now completed it to the best of my ability.

I cannot hope that my work will be regarded as perfect, but there can be no doubt that it will add greatly to the value of the Reports; and I trust that, in consideration of the assistance it will render to all students of Indian Archæology, its faults may be forgiven.

No Index of reasonable size could give references to every proper name mentioned, or every topic discussed in the Reports, but I have endeavoured, so far as my limited knowledge of Archæology would permit, to include in my Index every name or subject which an archæologist would be likely to look for, and to give each entry in the form or forms most likely to be convenient. Names in dynastic lists about which nothing is known, except their occurrence in such lists, will not usually be found in the Index. They must be looked for by means of the references to the dynastics concerned.

Some of the more complex headings, such as that of Coins, bring together in a compendious form a very large number of facts which were of little interest or value when scattered through twenty-three volumes. The classification of the entries under such headings has cost me much thought and labour, which will, it is hoped, be justified by the result.

The crude and unscientific speculations of General Cunningham's assistants, which waste so much space in several volumes of the Reports, have been passed over very lightly, and the Index gives few indications of their existence.

The spelling of proper names in the Reports is rather arbitrary and lax, and I have necessarily been compelled to follow it. Alternative spellings will, however, be found very often in the Index, and I do not think there will be any difficulty in tracing names.

I have not attempted to distinguish the various letters of closely similar sound by elaborate discritical marks, as is done in the pages of the Indian Antiquary. So far as the text with which I was dealing would permit, the spelling of proper names is in accordance with the practice followed for some years past in official publications of the Indian Government. A long vowel is marked by an accent, unaccented a is pronounced as in the word America, and all other vowels as in Italian.

One of the most serious defects in the Reports is the omission in general to state the civil territorial division of the country in which the place under discussion is situate. The bewildered reader is, for instance, told that an obscure mound of ruins named Atranjí-Kherá is 4 miles south of Karsána, 8 miles to the north of Eyta (sic), 15 miles to the south of Soron, and 43 miles to the northwest of Sankisa. It is not easy from such a description to make out where Atranjí-Kherá is, or to discover any mention of it that may exist in other books or official records. The mound is really in the Etá District of the North-Western Provinces, and the moment this information is afforded anything that may exist on record about the place is readily traceable.

I have accordingly remedied this defect by specifying in almost every case the State or Province and the District in which each site mentioned in the Index is included. The obtaining of this information has involved much tedious search in maps and gazetteers, but in a very few instances I have been unable to fix with precision the position of the places described. My European readers will please observe that the word District is used in the technical sense, and means the unit of civil government administered by a District Officer, who is known variously as Magistrate and Collector, or Deputy Commissioner, or Superintendent.

Most of the words belonging to Oriental languages which occur in the Reports are readily intelligible to readers who have resided in India, but, for those who have not enjoyed that advantage, such words may require explanation. I have therefore compiled a Glossary which explains all such words, so far as the meanings are concerned which attach to them in the text.

A General Table of Contents has been prefixed.

V. A. SMITH.

GENERAL TABLE OF CONTENTS.

VOLUME I.

PART I.

riciace, containing toold continue a mining	9. Dinar 30
on the antiquities of Upper India	1-VIII 10. Ghosrawa 38
Introduction, containing an account of the	as Therefore
progress of Indian Archaeology up to	
	12. Aphsar 40
	-XLIII 13. Barábár
Report of operations during 1861-62, in	14. Dharáwat 53
Bihar and S. E. portions of the NW. P.	15. Besarh or Vaisali
by Major-General Cunningham (pp. 1-	16. Kesariya 64
130)—	17. Lauriya Ara-Raj 67
r. Gayá	
	sa Dadaman a Ft.
z. Buddha-Gaya 4	19. Padaraona, or Pawa . 74
3. Bakror 12	20. Kasia, or Kusinagara
4. Punawa 13	21. Khukhundo, or Kishkinda-
5. Kurkihár, or Kukkutapáda-	pura 85
giri 14	22. Kahaon, or Kakubharati . 91
5. Giryek, or Indra-sila-guha . 16	23. Hathiya-dih 95
7. Rágir, or Rájagriha 20	24. Bhitari 96
8. Baragaon or Nalanda 28	6 1 1 2 1 1 1
or perageous or transpose	25. Banaras and Sarnath 103
	PART II,
Report of operations during 1862-63 in	13. Alláhábád, or Prayága 296
Punjab, NW. P., and Oudh, by Major-	14. Kosam or Kosámbi 301
General Cunningham (pages 131-358)-	15. Sultanpur, or Kusapura 313
1. Delhi 131	16. Dhopipapura 315
2. Mathura	17. Ajudhya, or Sáketa 317
1. Khálsi	
	and the state of t
	19. Sáhet-Máhet, or Srávasti . 330.
5. Kashipur, or Govisana 251	20. Tánda , . 343
6. Rámnagar, or Ahichbatra . 255	21. Nimsar , 350
7. Soron, or Surakshetra 265	22. Barikhar 351
S. Atranjikhera, or Pilosana . 268	23. Dewal 352
o. Sankisa, or Sangkasya 271	24. Parasuá-kot
to. Kanoj, or Kanyakubja 279	25. Bilai-kherá 358
tt. Kákupur, or Ayuto 293	26. Kábar
12. Daundiákherá, or Hayamukha 296	***************************************
V	OLUME II.
	PART I.
Report of operations during 1863-64 by Major-General Cunningham-	Other tribes , 13
(A)-Ethnology (pages 1-82).	Aryas.
	Janjohas and Awans 17
	Bhatis 19
Megs, or Mekei 11	1 200000 1 1 1 1 1 1

VOLUME II-contd.

VOLUME	11—conta.	
FAGE		FACE
Later Turanians.	o. Baoti Pind	139
Gákars , 22	10, Balar	142
Track to A Park	11. Bádarpur	
Káthí and Bálas 33	12. Jáoli	144
Sobi 37	Tanin	146
Indo-Scythians.	13. Tarnáwa	147
Su, or Sagaraukae 44	14. Nurmai	149
NA 32 NA 4	15. Káwal-pindi or Gájipur	151
49 10 F - 10 W -	16. Mánikyála 17. Sakhrabastí	152
	17. Sakhrahastí	172
M 5 - 2 M 2 M 3 M 3 M 3 M 3 M 3 M 3 M 3 M 3 M	18. Diláwar, or Bukephala	173
Little Yuchi, or Kator 73	* 19. Mong, or Nikaea	186
Ephthalites, or White Huns . 75	20. Katás, or Katáksha	188
(B) Antiquities of Punjab and the nor-	21. Sangalawala Tiba, or Sangala	
thern extremity of the NW. P. (pages	21. Sangatawata 1102, or Sangata	192
82-230)-	22. Asarur, or Táki	200
	23. Ran-si, or Nara-sinha	202
Antiquities, General Remarks . 82	24. Amba Kápi	203
1. Pesháwar, or Parasháwara . 87	25. Sarbind	205
2. Pushkalávati, or Peukelaotis . 89	26. Thánesar, or Stháneswara .	212
3. Palodheri, or Varusha 90	27. Amín	223
4. Ohind, or Utakhanda 92	28. Pehoa, or Prithudaka	224
S. Láhor, or Sálatura 95	29. Sugh, or Srughea	226
6. Aornos ib.	30. Haridwar, or Gangadwara	
7. Taxila, or Takshasila	Joe Mariowal, of Gangadwara .	231
m IT ALAM	31. Moradhwaj	237
8. Hasan Abdal 135	32. Chaturbhuj	238
PART 1 Report of operations during 1864-65 (pages 241-459) in Rájputána, Central India, and Bundelkhand— 1. Bairát, or Vairáta	11. Máyána, or Máyapura 12. Kulháras 13. Ranod, or Narod 14. Nalapura, or Narwár 15. Himatgarh 16. Gwáliár, or Gwalior 17. Núrábád 18. Kutwár, or Kamantalpuri 19. Suhaniya 20. Burí Chánderi 21. Chánderi 22. Khajuráho, or Khajuráya	301 302 303 307 328 330 397 ib. 399 401 404 412 439
Vorm	, III	
Volum	E 111.	
Introduction containing instructions to assis-	9. Árámnagar, or Árá	72
tants of Archæological Survey , . m-xm1		
Depart of appetions during the see 's	ro. Buddha Gaya	79
Report of operations during 1871-72 in	11. Prágbodhi, or Mora Mountain	105
NW. P. and Bihar, by Major-General	12. Gayá	107
Cunningham (pages 1-164)-	13. Yashtivana, or Jethian	139
1. Various styles of Hindu and Mu-	-4. Old Rájagriha, or Kuságarapura	140
hammadan architecture 2	15. Indrasila guho, or Giryek .	145
2. Mathurá 13	16. Kapotika Monastery	150
3. Bithá	17. Rajaona, or Rajihana	200
		-
4. Garhwa	18. Kiyul and Birdában	156
6 Although	19. Jaynagar	
6. Akhandha 63 7. Baghsar, or Baxar 64	20. Nongarh	
7. Baghsar, or Buxar 64	21. Indappe	162
S. Mahasara, or Masar 66	Postscripf ,	163

	Vol	UME IV.	
	PAGE	PAI	pm ·
Preface by Major-General Cunningham .	1X1V	Report of operations during 1871-72 at Agra,	
	cv-xvII		3-247
Report of operations during 1871-72 at Delhi,			
by Mr. J. D. Beglar	1-91		
by mr. J. D. Degiai			
		/	
	VOLU	ME V.	
Report of operations during 1872-73 in		21. Bavanni 103	
Panjab, by Major-General Cunningham-		22. Harapá · 105	
	V-VII	X 23. Depálpur 109	
		24. Tulamba	
1. Yusufzai District 1		25. Multan	
2. Sháhbáz-garhi 8		26. Tusham 136	
3. Takht-i-Bahi		27. Hisár Pölar 140	
4. Sahri-Bahlol		28, Delhi Pillars 142	
5. Jamál-garhí 46		20. Jálandhara 145	
6. Kharkai 53		30. Pathánkot	
7. Sáwal-dher		31. Kot-Kángra 155	
03 540E1200		32. Jwála-Mukhi 168	
g. Inscriptions from Yusufzai . 57		33. Kanhiára	
to Khairabad	3	34. Chāri 177	
ii. Character of Facility		35. Kiragrima 178	
12. Mánikyála		36. Asapuri 183	
13. Antiquities of the Salt-Range . 79		Appendix AIndo-Persian and	
Equipments in the second		Indo-Grecian styles of architec-	
15. Ketás		ture £ 185	
16. Kutánwála-pind 93		196	
Ty. Maria		Appendix BList of Sculptures	
18. Plains of the Punjáb 94		from Yusufzai 197*	
19. Johnáthnagar 95		202	
20. Shorkot 97		4	
v	OLUMI	r VI. ?	
	OLUMI	7	
Introduction by Major-General Cunning-		to. Máchári, or Sánchári 77	
ham	III, IV	11. Bairát 9t	
Report of Tour in Eastern Rajputana and		12. Deosá	
Agra district, NW. P., during 1871-72		13. Nain, or Nai 109	
and 1872-73, by Mr. A. C. L. Carlleyle		14. Chátsu	
(pages 1-253)-		15. Shivdungar 121	
1. Mountain Ranges of Rajputana 1		16. Thoda, or Thore 124	
2. Achnera 5		17. Bághera, or Vyághra . 136	
3. Kherá 13		18. Visalpur 152	
4. Rúpbás			
S. Jágner 24			
6. Satmás		Sti Tingerij te anni d	
7. Baláná 40		Set many a	
8. Santipur, or Vijayamandargarh 54		23. Bijoli 234	
9. Sikandra 74			
31	OLUM	e VII	
		S. VII.	
Preface by Major-General Cunningham	v-v11	4. Chátah 3	
Report of Tour in Bundelkhand and Malwa		s. Brindaban ib.	
or Central lodia, during 1871-72, by		6. lait 4	
Mr. J. D. Beglar (pages 1-102)-		7. Bateswar	
I. Ballabgarh		8. Bhind	
2. Hodal		O+ ATHRIBA 1 4	

VOLUME VII-contd.

						EAUS.								
9.7 Jálaun .					13		10.	. Panori .						PAGE
to. Orai					10			Ármori .		•		*	125	
11. Kúnch .					20			Thinegaon					15.	
12. Akori .		1			21			Wairagarh					126	
13. Khajuráhá		- 0			41			Tipágarh		1	•	*	127	
14. Rora .					23			Bálod				*	130	
15. Mahoba					24			Sorar .			*		133	
16. Rähilya					26			Gowror			*		137	
17. Makarbái			-		\$6.			Dhamtari	1		*		138	
18. Chhatrpur					-10			Sehwá .				+	142	
19. Jaitpur .					27			Deokhut					145	
20. Gúrsarai			*	*		-		Murpar	•		*	+	146	
4.5.1					30			Rajam .		*	-		147	
many management and	*				31			Sonábirá	*				148	
22. Deokali		*			30			Haranpáp			*		156	
23. Sirswigarh		+	- 4		iō.			Khalári		*	*	*	ib.	
24. Lahir .	ě		+		37		-	Khoprá		*		*	16.	
25. Indurke			+		38			Mahasaman	1		#.	*	158	
26. Danui (Dina	i)	*			39				id.			9.	159	
27. Manyagarh	*				42			Arang .					10.	
28. Panna .		*			45			Ráyappra		-		- 2	165	
29. Ajaygarh	¥	1			46			Sirper .		*	*		163	
30. Mahiyar	*				50			Náráyanpur	a	+		+	193	
31. Jabalpur	v				53		-	Kurwái					195	
32. Hatta .					36			Báludá .		2	+		id.	
33. Rapnáth					58			Khárod	-		+	+	201	
4. Damoh			*					Pamgarh	÷		+		204	
35. Garhákota	*				59 ib.			Bachhaudga	rh				211	
		*						Akaltárá	+			4	ib.	
36. Ráhatgarh					60			Kotgarh					212	
37. Pathári		*	*		64		ALC: NO.	Kotmi .			+		213	
38. Udaypur		*			81	1		Biláspur	16				ib.	
39. Eran .				*	88			Ratanpur				4.5	214	
40. Gyáraspur			+	*	6g			Júna Shahr	+				216	
Report of Tour in Ce	ete	d Pro	vince	dur	inor			Pali .	+	9			217	
-1873-74, by Mr.								Láphágarh			+	1	219	
103-246)-	3.		- mar	Phone	g-va			Chhattisgha	r		4	+	224	
1. Mandlá .								Ajmirgarh		4			226	
2. Rámnagar	*	*	*		103	40	47.	Amarkantak			*	4	227	
3. Ghansor		+		-	166	1	48.	Son Mundá					216	
4. Ramtek	-		*	*	107		49-	Dhanpur					237	
S. Nágpur			*		109		50.	Piparia .					238	
	*	-	*	*	113		51. /	Anuppur					16.	
6. Umrer .	*	4	*		118			Sámantpur					66.	
7. Bhiwapur		*			121			farment.					239	
8. Pauni .		*	4		122			The sales	*		•	£	15.	
9. Deotek				+	123			Sohägpur	*			*	1.00	
							44	- read to an		*	*		ió.	
					1	VOLUME	177	TT						
	-					AOLOME	VI	11.						
Preface by Majo	r-G	eneral	C	iocu	ng-	1	4.	Dharawat					37	
ham .			*	4		V-V111		Kauwá-Dol	0	1				
Note by Mr. J. D. B.	egla	E	4			IX-XXI		Barábár Cav		•	*		40	
								W -					41	
Report of a Tour thr	oug	h the	Bang	Pal P	PO-		W 10	Járu Mirápur, Nás		7	*	-	44	
vinces (i. e., Bibár,	Ch	utiá ľ	lágpi	or, a	nd	2.40		onicapur, read Gowror	uera		*	le:	45	
Bengal Proper), by	y M	t. J. I). Be	glar	in		ra-			*		*	ib.	
1872-73 (pages 1-				-				Batháni Hill		*			46	
1. Patna, or Pats	din	itra.		_	1			slampur		4		-4-	47	
a. Tilára, or Tilá			-				12, 1						10.	
	- Constant			*	34			Old lines of F				-	48	
3. Barábár Hills		*	*	Y	35	1	14. 1	List of old pl	aces			+	51	
												-	-	

43

15. Majboli

5. Kho, the old capital of Uchahara

VOLUME VIII-contd.

VOLUME	vill—conta.
PAGE	PAGE
15. Kispá	do, Kherhi 128
16. Barawang and Konch 54	61. Bhágalpur 129
17. Páli 61	62. Jethur
18. Utrain 62	63, Mandar Hill
19. Sihári and Deokut ib.	64. Baidyanáth 137
20. Gunariyá 63	65. Shadipur, Seuri 146
21. Umgå and Deo ib.	66. Labhpur, Jamwa Kandi and Nagor ib.
22. Bishanpur Ghenjan ib.	67. Mangalpur and Bhimgarh , 149
23. Pái Bigha	68. Barakar 150
24 Matka Hill, Chilor, &c 64	69. Kalyaneswari 154
25. Hasanpur Káko	70. Pándrá
26. Ner and Bela 65	71. Katrás 156
27. Hilsá	72. Chechgaongarh 157
28. Buddha-Gaya ib.	73. Bilonja 160
29. Bakror	74. Tugri
30. Seonagar, Ongári, Dápthu . 10.	75. Bháthinor
31. Bihar	76. Alwara and Darika ib.
32. Soh	77. Párá 162
33. Pawapori	78. Bándá 163
34. Chandiman	79. Telkuppi 169
35. Sháhpur-átmá ið.	80. Pachet 178
36. Barágaon ib.	81. Khelái Chandi 182
37. Siláo 83	82. Chora
38. Baragaon 84	83. Puralya
39. Rájgir, or Rájagriha 85	84. Balrámpur
40. Mokámá 101	85. Burám 184
41. Mári	86. Dulmi (Dalmi) , 186
42. Báwan Gangá 102	87. Ichágarh 188
43. Hasrá 104	88. Sufáran 189
44. Bishanpur-Tandwa 105	89. Deoli
45. Sitámarhi cave 106	90. Suissá 100
46. Bárat 107	91. Dalmi and Barha Barar 191
47. Ghosráwá, Titráwá 108	92. Gandwá 192
48. Párvati	93. Pákbirrá 193
49. Aphsand (Aphsar) 114	94. Dhádki Tanr 195
50. Satgáon and Ektárá 115	95. Tuisámá 196
51. Roh ib.	96. Budhhpar 197
52. Shekhpurá 116	97. Chatna 198
53. Sikandrá and Premáyá . iő.	98. Ekteswar 200
54. Lakhi Sarái . , , 116	99. Sonátapan
55. Balgudar 117	100. Bahulárá 202
56. Jaynagar ib.	tor. Chhiapur 203
57. Nongarh 118	102. Bishanper
58. Indappe 120	103. Húglí 206
59. Naulakhágarh ið.	
	334
Volum	E IX.
Report of Tours in Central Provinces and	E PARTIE - P.
parts of Baghelkhand and Central India	6. Kári Tálai, or Karapur
during 1873-74 and 1874-75, by Major-	a partial part
General Cunningham—	8. Pataini Devi Temple 31
Preface	9. Mahiyar
The state of the s	to. Bilbari
Lái Pahár, or Chhattrí Pahár. Bhárhut	11. Rúpnáth Rock Inscription , 38
	12. Amoda
3. Sankargarh 4	13. Bahuriband 39
4. Uchahara	14. Tigowá 41
TO SEE AND THE OUT PROJECT OF LICENSESSES A	ar Madesti

16. Singorgarh 48 17. Tewar, or Tripura 54 18. Bherá Ghlát 60 18. Khadwá 113 20. Burhánpur 115 21. Asirgarh 118 22. Bhándak 121 VOLUME X. Report of Tours in the Alláhábád District, Bundelkhand, and Málwa or Central India, daring 1874-75 and 1876-77, by Major-General Cunningham— Preface (discussion of Gupta era) 1. Kosam, or Kosámbi 1 1. Bilhá and Deoriyá 5 3. Garhwá 9 4. Kakarári 15 5. Lokhri 15 5. Lokhri 15 6. Khajuráho 16 7. Jatkara 22 22. Madanpur 98 8. Kuailo 27 9. Garh-pahra 28 10. Rahatgarh 30 VOLUME XI. Report of a Tour in the Gangetic Provinces, tris., parts of the North-Western Provinces, Ouch, and Bilshi, during 1875-76 and 1877-78, by Major-General Cunningham— Introduction 1 1. Badaon 7 2. Kampila 11 3. Bilsar, or Bilsanda 13 4. Sankisa 22 5. Pakara-Bihár 31 6. Padham 33 7. Bhitagon 40 8. Paraoli 46 8. Paraoli 46 8. Paraoli 46 9. Rár 192 8. General Cunningham— 15 8. Bodh-Gayá 141 15 15 16 17. Gaurx 70 18. Tandwa 16 19. Srávastin— 100 19. Srávastin— 102 21. Koron-dílh, or Charzandrigarh 126 32. Deogarh 100 22. Madanpur 102 23. Chaunár, or Charzandrigarh 126 34. Sankisa 22 35. Bodhán 13 45. Bolhar, Bilsár 31 6. Padham 33 77. Bhitagon 40 8. Paraoli 46 9. Rár 192 19. Gaurx 102 19. Srávastin— 103 19. Srávastin— 104 19. Srávastin— 105 19. Singrey, or Charzandrigarh 126 19. Sankisa 129 19. Singrey, or Charzandrigarh 126 19. Singrey, or Charzandrigarh 126 19. Sankisa 129 19. Gaurx 102 19. Singrey, or Charzandrigarh 126 19. Sankisa 102 19. Singrey, or Singrey, 102 19. Singrey, or Singrey, 102 19. Singrey, or Madandrigarh 126 19. Sankisa	VOLUME	IX—contd.	
16. Singorgarh	Page .	l sine	
18. Bhers Ghit		and it	
18. Bherá Ghát 19. Khandwá 19. Khandwá 19. Khandwá 113 20. Burhánpur 115 21. Asirgarh 118 22. Bhándak 121 VOLUME X. Report of Tours in the Alláhábád District, Bundalkhand, and Málwa or Central India, dario 1874-75 and 1876-77, by Major-General Cunningham— Preface (discussion of Gepta era) 11. Kosam, or Kosánbi 12. Bìthá and Deoriyá 23. Bithá and Deoriyá 35. Sanchi 36. Udaypur, or Udayapura 36. Udaygri, or Udayapura 36. Udaygri, or Udayapura 36. Udaygri, or Udayapura 37. Pathari 38. Bisro, or Barnagar 39. Sanchi 30. Udaypur, or Udayapura 39. Bisro, or Barnagar 30. Lokhri 30. Dadahi 30. Pachran 30. Dadahi 31. Taladwa 32. Chandyur 33. Deogarh 34. Usaygri, or Udayapura 35. Barna or Brangar 36. Udaypur, or Udayapura 36. Udaypur, or Udayapura 36. Udaygri, or Udayapura 36. Dadapur, or Barnagar 37. Dataragar 39. Dadahi 39. Sankisa 39. Dadahi 39. Sankisa 30. Dadahibar 30. Srávastih 30. Srávastih 30. Sankisa 31. Teládha, or Charanádrigarh 30. Hilbs 31. Teládha, or Telára 32. Chandi-mau, or Kalyápur 33. Tentawa 34. Udaygrir, or Udayapura 36. Udaypur, or Udayapura 36. Udaypur, or Udayapura 36. Landhi 39. Dadahi 39. Sankisa 30. Dadahi 39. Sankisa 30. Dadahisa 30. Sankisa 30. San		COLUMN TO THE PARTY OF THE PART	
13		24 10	
20. Burhängur 115 21. Asirgarh 118 22. Bhándak 121 VOLUME X. Report of Tours in the Allāhābād District, Bundelkhand, and Mālwa or Central Indiā, dnorig 1874-75 and 1876-77, by Major-General Cunningham— Preface (discussion of Gupta era) V—VIII 1. Koyāraspar 31 12. Bhībā 34 13. Bessagar 36 14. Udaygiri, or Udayaguri 46 15. Sānchi 56 11. Kosam, or Kosāmbi 1 V—VIII 11. Koyāraspar 31 12. Bhībā 33 13. Bessagar 36 14. Udaygiri, or Udayaguri 46 15. Sānchi 56 16. Udaypur, or Udayagura 65 17. Pathari 69 18. Bāro, or Barnagar 71 19. Eran, or Frakaina 76 19. Eran, or Frakaina 76 19. Eran, or Frakaina 76 19. Carbahra 96 19. Qarbahra 98 10. Rahatgarh 99 10. Rahatgarh 100 11. Badson 7 12. Kampita 11 13. Bilbar, or Bilsanda 13 14. Udaygiri, or Udayagura 65 12. Pakara 92 13. Bara 10 14. Udaygiri, or Udayagura 65 14. Udaypur, or Udayagura 65 14. Udaypur, or Udayagura 65 15. Sānchi 90 16. Udaypur, or Udayagura 65 16. Udaypur, or Udayagura 65 17. Pathari 90 18. Bāro, or Barnagar 71 19. Eran, or Frakaina 76 22. Madaapur 98 23. Deograrh 90 23. Deograrh 90 23. Deograrh 100 24. Major-General Cunningham— Introduction 90 25. Pakara-Bihār 13 26. Sahastrin 100 27. Koron-dīb, or Kolpur 101 28. Bodh-Clayi 110 29. Pataliputra, or Charanádrigarh 126 29. Rar 156 20. Bodh-Clayi 141 29. Pataliputra, or Patsa 151 20. Hības 163 21. Petan-Bihār 156 21. Udaygiri, or Udayagiri 46 22. Bodh-Clayi 110 23. Chunār, or Charanádrigarh 126 24. Belkhara 128 25. Bhūli and Hetuppar 130 26. Sahastrin 128 27. Umgā, or Mungā 144 29. Pataliputra, or Patsa 151 29. Patan-Bihār 156 20. Dudahi 100 21. Koron-dīb, or Kolpur 101 22. Jannpur 100 23. Chunār, or Charanádrigarh 126 24. Belkhara 128 25. Bhūli and Hetuppar 130 26. Sahastrin 128 27. Umgā, or Mungā 144 28. Bodh-Clayi 144 29. Pātaliputra, or Patsa 151 29. Pātaliputra, or Patsa 151 29. Hārā 165 20. Dudahi 100 20. Dudahi 100 20. Dudahi 100 21. Larana 100 22. Jannpur 100 23. Chunār, or Charanádrigarh 126 24. Belkha		- a effect to	
22. Bhándak 121 VOLUME X. Report of Tours in the Alláhábád District, Bundelkhand, and Málwa or Central India, during 1874-75 and 1876-77, by Major-General Cunningham— Preface (discussion of Gupta era) v—v111 1. Kosam, or Kosámbi v—v11 1. Benagar dős 1. Udaypur, or Udayapura 65 1. Chandpur of Frakaina 76 1. Chandpur of Frakaina 76 1. Eran, or Frakaina 76 20. Dudahi 09 21. Chandpur of Frakaina 76 22. Madaspor of Sa 23. Beogarh 100 Appendia (discussion of Gupta era) 1111—128 VOLUME XI. 11. Gyáraspor 34 12. Bhílás 34 13. Besnagar 36 14. Udaypur, or Udayapura 65 15. Sánchi of Frakaina 76 20. Dudahi 09 21. Chandpur of Frakaina 76 22. Dudahi 09 22. Madaspor of Frakaina 76 23. Deogarh 100 Appendia (discussion of Gupta era) 1111—128 VOLUME XI. VOLUME XI. 12. Gaux 70 13. Badaco 70 14. Sandwa 100 15. Srávasti 100 16. Kosáma 70 18. Tandwa 100 19. Srávasti 100 22. Janupur 100 23. Chunár, or Charanádrigarh 100 24. Belkhara 105 25. Bhúlá nd Hetuspur 100 26. Sahsarám 106 27. Umgá, or Manga 110 28. Bosh-Coayá 141 29. Patalputra, or Patan 151 20. Hilas 106 21. Koron-díh, or Kolpur 101 22. Janupur 102 23. Chunár, or Charanádrigarh 106 24. Belkhara 105 25. Bhúlá 106 26. Sahsarám 106 27. Umgá, or Manga 107 28. Bosh-Coayá 141 29. Patalputra, or Patan 151 20. Patan-Bihár 106 20. Garkpalr, or Jandar 100 20. Barkorám 106 21. Koron-díh, or Kolpur 100 22. Janupur 100 23. Chunár, or Charanádrigarh 106 24. Belkhara 106 25. Bhúlá 106 26. Sahsarám 106 27.			
VOLUME X. Report of Tours in the Allahábád District, Bundelkhand, and Málwa or Central India, during 1874-75 and 1876-77, by Major-General Cunningham—			
VOLUME X. Report of Tours in the Allahabad District, Bundelkhand, and Maiwa or Central India, during 1874-75 and 1876-77, by Major-General Cunningham— Preface (discussion of Gupta era) V—VIII 12. Bhilisa 34 13. Besnagar 36 14. Udayguri, or Udayaguri 46 15. Sinchi 55 16. Udaygur, or Udayagura 65 17. Pathari 69 18. Báro, or Barnagar 71 19. Eran, or Frakana 76 19. Eran, or Frakana 78 19. Eran, or Frakana 78 19. Eran, or Frakana 19. Eran, or Eran,		20. Cronus, or Craguas 130	
11. Gyáraspur 31	22. District		
Bundelkhand, and Máiwa or Central India, during 1874-75 and 1876-77, by Major-General Cunningham— Preface (discussion of Gupta era) V—VIII 15. Sânchi 56 16. Udaypur, or Udayapura 65 17. Pathari 69 18. Báro, or Barnagar 71 19. Eran, or Frakaina 76 19. Eran, or Eran, or Erakaina 76 19. Eran, or Erakaina	Volum	E X.	
Bundelkhand, and Malwa or Central India, ducing 1874-75 and 1876-77, by Major-General Cunningham— Preface (discussion of Gupta era)	Report of Tours in the Allahabad District,	II. Gyáraspur	
India, during 1874-75 and 1876-77, by Major-General Cunningham— Y-VIII	Bundelkhand, and Málwa or Central	Philade .	
Major-General Cunningham— 14. Udaygiri, or Udayagiri 46			
Preface (discussion of Gupta era) V-VIII	Major-General Cunningham-		
16. Udaypur, or Udayapura 65 2. Bithà and Deoriyà 5 17. Pathari 69 3. Garhwá 9 18. Báro, or Barnagar 71 4. Kakarári 15 20. Dudahi 90 6. Khajuráho 16 21. Chandpur 96 7. Jatkara 22 22. Madanpur 98 8. Kuailo 27 23. Deogarh 100 9. Garb-pahra 28 28 29. Madanpur 98 10. Rahatgarh 30 VOLUME XI. Report of a Tour in the Gangetic Provinces, viz., parts of the North-Western Provinces, Oudh, and Bibhar, during 1875-76 and 1877-78, by Major-General Cunningham—Introduction 10 11. Badaon 7 2. Kampila 11 3. Bilsar, or Bilsanda 13 4. Sankisa 22 25. Pakna-Bibár 31 6. Padham 38 7. Bhitargaon 40 8. Paraoli 46 9. Rár 46 9. Rár 46 9. Rár 46 11. Sanchán-kot 53 12. Pátan-Bihár 54 13. Balsara fhát 57 14. Dálmau 63 15. Pátan-Bihár 54 15. Singror, or Sringa-vira-pura 62 16. Tusáram Bihár 63 VOLUME XI. 16. VOLUME XI. 17. Gaura 70 18. Tandwa 160 19. Srávastir 78 20. Pachran 100 21. Koron-díli, or Kolpur 101 22. Jaunpur 102 23. Chunár, or Charanádrigarh 126 24. Belkhara 128 25. Bhujii and Hetunpur 130 26. Sahsarám 135 27. Umgá, or Mungá 140 28. Bodh-Gayá 141 29. Pátan-Bihár 140 21. Chandi-mau, or Kalyánpur 169 23. Chandi-mau, or Kalyánpur 169 24. Patan-Bihár 150 25. Pakna 163 26. Chandi-mau, or Kalyánpur 169 27. Jathara 182 28. Jaunpar 100 29. Madanpur 98 29. Madanpur 98 20. Pachran 100 21. Kampila 100 22. Jaunpar 100 23. Chunár, or Charanádrigarh 126 24. Belkhara 135 25. Bhujii and Hetunpur 130 26. Sahsarám 135 27. Umgá, or Mungá 140 28. Bodh-Gayá 141 29. Pátan-Bihár 150 30. Hilsa 163 31. Teládha, or Telára 164 32. Chandi-mau, or Kalyánpur 169 33. Pawápuri 170 34. Ghosráwá 171 35. Pawápuri 170 35. Pawápuri 170 36. Pachran 180 36. Pachran 180 37. Teládhar 07 38. Chandi-mau, or Kalyánpur 169 38. Bodh-Gayá 141 39. Pátan-Bihár 150 30. Pachran 180 31. Teládhar 07 32. Chandi-mau, or Kalyánpur 169 33. Pawápuri 170 34. Ghosráwá 171 35. Pachran 180 35. Teládhar 07 36. Pachran 180 36. Pachran 180 37. Teládhar 07 38. Teládhar 07 38. Teládhar 07 39. Pawápuri 170 39. Pawápuri 170 30. Pachran 180 30. Teládhar 07 31. Teládhar 07 32. Chandi-mau, or Ka			
2. Bithå and Deoriyå 5 3. Garhwá 9 4. Kakarári 15 5. Lokhri 15 6. Khajuráho 16 7. Jaktara 22 22. Madanpur 96 8. Kuailo 27 9. Garb-pahra 28 10. Rahatgarh 30 VOLUME XI. Report of a Tour in the Gangetic Provinces, tvis., parts of the North-Western Provinces, Oudh, and Bibár, during 1875-76 and 1877-78, by Major-General Cunningham— Introduction 7 2. Kampita 11 3. Bilsar, or Bilsanda 15 4. Sankisa 22 5. Pakna-Bihár 38 6. Pádham 38 7. Bhitargaon 40 8. Paraoli 46 8. Paraoli 46 9. Rár 165 9. Rár 165 10. Newal, or Navadevakula 165 11. Sanchán-kot 53 12. Pátan-Bihár 54 13. Balmar 59 14. Dálmaru 59 15. Singror, or Sringa-vira-pura 62 16. Tusáram Bihár 63 VOLUME XI. 17. Gaura 70 22. Madanpur 98 23. Deogarh 100 24. Appendix (discussion of Gupta era) 111—128 25. Pakna-Bihár 100 26. Sansarán 100 27. Lannpur 100 28. Bahuji and Hetunpur 130 28. Bohl-Gayá 141 28. Bohl-Gayá 141 29. Pátan-Bihár 15 30. Newal, or Navadevakula 16 31. Teládha, or Telára 15 32. Chandi-may, or Kalyánpur 169 33. Pawápuri 170 34. Ghosráwá 171 34. Pakaru 182 35. Bingror, or Sringa-vira-pura 62 36. Tusáram Bihár 163 VOLUME XI. 17. Pathária 20 20. Dudahi 90 22. Madanpur 98 23. Deogarh 100 23. Deogarh 100 24. Appendix (discussion of Gupta era) 111—128 25. Pátanya 160 26. Srávasti 17 27 28. Tandwa 160 29. Srávasti 17 20. Pachran 100 20. Pachran 100 21. Koron-díh, or Kolpur 100 22. Jaunpur 100 23. Chunár, or Charanádrigarh 126 24. Belkharz 128 25. Bhujii and Hetunpur 130 26. Sahsarám 135 27. Umgá, or Mungá 140 28. Bodh-Gayá 141 29. Pátaliputra, or Patea 151 30. Hilsa 164 31. Teládha, or Telára 151 30. Hilsa 164 31. Teládha, or Telára 151 32. Chandi-may, or Kalyánpur 169 33. Pawápuri 170 34. Ghosráwá 171 34. Ghosráwá 171 34. Ghosráwá 171 35. Teltawa 182 36. Dand Bihár 185 36. Dand Bihár 185 37 38. Teladhar 182 38. Teladhar 182 39. Pakapuri 190 30. Pakapuri 190 31. Teládha 11 31. Salasar Chát 57 32. Chandi-may, or Kalyánpur 169 33. Chandiron 190 34. Ghosráwá 171 35. Pawápuri 170 34. Ghosráwá 171 35. Pakapuri 170 34. Ghosráwá 171 35. Salagar Kherá 170 36. Da			
3. Garhwá 4. Kakarári 5. Lokhri 5. Lokhri 6. Khajuráho 6. Khajuráho 7. Jatkara 7. Jatkar			
19. Eran, or Frakaina 76			
5. Lokhri			
6. Khajuráho 16 7. Jatkara 22 8. Kuailo 27 9. Garh-pahra 28 10. Rahatgarh 30 VOLUME XI. Report of a Tour in the Gangetic Provinces, viz., parts of the North-Western Provinces, Oodh, and Bibár, during 1875-76 and 1877-78, by Major-General Cunningham-Introduction 7 1. Badaon 7 2. Kampila 11 3. Bibar, or Bibanda 15 4. Sankisa 22 5. Pakna-Bibár 31 6. Padham 38 7. Bhitargaon 40 8. Paraoli 46 9. Râr 46 9. Râr 46 11. Sanchán-kot 53 10. Newal, or Navadevakula 60 11. Sanchán-kot 53 12. Pátan-Bibár 54 13. Baksar Ghát 57 14. Dálmav 59 12. Pátan-Bibár 57 13. Baksar Ghát 57 14. Dálmav 59 15. Singror, or Sringa-vira-pura 62 16. Tusáram Bibár 63 VOLUME XI. 17. Gaura 70 18. Tandwa 60 19. Srávasti 78 20. Pachran 100 21. Koron-dih, or Kolpur 100 22. Jaunpur 102 23. Chunár, or Charanádrigarh 126 24. Belkhara 128 25. Bhuil and Hetunpur 130 26. Sahsarám 135 27. Umgá, or Mungá 140 28. Bodh-Gayá 141 29. Pátaliputra, or Pataa 151 30. Hilsa 163 31. Teládha, or Telára 164 32. Chandi-mau, or Kalyánpur 169 33. Pawápuri 170 34. Ghosráwá 171 35. Telráwa 185 36. Dand Bibár 185 37. Telráwa 185 36. Dand Bibár 185 38. Parápuri 170 38. Bajera Kherá and Nagaria 187 38. Bajera Kherá 18 38. Bajera Kherá 18 39. Pasbah Jaláli and Nilanti 12		no Policiti	
22		69. 1	
23 Deogarh 100 25 26 27 28 28 29 29 29 29 29 29			
Appendix (discussion of Gupta era) 111-128			
VOLUME XI Report of a Tour in the Gangetic Provinces, vis., parts of the North-Western Provinces, Oudh, and Bibár, during 1875-76 and 1877-78, by Major-General Cunningham—			. ch
VOLUME XI 17. Gaura 70.		Appendix (discussion of Gupta era) . 111-	125
12 13 14 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	10, Kanatgaru 30		
12 13 14 15 15 15 15 15 15 15			
18. Tandwa 15.	Vol	UME XI.	
18. Tandwa 15.	Report of a Tour in the Canartic Provinces	12 Cause	
19. 19.			
1877-78, by Major-General Cunningham— 100 1		7	
Introduction			
1. Badaon 7 22. Jannpur 102 2. Kampila 11 23. Chunár, or Charanádrigarh 126 3. Bisar, or Bilsanda 13 24. Belkhara 128 4. Sankisa 22 25. Bhuili and Hetunpur 130 5. Pakna-Bibár 31 26. Sahsarám 135 6. Pádham 38 27. Umgá, or Mungá 140 7. Bhitargaon 40 28. Bodh-Gayá 141 8. Paraoli 46 29. Pátaliputra, or Patua 151 9. Rár 46 29. Pátaliputra, or Patua 151 10. Newal, or Navadevakula 46 31. Teládha, or Telára 164 11. Sanchán-kot 53 32. Chandi-mau, or Kalyánpur 169 12. Pátan-Bihár 54 33. Pawápuri 170 13. Baksar Ghát 57 34. Ghosráwá 171 14. Dálmau 59 35. Telráwa 182 15. Singror, or Sringa-vira-pura 62 36. Dand Bihár 185 16. Tusáram Bihár 63 Tusán 2 VOLUME XII. Report of Tours in the Central Doáb			
2. Kampila 3. Bilsar, or Bilsanda 4. Sankisa 2. 22 5. Pakna-Bibár 3. 31 6. Pádham 3. 38 7. Bhitargaon 40 8. Paraoli 9. Rár 10. Newal, or Navadevakula 11. Sanchán-kot 12. Sankisa 12. Umgá, or Mungá 140 28. Bodh-Gayá 141 29. Pátaliputra, or Patna 151 30. Hilsa 10. Newal, or Navadevakula 10. 31. Teládha, or Telára 11. Sanchán-kot 12. Pátan-Bihár 13. Pawápuri 13. Baksar Ghát 15. Sanchán-kot 15. Singror, or Sringa-vira-pura 15. Singror, or Sringa-vira-pura 15. Singror, or Sringa-vira-pura 16. Tusáram Bihár 16. Tusáram Bihár 17. Sanchán-kot 1855-76, by Mr. A. C. L. Carlleyle— Introduction (by Major-General Cunningham) 111—v 23. Chunár, or Charanádrigarh 128 24. Belkhara 128 25. Bhuili and Hetunpur 130 26. Sahsarám 135 27. Umgá, or Mungá 140 28. Bodh-Gayá 141 29. Pátaliputra, or Patna 151 30. Hilsa 31. Teládha, or Telára 164 32. Chandi-mau, or Kalyánpur 169 33. Pawápuri 170 34. Ghosráwá 171 35. Tetráwa 182 36. Dand Bihár 185 VOLUME XII. Report of Tours in the Central Doáb and Gorakhpur, scil. in parts of the North Western Provinces, during 1874-75 and 1875-76, by Mr. A. C. L. Carlleyle— Introduction (by Major-General Cunningham) 111—v 23. Chunár, or Charanádrigarh 128 24. Belkhara 128 25. Bhuili and Hetunpur 130 28. Bodh-Gayá 141 29. Pátaliputra, or Patna 151 30. Hilsa 163 31. Teládha, or Telára 164 32. Chandi-mau, or Kalyánpur 169 33. Pawápuri 170 35. Tetráwa 182 36. Dand Bihár 171 35. Tetráwa 182 36. Dand Bihár 175 36. Dand Bihár 175 36. Dand Bihár 176 37 38 38 39 30 30 30 30 30 31 31 31 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 33 34 34 34 35 34 34 34 35 34 34 35 34 34 35 34 36 36 31 31 31 32 34 34 34 35 34 34 34 35 34 34 35 34 34 35 34 34 35 34 34 35 34 35 34 34 35 34 35 36 36 37 38 36 36 37 38 36 36 37 38 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30	B 4		
3. Bilsar, or Bilsanda 13 4. Sankisa 22 5. Pakŋa-Bihár 31 6. Pakŋa-Bihár 31 7. Bhitargaon 40 8. Paraoli 46 9. Rár 16 10. Newal, or Navadevakula 16 11. Sanchán-kot 53 12. Pátan-Bihár 54 13. Baksar Ghát 57 14. Dálmau 59 15. Singror, or Sringa-vira-pura 62 16. Tusáram Bihár 63 VOLUME XII. Report of Tours in the Central Doáb and Gocakhpur, scil. in parts of the North Western Provinces, during 1874-75 and 1875-76, by Mr. A. C. L. Carlleyle— Introduction (by Major-General Cunningham) 111—v Quábah Jaláli and Nilanti 12			
4. Sankisa 22 25. Bhuili and Hetunpur 130 5. Pakna-Bihár 31 26. Sahsarám 135 6. Pádham 38 27. Umgá, or Mungá 140 7. Bhitargaon 40 28. Bodh-Gayá 141 8. Paraoli 46 29. Pátalpur, or Patna 151 9. Rár	P. 1	a. D.H.L.	
S. Pakna-Bihár 31 26. Sahsarám 135 6. Pádham 38 27. Umgá, or Mungá 140 7. Bhitargaon 40 28. Bodh-Gayá 141 8. Paraoli 46 29. Pátaliputra, or Patna 151 9. Rár 165. 30. Hilsa 163 10. Newal, or Navadevakula 165. 31. Teládha, or Telára 164 11. Sanchán-kot 53 32. Chandi-mau, or Kalyánpur 169 12. Pátan-Bihár 54 33. Pawápuri 170 13. Baksar Ghát 57 34. Ghosráwá 171 14. Dálmau 59 35. Telráwa 182 15. Singror, or Sringa-vira-pura 62 36. Dand Bihár 185 16. Tusáram Bihár 63 VOLUME XII. Report of Tours in the Central Doáb and Gocakhpur, scil. in parts of the North Western Provinces, during 1874-75 and 1875-76, by Mr. A. C. L. Carlleyle— Introduction (by Major-General Cunningham) 111—v Qasbah Jaláli and Nilanti 12	6 11		
6. Pádham		2 4 4	
7. Bhitargaon 40 8. Paraoli 46 9. Rår 16 9. Rår 20 10. Newal, or Navadevakula 16 11. Sanchån-kot 53 12. Påtan-Bihår 54 13. Baksar Ghåt 57 14. Dålmau 59 15. Singror, or Sringa-vira-pura 62 16. Tusåram Bihår 63 VOLUME XII. Report of Tours in the Central Doáb and Gorakhpur, scil. in parts of the North Western Provinces, during 1874-75 and 1875-76, by Mr. A. C. L. Carlleyle— Introduction (by Major-General Cunningham) 111—v Qasbah Jalåli and Nilanti 12			
8. Paraoli			
9. Rår			
10. Newal, or Navadevakula ib. 31. Teládha, or Telára 164 11. Sanchán-kot 53 12. Pátan-Bihár 54 13. Baksar Ghát 57 14. Dálmau 59 15. Singror, or Sringa-vira-pura 62 16. Tusáram Bihár 63 VOLUME XII. Report of Tours in the Central Doáb and Gocakhpur, scil. in parts of the North Western Provinces, during 1874-75 and 1875-76, by Mr. A. C. L. Carlleyle— Introduction (by Major-General Cunningham) 111—v Qasbah Jaláli and Nilanti 12			
11. Sanchán-kot 53 32. Chandi-mau, or Kalyánpur 169 12. Pátan-Bihár 54 13. Baksar Ghát 57 34. Ghosráwá 171 14. Dálmau 59 35. Tetráwa 182 15. Singror, or Sringa-vira-pura 62 36. Dand Bihár 185 185			
12. Pátan-Bihár	e in the		
13. Baksar Ghát	Discount of the second		
t4. Dálmau 59 15. Singror, or Sringa-vira-pura 62 16. Tusáram Bihár 63 VOLUME XII. Report of Tours in the Central Doáb and Gocakhpur, scil. in parts of the North Western Provinces, during 1874-75 and 1875-76, by Mr. A. C. L. Carlleyle— Introduction (by Major-General Cunningham) 111—v Qasbah Jaláli and Nilanti 12	P. 1		
VOLUME XII. Report of Tours in the Central Doáb and Gorakhpur, scil. in parts of the North Western Provinces, during 1874-75 and 1875-76, by Mr. A. C. L. Carlleyle—Introduction (by Major-General Cunningham) III—V John Dand Bihár . 185 VOLUME XII. Tuksán . 2 Gohána Kherá . 3 Bajera Kherá . 3 Bajera Kherá . 7 Sahegarh Kherá and Nagaria Kherá . 9 Qasbah Jaláli and Nilanti . 12	47		
VOLUME XII. Report of Tours in the Central Doáb and Gorakhpur, scil. in parts of the North Western Provinces, during 1874-75 and 1875-76, by Mr. A. C. L. Carlleyle— Introduction (by Major-General Cunningham) III—v VOLUME XII. Tuksán Gobána Kherá Bajera Kherá Sahegarh Kherá and Nagaria Kherá Qasbah Jaláli and Nilanti 12			
VOLUME XII. Report of Tours in the Central Doáb and Gorakhpur, scil. in parts of the North Western Provinces, during 1874-75 and 1875-76, by Mr. A. C. L. Carlleyle— Introduction (by Major-General Cunningham) III—v Qasbah Jaláli and Nilanti 12	15. Singror, or Sringa-vira-pura . 62	36. Dand Bihár 185	
Report of Tours in the Central Doáb and Gorakhpur, scil. in parts of the North Western Provinces, during 1874-75 and 1875-76, by Mr. A. C. L. Carlleyle— Introduction (by Major-General Cunningham) Sahegarh Kherá and Nagaria Kherá Qasbah Jaláli and Nilanti 12	16. Tusáram Bihár 63		
Report of Tours in the Central Doáb and Gorakhpur, scil. in parts of the North Western Provinces, during 1874-75 and 1875-76, by Mr. A. C. L. Carlleyle— Introduction (by Major-General Cunningham) Sahegarh Kherá and Nagaria Kherá Qasbah Jaláli and Nilanti 12	Volu	ME XII	
Gocakhpur, scil. in parts of the North Western Provinces, during 1874-75 and 1875-76, by Mr. A. C. L. Carlleyle— Introduction (by Major-General Cunningham) Sahegarh Kherá and Nagaria Kherá Qasbah Jaláli and Nilanti		man and a second	
Western Provinces, during 1874-75 and 1875-76, by Mr. A. C. L. Carlleyle— Introduction (by Major-General Cunningham) Sahegarh Kherá and Nagaria Kherá Qasbah Jaláli and Nilanti 12			
1875-76, by Mr. A. C. L. Carlleyle— Sahegarh Kherá and Nagaria Introduction (by Major-General Cunningham) Sahegarh Kherá and Nagaria Kherá Qasbah Jaláli and Nilanti 12			
1875-76, by Mr. A. C. L. Carlleyle— Introduction (by Major-General Cunningham) Sahegarh Khera and Nagaria Khera Qasbah Jalali and Nilanti 12			
Introduction (by Major-General Cun- ningham) Qasbah Jalali and Nilanti 12			
ningham)		EP Land	
I Aldrew as I aldres		Ch. 4 . 4 . 4 . 4 . 4 . 4 . 4 . 4 . 4 . 4	
	Lakhanu or Lakhno 1	Pr. L	

GENERAL TABLE OF CONTENTS.

VOLUME XII-contd.

	PAGE 1						
Sambhal , , , ,	24	· Bhuila Dib.					PAGE
Ahár	- 4	Identification		A.		-	142
Indor, or Indrapura	35					m	157
Kundanpura mound .	67	Site of massa				4	172
Sculptures from well in	~/	Site where sha					175
Temple	72	Birth-place of					0.00
44.7		Khemrájpur,				*	182
Ahirpura mound . Vaidyapura mound .	79 80	Birth-place of				4	184
		Sara-Kupa, or					187
Bhuilá and Kapilavástu		River of Oil, a	nd Lui	mbini	Garde	n	189
Nagar Khás	83	Koli, or Vyág	brapus	a.			211
	108	Rámagrama					215
Bhuilá	112	Maneya		*	+		223
	VOLUM	E XIII.					
Book of Town in the Court Park							
Report of Tours in the South-Easter		27. Vaitarani T				F	78
Provinces (scil. parts of Rewa or Baj		28. Deogaðn		N.		16.	78
helkhand, Central Provinces, Oriss		29. Khandagiri		+	+		79
and Tributary Native States) during		30. Udayagiri					91
1874-75 and 1875-76, by Mr. J. D. Be	g-	31. Dhauli					ne
lar—		32. Rudrapur, S	Satyab	adi			98
Introduction (by Major-General Cun-		33. Khmeeta.					99
ningham)	111	34. Kantilla 35. Tárádevi, 5			4	+	100
1. Akha	1	35. Tárádetí, S	ebaks	aí			ib.
2. Mádhogarh, Rámpur, Baijnáth	ib.	36. Maglajuri,	Chand	eswar			ib.
3. Umri, Karwahi, Amarpatan .	2	37. Sunakhalla					102
4. Mahori, Karia Patan	ib.	38. Bhánpur					ib.
5. Tálá, Sukulgaon, Makundpur	3	30. Gumsar.		*			111
6. Makundpur and	5	39. Gumsar. 40. Nyagarh, J.	normal a		*		
7. Bágar	ib.	41. Raolapálle	regaria				112
		on Asles		*			110
S. Durgipur	ib.	42. Aska			r 1		10.
9. Chandrehe	6	[43. Malti .	*				117
10. Gobri and Karundi , .	13	J44. Bod .	4				118
11. Dhamarsen	14	45. Chandrapur					119
12. Majholi	15	46. Sonpur, Hot	Sprin	gs			120
13. Bardhi	iò.	47. Bamni, Raja	padar				120
14. Saipur, Agori Khas	16	48. Patna .	+	rie .			125
15. Kakarsiha	19	49. Ránipur Jun	ál				128
16. Márá 17. Rámgarh Hill 18. Chhita Likhni 19, Benusagar 20, Kesnagarh 21. Lálgarh, Bhimchula	20	50. Sinni .					137
17. Ramgach Hill	31	51. Ghoral ,					138
18. Chhita Likhni	SS	52. Udaypur					ib.
19, Benusagar	69	en Posta					16.
20. Kesnagarh	71	54. Phuljor 55. Saranghar 56. Pujári Páli					143
21. Lálgarh, Bhimchula	22	St. Saranahar					
22. Gulka	ib.	z/i. Puiári Páli					16.
23. Párasnáth, Bishangarh		56. Pujári Páli 57. Arbhar					144
	73	57. Arount					145
24. Dumduma, Kichang	74	58. Chanderpur.					10.
	77	59. Turturia	* .			- 0	146
26. Rájnagar, Juangs	77	60. Kosgain	*			- 3	153
	VOLUME	XIV.					
Report of Tour in the Punjab during 1878-		4. Chása-dheri,	or Par	a k fa			
79, by Major-General Cunningham-		e Missender,	or Fat	enjan	g .		24
	200	5. Mári and Ká	ranagh	50			25
reface	ш-у	6. Káfir-kot of	au Ka	jā .			26
1. Mánikyála	1	7. Ram-kund			4		28
2. Ráma-ká-dheri	7	8. Rokri .	4. 1				29
3. Sháh-dheri, or Taxila	8	9. Ván-Bachrán					32

VOLUME XIV-contd.

also also	·
10. Amb	PAGE .
and a man and	24. Sunet, or Sunit 65
A Maria Company of the Company of th	25. Janer 67
and the second s	26. Panchapura, or Pinjor 70
	27. Sádhora
	26. Kapal-mochan 75
15. Siálkot	29. Topra . ,
16. Parsarur 46	30. Sirsawa 79
17. Nara-sinha, or Ran-si 47	31. Kuruleshetra 86
18. The Bagh-bachchhá mounds . 48	32. Rájapori, or Rajaori 106
19. Chine, or Chinapate 53	33. Champa, or Barmawar 100
20. Sultanpur, or Tamasa Vana . 55	34. Audumbara, or Nurpur 115
21. Dullá	35. Mandi 119
22. Nakodar	36. The Kunindas 125
23. Núrmahal	37. Autonomous coins of N. India 135
	37
17-3	- 3777
VOLUM	IE XV.
Report of Tour in Bihar and Northern-	18. The city of Gaur 57
Bengal during 1879-So, by Major-Gene-	73
ral Cunningham-	- MOLLA
Preface	and Manager Phone A. C.
I. Patea	an Phosphale
2. Kurkibar 4	The state of the s
3. Párbati , , , 6	Dr. dail
	24. Khetiál 100
	25. Bhása Bihár 102
5. Shahpur	26. Mahásthán 104
6. Shekhpura 12	27. Pahárpur
7. Rajjana	28. Jogi-gupha 120
8. Mongir 15	29. Amári, or Amai 123
g. Bhimband	30. Ghátnagar 122
to. Singi-Rikhi 19	31. Debar Dighi iò.
11. Jáhngira 20	32. Panduá
12. Bhágalpur 31	33. Dhákká 127
13. Kahalgaon 34	34. Bikrampur 131
14. Patharghatta 36	35. Sunárgaoo, or Suvarna-grama 135
15. Kánkjol 37	36. Notes on the History of Bengal 145
16. Gaur	AppendixThe bot springs
17. The citadel of Gaur 50	of Tuttila Pance 179-182
17. 110 Create of Ordi	
Volum	ME XVI.
Descript of Town in North at Co. of 1934	1 11. Harwá-Barwá
Reports of Tours in North and South Bibar	Pr. 1 414
during 1880-81, by Major-General Cun-	12. Deokalli 29
ningham (pages 1-81, with preface,	13. Subhegarh 30
pages III-IX), and by Mr. H. B. W.	14. Andhára
Garrick (pages 83-140)-	15. Sítá-Marhì 34
General Cunningham's Tour-	16. Katrá 35
Preface	17. Káko, or Husenpur Káko . 36
1. Tírhút, or Tírabhukti 1	18. Dharawat
2. Hájípur 5	19. Kauwá-dol 46
3. Besárh, or Vaisáli 6	20. Pret-silá 50
4. Bakhrá	21. Páli 51
5. Kesariya	27 1 22 1
6. Ságar-díh 19	
7. Sitá-kúnd	
- P - 17	24. Karath 61
	25. Mahadeopur 62
	26. Deo-Barnárak, 64
to. Kasturia	

VOLUME XVI-contd.

PAGE		
	PAG	GIL.
84	15. Rámnagar	17
39	16. Bagubaghát	18
91	6.1	88
92	-0 AF 12 NF 1	20
93	To be to the state of the state	25
94		27
97	as William	22
99	a. Dt./1-	
	and APR of Associate	30
100		31
	as Cari	32
-	of Buddle Cont	33
	20. Buddha-Gaya , , , ,	33
	27. Kontak (in Panjab) :	36
Vo	UND VIII	
VOI	.UME AVII.	
rinces	r6. Rámnagar	46
urt of	54. 55.	54
1884-	0.4.1	55
	0 110 0	50
		-
	Photo Control of the	
4000	20 t - 10 t	
		54
-		
20		
22		5
23		56
31	30. Hanswa, or Hasapura 9	8
33	31. Asni, or Aswini-Kumára o	10
34	32. Makanpur 10	12
15.		
	3.34 /44094/40100 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	77
42	33. Mathura 34. The Sauras, or Savara Aborigines 11	
	93 94 97 99 99 100 103 104 109 110 VOI vinces int of 1884- 111- 16. 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3	93 94 95 96 97 20. Khukhundo, or Khukuno 21. Kahaon 22. Bhágalpur 23. Khairágarh 24. Amarpur 25. Gayá 26. Buddha-Gayá 27. Rohtak (in Panjáb) 28. Rámnagar 29. Rohtak (in Panjáb) 29. Ramar (in Panjáb) 20. Sambalpur Fort 21. Pátna 22. Kusaleswara 23. Ráni Jhoria 24. Titirlagarh 25. Pujáripali in Sárangarh 26. Mahá-Kosala, or Chhattisgarh 27. Karrá 28. Aphui 29. Hathgaon, or Hastigráma 31. Asni, or Aswini-Kumára

3. Maneya, and the Anoma River to

4. Ruins at Maneya . . . 22

5. The three stopas . 2. Cut hair .

tura

(1. Chandaka's Re-)

3. Changed Garments .

15. Other ancient sites

12. Colossal Nirvána Statue

13. Páwá, or Chetiyaon and Fájila

14. Ruins at Fájila or Fazilnagar

101

111

114

VOLUME XIX.

PAGE					
					PAGE
Report of a Tour through Bihár, Central 17. Bhawani			*	+	65
India (scil. Bagheklhand or Rewá in this 18. Jhirná.			+	*	68
case); Peshawar and Yusufzai (scil. parts 19. Kakariri			*	+	71
of the Panjab), during 1881-82, by Mr. H. 20. Bhirpur (*		73
B. W. Garrick— 21, Rupaoli 7	Fola	16		*	79
Preface (by Major-General Cunningham) III & IV 22. Rewa .				14	ib.
1. Deo Márkandih 2 23. Nipánia			4		84
2. Mahádeopur 14 24. Gürgi-Ma	usán				85
3. Deo Barunárak 17 25. Chandara					90
4. Garhani 21 26. Explorati					91
5. Bhojpur , , 23 27. Chársada					96
6. Dildárnagar , , , , 23 28. Shahr-i-N					107
7. Darauli , , , 25 29. Jamálgar	4				110
8. Rämgarh					
The state of the s					111
				H	116
The state of the s			+		119
11. Barmáyan 49 33. Garhi Un	narzai		*		124
12. Dumraon 59 34. Kotki, or	Uria		+		126
13. Benares 60 35. Ránigat			+		128
14. Bihtá	ir Jahái	ngira	+		131
15. Seorajpur-Badgarh 62 37. Takkai B	ála .			+	133
16. Ghuman, Koh-Chaukhandi . 63 38. Ruhmia,	or Háji	Sháh			137
VOLUME XX.					
Desired to the second to the s					
Report of a Tour in Gwáliár, Eastern Ráj- 27. Pároli	*	9-1			105
putana, and parts of the North-Western 28. Paravali	100	4		+	107
Provinces and Panjáb during 1882-83, by 29. Kutwál				*	112
Major-General Cunningham— 30. Dholpur	-				ið.
Preface					
Eastern Rajputána Alwar-					
2. The Yaduvansis 5 31. Tejára .	*			1.00	114
3. The Nikumbhas 8 32. Sarhata	4		6		118
4. The Khanzadas 10 33. Bahadurp	or .			4	119
5. The Mevs, or Meos 22 34. Alwar .		*			120
Mathurá-				*	121
6. Mathura 30 36. Talao .				4	122
7. Parkham 39 37. Páránaga					124
8. Mahwan , , , 41 C					
o. Mahihan					
to Lohban 36 30. Firozpar J	BILKT	-			127
11. Páli Kherá			*		129
te Morá 40. Indor .					133
13. Anyor			4		135
14. Kota					ib.
15. Chaumukha	P				137
44. Gurgaon		2			138
100 Pa-111					
Dharacpur—	at Mai	henn 12			139
1S. Bayána, or Payámpuri 60 46. Mahipálpi				1	142
19. Sikandra					146
20. Vijaymandirgarh 81 48. Tomb of i					1.47
21. Tahangarh 88 49. Chor Mini	ar .	*	1.6		149
22. Dhandora 92 50. Tomb of B					151
23. Khánwa 93 51. Shábpur-	Small ?	Masjie	i		153
24. Ruphas 98 52. Kotila, T					46.
			4	- 1	PP's
24. Ruphás					
24. Ruphás 98 sz. Kotila, T Gwáliár— Sayyid	Jámi à	fasjid			155

VOLUME XXI.

PART I (PAGES 1-137).

	2202			
Report of a Tour in Allahábád d			25. Map of NW. India by	AQE
Bundelkhand, Rewa, and parts of			Dislam-	
Panjah, during 1883-84, by Majo			Ptolemy	90
eral Conningham-			26. Nachna, or Kuthara	95
Preface		ш-уг	27. Jasso	99
r. Kosam, or Kausambi		111-11	35. Chaota Deori	100
2. Rithora	4		29. Marbià.	10.
3. Bar-Dewal	4		jo. Bargaon	72
4. Rikhian caves	7		31. Simrå	25
e. Chills	8		32. Besáni	10.
6. Chitr-kuta	10		es. Diduces	
7. Gupta Godávari	13		34. Piáwan 35. Álhá Ghát 36. Kevati-kund	112
8. Gonda, or Gora	13		at Kevati kund	114
g. Rásin, or Rájavásini	15		an Cinit Hill	1.5
10. Márphá	18			
11, Bilhariya	10		38. Katká Obelisk	20
12. Kálanjar Fort	20		39. Haliyá	21
13. Kálanjar Inscriptions	33		40. Dibhor	24
14. Ajaygarh Fort	45		40 Turn	25
15. Ajaygarhluscriptions	48		42. Tura	20
16. Bachon, or Bachaund	54		43. Read and Dhantal	10.
17. Khajuráha	55		43. Ahugi 44. Bardi and Bhopári 45. Durgá-kho	25
18. Khajuréha Inscriptions	63		46 Rhuili	25
19. Maniyagarh	69		46. Bhuili	30
20. Mahoba Inscriptions	70		49 Kilpi on the Lunes	30
	74	100	47. Scopur, near Mirzápur	31
22. Gobari	76		ro Chini	
22. Gobari	76		50. Chini	34
	77		St. Chanton	100
ad and distinct stag dott				
1	PART	II (PAGE	ts 141—179).*	
				ar.
Report of a Tour in Rewal, Bundel-			ter teams to a contract to	60
khand, Málwa, and Gwáliár, during			THE STREET	10.
1884-85, by Major-General Cun-			aga manguna a	ib.
ningham—			- dr. and dr.	66
1. Kevati-kund, or Keonti	141		i a man i	67
2. Rewá, or Baghelkhand	143			68
3. Gergi-Masaun	149		4 6 .	69
4. Baijnáth.	154			70
5. Raypur-Kothi	156		4 40	71
6. Kiyan, or Kan River	156			75
7. Paraini	158	1		76
8. Suror	iò.			ib.
8. Suror	io.			io.
10, Simra	ib.	-1	24. Rájapur t	78
	V	OLUME	E XXII.	
		1	C C	
Report of Tours, during 1877-80, in			General Summary—	
Gorakhpur and neighbouring dis-				2
tricts of North-Western Provinces,			z. Maneya	ib
and in Saran and Champaran dis-			3. Anoma	3
tricts of Bengal, by Mr. A. C. L.			4. Three stupes	5
Carlleyle-				7
Preface (by Major-General Cun-		111-171		9
ningham)		III-IV	7. The Bar Tree Forests and Mithabel	
		1	***************************************	13

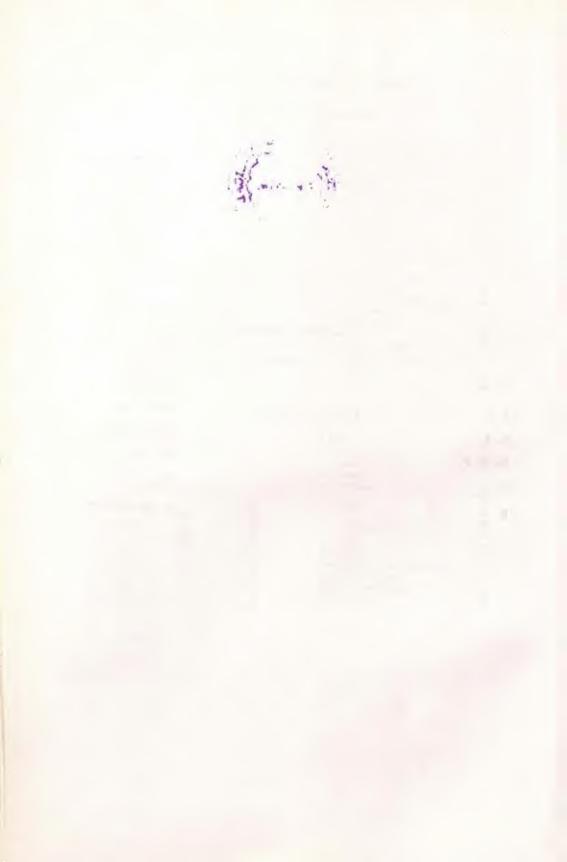
[·] Several of the places described in Part I are again described in Part II.)

VOLUME XXII-contd.

1 OLOM	L ILILII COMME.	
PAGE		FAGE
S. Bhopa	23. The Dharmaranya (and	
9. Kusinagara	Dhamaoli) at Baliya (Ballia).	St
to. Pawá	23. Other ancient sites on the	
11. Lauriya Navandgarh 35	Ganges between Baliya and	
	Ghàzipur	86
Report for 1877-78-	24. Capital of the kingdom of	
12. Mounds, near Lauriya 35	"Chen-chu," or "Lord of	
13. Mounds, near Harhi 47	Battles **	38
14. Jánki kot, or Jánki Garh . 49	Report for 1879-80-	
15. New Edict Pillar of Asoka . 51 Report for 1878-70-	25. Gházipur	
	26. Old sites to the west of Ghazi-	94
16. Concluding notice of the	Fig. F	
Gorakhpur district	37. Masaon Dih, Johargani and	95
trict	Krelulendrapura	95
18. Cheran, Saran district	28. Chandraoti, or Chandravati .	To4
19. Na-lo-yen, or Narayana	to Children to the	105
(Narainpur)	es Made Pos	íò
20. The Asylum stupe, conversion	we Defect to Annual	106
of man-cating demons -6	32. Bairant or Vairanta	107
21. The Drong stapa or Kumbhan	33. Hingtar, or Hengutar, and	
stápu	Dhánapur	171
Vol	LUME XXIII.	
Report of a Tour in the Panjab and	13. Ajmer	
Rajputana, during 1883-84, by Mr. H. B. W. Garrick-	14. Nagaur or Nagapuri	34
1. Pirkhánah	15. Gavan	48
2. Bakhtu	16. Mandor	72
	17. Jodhpur	73
3. Bhatinda, Tiranda, or Govind-	18. Páli	85
garh	19. Nadola	10
	an Transfer of	91
6. Hánsi, Asá, or Amba	and the state of t	96
7. Tusham	22. Chitor	99
8. Loháru	24 Nimtor	101
g. Nárnagi 25	23. Nimtor	124
10. Bairát	 Jhalrápátan, or Chandrávati Mokanddwára 	125
Li. Ambie	of Khailes Dit	131
19 1-11	20. Khattar-Bhimgaj	
12. Jaypur	27. Bhimgaj	137

ABBREVIATIONS.

A. H.			+		+					-	Anno Hijræ.
C. I.	4		+				4	-			Central India.
C. P.		÷				200			3	Ŧ	Central Provinces.
NW. P.		*		+		,	10-				North-Western Provinces.
R.		,	+	+		F			*	-	River.
s.					4		+				Samvat (samvatsara).





85097

GENERAL INDEX.

	Vot.	PAGE.	F	PLATE.	Ė
A					
Abár Scythians—					
Supposed wide diffusion of—	• II	29, 32		*	
Identified with Su Horde of Chinese authors .	. 10	48			
Abdagases, King-					
Nephew of Gondophares, and reigned in Panjáb		60			
Abhisára—					
A district in Panjáb, occupied by Gákar tribe .	. 22	23, 29	٠		10
Abisares, King-					
Reigned in N. Panjáb in time of Alexander .		23, 28			10
Abriyan on Jhelam R—					
The ancient capital of the Gákars		29, 31			-3
Perhaps = Euthymedia or Sagala of Ptolemy .	20	153, 173	1.0		*
Abú Bakr Kandahári—					
Tomb of, at Bayana	. XX	60, 77			
Abú Rihán—					
Discussion of account of Gupta era by	. IX	20			-
Accadian race—					
Probably represented in India by the Brahuis and	1				
Dravidians	. 10	160			
Adisadra of Ptolemy—					
= Ahichhatra in Barelí District, NW. P.	. 1	255			*
Adisathra town, of Ptolemy—					
Probably = Bidisá or Besnagar, in Bhopál State, Cen					
tral India	XXI	93			

					Vot.,	Page.	F	P ₄ k† I	
Adisathri, country of—									
Identified with kingdom of Chedi					IX	56			
, Mahá Kosala or Ci	hauris	garh	-		XVII	69, 71			
18 12	211111	Par III			XXI	93		4	
Aditya Sena Deva, King of Magadha-						, , ,			
Flourished in 7th century, A.D.	+	,			XV	163			
Inscriptions of, at Mandár and Sh.	áhpur		+	+	**	12, 164	N.I.		
					XVI	60, 79			
Mentioned in inscription from Nep	ál		r		33	So		i	
Ydi Varáha coins—									
See Varáha coins.									
Adraistæ of Arrian-									
Perhaps = Yaudheya tribe .			÷		XIV	142			
Afghán architecture—									
Described					111	9			
Afrásiyáb of Turán—									
Gákar traditions of-					11	70.01			
					11	29. 31			
Agara of Ptolemy—									
Perhaps = Ságar in C. P.			+	-3	XXI	93	4		
Agathocies, Bactrian King-									
Coins of, copied from Indian types					XIV	19	N		
Agnimitra Sunga, King of Magadha-						.9			
A Brahmanist, not Buddhist									
Confounded by Stevenson and 7	Parakasa	2.00			1	Intr. XXXI			
Buddhist Chief of Maháráshtra	aylor	with	a p	etty					
Fought the Yavanas on the Indus					9.8	te XXXII			
Coin of, found at Bhuila Dih .				*	11	41		*	
		*			XII	165			
Agra, in Agra District, NW. P									
Old bed of Jumna near					IV	-			
First occupied by the Lodi Dynast	y as a	canit	al .	,		98	2	9	
Daradari of Sikandar Lodi at-					ko.	11	+	12	
Fort at, built by Sikandar Lodi, al by Akbar	tered	and :	added	to	n	99		+	
Site of Bábar's garden palace at-			4			XIV		4	
Humáyún's mosque at→ .		*			80	100, 105			
Site of old city, east of-					6	100	X11.		
Great well near Dargah of Kamal	Kha-	mi.		-4	19	103		+	
	Particular.				23	111			
1 0 0	+	*			**	112			

					Vot.	Page,	P	LATE.	
Agra, in Agra District, NW. P-contd.				1			-		_
Inscription of Akbar on Delhi gate of		1 01-			1V	113			
City walls of—	31 1.01	r ar-		*	**	116, 104		0	1
			1			110, 194	XII.		-
Remains of palaces of Birbal near-			4		217	120	7111.		
Inscribed boundary stone near—		*			88	121			,
Remains of Mausoleum of Jodh Báí i			+	*	91		,		
Ládli Bágh and Mausoleum of Ládli			The same	*	39	30		*	3
Salimgarh in Fort at—					21	122			,
Palace at, ascribed to Jahángír, but	man Illan	the	-	- 2	80	124	,		,
	reamy	Inc	WOLK	10.		*** ***	*****		
Ibráhím Lodí, described	Acres 1		*		29	XII, 124	XIII		
Inscriptions on Jahángir's black mar	rbie tr	iron	at-		78	132		.6	
Jahángír's bath at—	*	*			39-	135			
Mausoleum of Itimád-ud-Doula at-		+	*		21	137	1	1	
Palace of Sháhjabán at—		*	*		9.9	142		+	
Diwán-ám and Nágina mosque at-	N-	+	4	- 1	33	144		*	
Moti mosque at-			4	4	23	145	XV,		
Inscription on Moti mosque at-	*	19		+	10	154			,
					21	156	XIV		
	+	+			111	157	22		
Date and cost of Tajmahal at-				-	n	159		4	
Newal Ganj at			16			161			
Chíní-ká-Roza Mausoleum at-			4			163	XVI		
Jámi mosque at—					10	170		+	
Kalán or Great mosque at	×				**	93	XVI	L	
Mosque of Sháh Wiláyat at					39	174		4	
Mukhannisán, or Eunuchs' mosque,	31-			4	99	178	4	-	
Mahtáb Khán-ká-Bágh at-	*			4	28	180			
Red stone horse near					99	183		*	
Guru-ká-tál near			+	1	10	184			
Minor buildings near					10	186			
Mausoleum of Fíroz Khán near-						188			
Sundry tombs near					10 E	192			
Mubárak Manzil at-	+					195			
Tomb of Shaháb-ul-Alláh at					11	196			
	4			- 51	Kp.	197			
A A DESTRUCTION				-	8.9	100		-	
Remains of sundry palaces near-					2.5	200	1		
Chhatri of Jeswant Singh at				-	NP.	202	150		
Burhiyá-Tál near—	*			-1	P	207		3	
Burniya-1 an near					14	201			
Agra District, NW. P									
Sundry ancient sites in	+		+	+	71	210-215		+	
Ahar, in Bulandshahr District, NW. P	_			1			1		
Anciently named Kundilpur .					XII	27			
Inscription of Mahipála Deva at-			-	1		36		-	
Plan of temple at—					-17		v.		
tent or tempte of			,		TT				

		Vos.	PAGE.	PLATE,
Ahichhatra or Rámnagar, in Barelí District, NW. P.				
The capital of Northern Panchála = Adisad	ra of			
		1	235	
Description of ruins at—	a.	я	256	XLIII, XLI
Inscriptions in Gupta characters at-	*		263	XLIV.
Ahír caste				
Certainly not of Indo-Scythian origin; is absent	from	100		
Panjáb		п	81	
Ahirwara Province—				
Extent of -				
		39	300	
Ahmad Nialtigin-				
Attacked Benares in A.D. 1033		VIII	116	
Abnor in Minutes Division				
Ahugi, in Mirzápur District, NW. P.— Ruined mediæval temples at—				
realised medizeval temples at—		XXI	127	
Aii of Ptolemy—				
Perhaps = Avam (? Avu) of Sháhbázgarhí inscri	otion	v	20	
Ajátasatru, King of Magadha		100		
Chronology of reign of-	-	VIII		
Held first Buddhist synod		III	2	
Founded Pataliputra according to the Buddhists	¥	VIII	142	
		XI	2	* .
Removed relics of Buddha from Kusinagara .		XVIII	75	
			13	
Ajayapura				
A name of Bakror near Gayá		1	13	
Ajavoarh (Ajajohash) is aissue				
Ajaygarh (Ajaigharh) in Ajaygarh State, Bundelkhan One of the eight Chandel Forts	d-			
Called Jayapura-durga in inscriptions		VII	.46	
Described In inscriptions		XXI	10	
Inscriptions of Chandel period at-	*	- 55	47	XI.
bettod at-		VII	46	
Simer in Simer-Whaleston Br		XXI	48-54	XII-XV.
Ajmer, in Ajmer-Mhairwára District, Rájputána- Founded by Ajaypál Chauhán				
Historical notices of—		11	253	
Great mosque at—		in	255	
Inscriptions on mosque at—		15	258	LXXIII.
* * *		,,	259 Nate	
Mindr of			261, 262	LXXIV.
and seconds that the second		XXIII	36	R.

		Vot.	PAGE.	PL	ATE.	
						, i
Timer in Ajmer-Mhairwara District, Rajputana-contd.						
Ana Ságar at, named after Arnna Rájá		X	99	+		
Criticism on restoration of mosque at		XXIII	35			
Gates of—		.00	39		*	
Hindu buildings at Tárágarh near		29.	42	4		
Tombs at—		19	47	*		
Sir Thomas Roe's account of		30	48		*	
Ajudhia City—						
See Ayodhya City.						
Akbar, Emperor-						
Tradition of birth of, at Bándhogarh in Rewá State		XVII	100		.*	
		IXX	109			
Founded Alláhábád Fort, A.D. 1572		1	298			,
Changed name of Parshawar to Peshawar		11	87			,
Altered and added to Sikandar Lodi's fort at Agrá		IV	XIV.			
Asirgarh gold medal of—		1X	118	XIX.		
Akbarábád—						
Muhammadan name of Agrá	*	IV	93		Ŷ	
Akesines R—			THE REAL PROPERTY.			
Course of—		11	38		*	
Akhandha—						
Old name of Dildárnagar in Gházipur Distri	ct.					
NW. P.		111	63		*	
Ruins of temples of Siva at		21	39	XXI	La	
Akori, near Orai, in Jálaun District, NW. P						
Jayastambha, formerly existing at	٠	VII	39			
Alasadda, birth-place of King Milinda-						
Alasadda, birth-place of King minutes		11				
Probably = Alexandria Opiané, north of Kabul		.,	197		-	
Alá-nd-dín Khiljí, Emperor-						
Made additions to Kuth mosque at Delhi	-	1	188		*	
Improved Kuth Minar at Delhi			204 Note		*	
Gateway of, at Delhi	*	19	99			
Minir of at Delhi		99	205	14		
Palace of 1,000 pillars at Delhi, built by-		99	207	-		
Alexander the Great-						
Route of, illustrated by Chinese pilgrims	1	11	82	LII		

	Vol.	PAGE.	Pi	ATE,	
Alexander the Great-contd,			-		_
Campaign in B.C. 327 and 326 of, described by Strabo,					
Curtius, and Arrian	11	83			
Various opinions as to site of battle between Porus and-	N.	173, 180, 184, 187	LXV	11.	•
Attack on Sangala by—	.09	198-200		*	
Alexandria Opiané, N. of Kábul-					
Probably = Alasadda, birth-place of King Milinda .	32	197			
Alexandria Soriané—					
Probably = Shorket, g.v.	**				
Trobaddy - Subtract, q.b.	V	99			
Klhá and Udal, Banáphar Chiefs—					
Legends of— . , ,	11				
	VII	455 13		*	
	IX	152		*	
Dwelling-house at Chilla ascribed to-	XXI	8	v.	*	10
	16164		**		
Alhá Ghát, in Rewá State, Baghelkhand-					
Inscription of Nara Sinha Deva of Chedi at	23	114	XXV	m.	
Alléhéhéd in Allahaha na					
Alláhábád in Alláhábád District, NW. P.—					
So named by Sháhjahán; named lláhábás by Akbar,					
A.D. 1572 Akshay but tree at—	1	297			
Pillar with inscriptions of Asoka, Samudra Gupta,	10	39			
Jahángír, &c., at—					
Popular tradition as to Prayág name of-	37	298	*	*	-
	29	300			
Alms bowl of Buddha-					
See Buddha,		- FE			

Alphabet, Arian—					
Sec Ario-Páli alphabet.					
Alphabet, ancient Nágri-					
Asoka's inscription form of, must have been preceded		1			
by an earlier alphabet					
Form of letter n is best test of age of-	XXII	IV	*		
Indo-Scythian and Gupta forms of-	III	38, 48		*	
	17	37		*	
Comparison of forms of, in Gupta, Ráipur, and Ráijim inscriptions	IX	21-20			
Gupta form of, still used by Baniyas in Panjab Hill States	XVII		VI.		
'Box-headed' form of, used in some inscriptions of	XIV	121			
early Gupta dynasty	IXX	97			

	Vot.	PAGE.	E	PLATE.	
	1,01				
Alphabet, ancient Nagri-contd.			1		
'Square-headed' or chitravarna form of, used in					
many Chandel inscriptions	IXX	72			
Takárá cursive form of, used in Káshmír and Kángrá .	11	9			
	V	182		*	
'Shell-character' or 'flourished' form of, used in	***	242	VEN		
N. India in 7th and 8th centuries, A.D	III	154	XLV	*	
Ditto, example of, at Bhagalpur	VIII	129			
Ditto, ditto, at Gondwa	39	67			
Ditto, ditto, at Lauriyá-Araráj	VIII	86	-		
Ditto, ditto, at Rájgír	1	60			
Ditto, ditto, at Besárh (Vaísáli)		-			
Altamsh—					
See Iltitmish, Emperor.					
Alwar, in Alwar State, Rájputána—					
Said to have been founded by Nikumbhas	XX	120		-	
Muhammadan tombs at-	3.9	121			
Amakapis or Amakatis of Ptolemy-	**				
Probably = Ambakápi in Lahore District	XIV	69, 205			
Amanda or Amandra—					
The name given by Pliny to the Taxila district;					
perhap: — Awankari	11	6, 112	*	*	
Amara Deva—					
Forged inscription ascribed to	VIII	58, Note	:	ż	
Amarakúta of Kálídása—	VII	227			
Probably = Amarkantak	***			·	
Amarávatí stúpa—	1	Intr. XXIII			
Date of—		tiid, Axiii	•	•	
Amarkantak, in Sohágpur District, C. P.—					
Believed to be source of Son and Narbadá rivers, and					
probably = Amarakúta of Kálidása	VII	227		*	
Architecture of Karan Mandir temple at-	33	228-9	AA,	XXI	*
Other temples at-	29	230-235			
Short inscriptions, one dated S. 922, at-	31	233-4		94	
Amb, in Salt Range, Panjáb-					
Temples in Kashmir style at	XIV	33	XV.		

	Vot.	Paoz.	PLATE.	
Amba-kāpi, in Lahore District, Panjáb—				
Legend concerning three brothers at, which probably refers to Kanishka, etc.	11	153, 203—5		
Probably = Amakatis or Amakapis of Ptolemy Mounds along Bágh-bachchhá river at—	XIV	69, 205 48, 52	XvII.	
Ambar=Ohind—				
See Ohind.				
Amber in Jaipur State, Rájpotána-				
An ancient town	11	250		
Amin in Ambála (Umballa) District, Panjáb—				
Ancient site with temple of sun at	В	223		
Amogha-bhúti, King of Kuninda—				
Two coins of, found at Sunit near Ludiana	XIV	65		
Silver and copper coins of, described	98	134, 139	XXXI.	
Anang Pál I., Tomar—				
Rebuilt Delhi, probably in A.D. 736	1	141-4		
Anang Pál II., Tomar—				
Rebuilt Delhi about A.D. 1052	ir	152		-
Erected Lálkot at Delhi	10	180	XXXVI.	
Inscription of, on Iron Pillar, dated S. 1109 = A.D. 1052	99	153		
Anang Pá! III., Tomar—		, ,,		
Defeated by Visala Deva Chauhán, in A.D. 1151 or				
1152	. ,,	156		
Ananta Varmma, King of Magadha—				
Placed Hindu images in Barábár caves		52		
Audhéan in Managhana Diataba Danas	1 "	3-		
Andhára in Muzaffarpur District, Bengal— Worship of meteorite at—	XVI			
Andhra dynasty—	2471	32		
Puranic chronology of, untenable				
Proposed chronology of—	V	Intr. XXXIV	2. 3	
Anga, kingdom of—				
= Bhágalpur District, in Bengai				
Champanagar was capital of— .	XV	52 31		
Aniruddha, first cousin of Buddha-		ý.		
Share of, in Buddha's obsequies	1			
	1	33		

	Vol.	Pack.	P	LATE	
*	-			_	_
Anoma R. of Buddhist tradition-	XII				
= Kúdawá Nála, in Bastí District, NW. P.	XVIII	224			1
	XXII	3, 111			
entarála country—		31			-
The region east of Rewa	IX	89		•	
antiochus the Great—	-00				
Made treaty on Indus with Sophagasenas Maurya .	11	41			
anyor, in Mathurá District, NW. P					
Ancient statue of Buddha at → · · · ·	XX	49		*	
Aornos—					
Opinions of Court, Læwenthal, Abbott, and Cunning-	п	06-111	LA	LVI.	
ham concerning site of-	"	97	4		١.
Name of, perhaps derived from Rájá Vara (Varni) . Exaggerated Greek accounts of—	,,	103, 110			
Possible positions for—		301	-		1.4
pápapari—					
Ancient name of Páwá in Patna District, Bengal .	XI	170	٠	*	
Aparánta country—					
Probably Northern Sindh and part of Western Ráj-	XIV	747	1		
putána	1	137	XXX	. 13	
Copper coins of, obtained in Rájputána	39	*30			
Aparni Scythians of Strabo-	**				
Speculations concerning— · · · · ·	11	29,49		*	
Aphsar, in Patna District, Bengal-	1				
Inscription of later Guptas discovered by Kittoe at	IX	40		*	
	xv	27			
	XVI	79			
Apollodotus, King of Bactria-		17			
Coins of, found at Pushkar, near Ajmer	VI	205		*	
Apollonius of Tyana—					
Alleged visit of, to King Phraates of Taxila between	27	0			
42 and 45 A.D.	11	83, 113			
ará (Arrah), in Sháhabad District, Bengal-					
Identified with Hwen Thsang's 'Place of the Demons					
of the Desert.' Legends of-	111	73			
Also named Arámnagar	ler.	70, 76	1		
Asciently named Ekachakra or Chakrapura	29	73, 76	1	16	

						Vos.	Pane.		PLA	TR.
Arachosia—								1		
= Kophene, with capital name	ed B	Cophe	5 .			п	45			
Arakan, King of-										
Author of Burmese inscriptio	n at	Budd	ha G	ner's		111				
Aramnagar—		Daud	airt C	nya	- 10	III	102		-	
A name of Ará (Arrah) in Sh	45. 63.	23 79				1	1			
ar mane of Ara (Arrain) in Sn	anaç	ad D	istric	1 .	T	111	70, 76			
Arang, in Ráipar District, C. P										
Ancient city of-	a		_			VII				
			-			XVII	159			
Three principal temples at-		16		-		VII	160-163	7		
Numerous Jain remains at-	4	4			4	10	164	AY	I, X	VII.
Long broken inscription at-	+				- 1	XVII	20	*		
Short early inscriptions at- History unknown of-	-			4		н	21	XI.		
rustory unknown of-			*				22			
Araráj—										
See Lauriya-Araraj										
Aráshtras of Mahábhárata-										
Perhaps = Yaudheya tribe.						XIV				
Arch, Indian (Hindu)—						73.1 1	142	•	*	
Discussion as to structure and	date	of in	d'en	of fem	nla					
at Buddha Gayá		2	. Been	AL CLII	Pite					
21.22					*	VIII	84	*	÷	
At Konch in Gaya District, Be	ngal						66		4	
In temple at Nongarh overlaid	by a	stúpo	1 4	100		12	54, 55	*		
Proofs and examples of early u	se of	-				XI	43. 143			
In common use in fourth and f	uth c	entur	ies, A	1. D.		XVI	Pref. viii.			
rchæological remains-					1					
Chronological classification of-						***				
				*		111	1	*	*	
rchæological Survey-										
Plan of—.						1	Pref. III-vii			
Instance of the second					1	111	IV III-VII	*		
Instruction to assistants of-			*			20	V.	*	*	
rchaic peried—										
Remains of										
		*		*	4	19	2			
rchitecture-										
Mr. Beglar's theories as to laws of	of pro	portio	on in	india.		3/111				
Styles of, in NW. India			- HII	end in		VIII	66-73			
					*		VII, 185, 189		(8.1	

	Vot.	PAGE.	PLATE.
Architecture, Gupta Style of— See Gupta style of architecture.			
Architecture, Hindu— Six periods of—	. 111	2	
Architecture, Indo-Greek and Indo-Persian-		1	
Described	. V	APP. A.	
Architecture, Káshmír style of—			
Characteristics of—	· II	189	
Analyticature Mathematical and	1000		
Architecture, Muhammadan— Eight periods of—	111	7	
Ariana— Date of Scythian and Yuchi conquests of—	. 11	54	
		34	
Ario-Pálí alphabet—	. 1	form work	
		Intr. VIII, XXXVII, XL.	* * * * *
Used in all Vusufzai inscriptions: disused about 100	. v		
A.D		7, 187	
Ario-Pálí inscriptions—			
From Mánikyála	. 11	160, 162	LXIII.
On oil lamp found at Rawalpinds, now in Britisl		1.00	
Museum	. 11	152	
From Sháhdheri (Taxila)	A 21	124-135	Ltx.
NAME OF TAXABLE PARTY.	V	67 84	XXVIIL
	. 10	57-84	XVI.
Collection of, from Yusufzai	. "	D/	
Arens, Rájá—			
Grandfather of Prithi Ráj	. X	99	
Arrah—		1	
See Ara, in Shahabad District, Bengal.			
Arsakes—	1		
Brother of King Abisares in time of Alexander	. 11	23, 28	
Arsakes, King—	1		
A predecessor of Gondophares		61	
Artabama III. of Parthia—		1	
Contemporary with Gondophares	. v	60,	

					Vut.	PAGE.	PLATE.		
Arvi, in Nágpur District, C. P.— Early copper-plate inscriptions of	broin	ad a	D.C.						
erroneously said to come from-			·	· pur	XVII	55-59	XXI	v, x	ĶΥ.
Arya-Párswika—									
A Buddhist teacher at Pesháwar, ca	irea l	A.D. 1			11	89	-	-	
Asal Khán—									
Attack by, on Queen Dúrgávatí, A	.D. 1	563		*	IX	50			
Asala Deva, Raja of Narwar-									
Dated coins and inscriptions of-			- 1		11	315			
Asapuri, in Sháhábád District, Bengal-						5.5			
Temple of Devi and modern inscrip		at-			v	.0.			
				•		183		*	
Asarur, in Gujránwála District, Panjáb- Anciently called Udamnagar = 1	TV.								
Alexander	r.imb	rama	of		11		-		
Extensive ruins at-	1			4	v	200	CNT	Χ.,	
Stilpa of Asoka at-		•		4	11	64		*	
Was the capital of Panjáb in time, under name of Tse-kia	Hw (Ch	ven '	Thear	g's ka		202		*	
Taki)				-	» V	41, 193, 200			
					V	113	-		
Asi Nála—									
A rivulet under Benares			*	4	1	104			
Asiani of Trogus—									
Probably = Kuei-shwang tribe of Y	/uchi	or To	ochari		11	43, 64			
Asiatic Society of Bengal-									
Founded in 1784 by Sir W. Jones					1	Intr. 1			
Asirgarh, in Nimár District, C. P									
Gold medal struck by Akbar at-					***				
Description of fortress of—	+				IX	118	XIX.		
Muhammadan inscriptions at-	*	+	4		28	119	311		
Perhaps = Ozoabis of Ptolemy	i			*		120 121		*	
Aska, in Ganjám District, Madras-						***		*	
Inscriptions from-	*			18	XIII				
Asol, in Fatchpur District, NW. P				1	71.11	116	+	*	*
The treasure city of Jai Chand									
and a late could					XVII	100			

				Vot.	PAGE.	PLATE,		
soka, Emperor-					1			
Conqueror and Vicero	v of Taxila			11	112, 113			
Story of Kunála, eldest son of—				- 11	149	× 4	- 3	
Purna Varmma, last descendant of—				111	81, 135			
Probably became acqu	ninted with Gr	reek art a	Taxila .		97	-		
Disposition of edict in	ecciutions of a	long anci	ent lines					
	ratificiona sul o	and arres		XVI	112, Note			
of road				XXII	55			
Rock inscription at B	ninis of-			. 11	247			
Rock inscription at Is	attar or +			VI	98			
Inscriptions of 12th	and toth year	es of, in	Barábát					
caves				. 1	45-48	XX.		
'Golden' edict pillar	of heonoht fo	om Toora	ta Delh	i i	0.1			
by Firoz Sháh					161			
by Piroz Silaii				XIV	78	4 41		
Corrections in reading	or of edict insc	rintions o	n above		165			
Edict pillar of, at Del	hi brought fre	on Mirat	(Meerut	1				
Edict pillar of, at Dei	in, brought it	Alle Laborate	Assess and	. 10	167			
by Fíroz Sháh . Imperfection of inscri	wion on above			. "	169			
Imperiection of insert	at Jaugada is	n Ganiám	District	/ // /	113			
Edict inscription of,	at Khálsii	i Canjani	District	. 1	245	XLI.		
Ditto,	on Lauriyá-N	Javandaa	eh nillar		73			
Ditto,			XVI	110, VIII	XXVIII.	,		
Ditto,	on Rámpuew	a pinar .		XXII	51	VI, VII.		
	n name total			. VII	59			
Ditto,	at Rúpnáth			IX	38			
	P1 13 1 1	. 1. 717		2.1	8, 19-22			
Ditto,	at Shāhbāzg	arm (maj	bateriku	1	24			
Site of stupa built by	, at Kalgir.				62			
A stupa of, at Vaisal				4 39	82, 85	4 0.		
Stepas of, at Kusina	gara	The Part		* 39.	112			
Tower erected by, in	the Deer-Park	near Be	nares	· III	90	. 4		
Great stups built by,	at Pushkalava	iti .	+		117			
Erected 'head gift'	etépa at Taxila			1111	80, 96			
Buildings of, at Bud	dha Gaya .	* .	•	XI	151, 158			
Works of, at Patalip	utra			· Al	1311 131			
Asokpur—								
See Hátila or Asokpe	er, in Gooda Di	istrict, Ou	dh .					
Aspa Varmma—				-				
Named on coins of A	Azas			. 1	Intr. xxxvII			
14dilled bil coms of a	· Daniel				1	5 m		
Atarkin—				3737171	51, Note.			
A Muhammadan Sa	unt			. XXIII	21, 14018.			
Atranji-Kherá in Etá Di	strict. NW. E	-		100	100			
Perhaps = Hwen T	Thermale Di law	channa		. 1	269*			
Perhaps = Hwen	nsang s FI-10"	DEPRESSION OF						

	Vol.	Page,	PLATE,
Attak (Attock), in Ráwal Pindi District, Panjáb-			
Called Atak-Banaras by Abul Fazl. Fort at, built by Akbar. Is not ancient Udakhanda			
To not ancient Deaknanda	11	93	
Ancient name of Nicona State in De 11			
Ancient name of Núrpur State in Panjáb and its capi- tal Pathánkot	*****		
Coins bearing name of above	XIV	116	
	XIV	154	
Also ancient name of Peninsula of Kachchh, = country of the Odonbeores of Pliny	V	116, 136	XXXI.
	XIV	155	
Also a name of province surrounding Kánkjol opposite Gaur in Bengal	XV	135, 136	* *
	AV	38	* .
Aubadí family—			
Rulers of Bayana in 15th century, A.D.	XX	63, 65	
undhá Kherá—			
See Batesar-			
urangzeb, Emperor-			
Destroyed great temple at Mathurá	1	235	
wal objects and the second		0.0	
valokiteswara, Bodhisatwa—			
Statue of, at Dharáwat ia Gayá District, Bengal .	99	54	
vam (? Avu) country-			
Mentioned in Shahbazgarhi inscription, = 7 Aii of Ptolemy		- 7	
	V	20	
vantidesa—			
=Ujjain, q. v.	хш	17	
Awán tribe—			
In western parts of Salt Range .			
	II V	0- 0-	
wánkári, in Panjáb—		80, 81	
Perhaps = Amanda or Amandra of Pliny	11	6, 112	
worther (Aindhie) Ch. t. m. ch. c.	74		
Lyodhya (Ajodhia) City in Fyzábád District, Oudh-			
Identified by some writers with Hwen Thsang's Ayuto; = Sha-chi of Fa-Hian, Visákhá of Hwen Thsang, and Sákeri of Hindus	1	294	
and Sáketa of Hindus Also named Baretá	10	317	
Traditions of—		327	
	.,	321	

	Vol.	Page,	PL	ATE.	
lyodhya (Ajodhia), City in Fyzábád District, Oudh—contd.—					
No ancient buildings now exist at	I	322		*	
Suggested identifications of Buddhist sites at According to tradition restored by Vikramáditya of	11	324	XLIX		
Ujjain	XI	98		•	*
Ayodhya Kingdom—					
Divided into Uttara-Kosala, and Banaodha	1	327	4		*
hyumukha (Hayamukha) of Hwen Thsang-					
Probably = either Tusáran-Bihár in Partábgarh, or					
Singror in Alláhábád District	XI	68, 69	*	•	
Ayuto of Hwen Thsang-					
Identified by some writers with Ajodhia	1	294	*		
izam Shah of Bengal-					
Tomb of, at Sunargaon	XV	139	*	*	-
Azes (Azas), King-					
Coins of, with name of Aspa Varmma Strategasa on	1	Intr. XXXVII			
Coins of, under vihár at Sháhdheri	v	72, 190	4		
Belonged to Su tribe	11	46	4		-
Azes and Azilises, Kings-					
Immediate successors of Moga in NW. Panjáb.		59	*	*	
Azilises, King—					
One type of coinage of, adopted by Saudása	111	40		4	•
Azim, Prince—	wit		-		
Son of Akbar; gave his name to Azímábád or Patna .	VIII	34	*	,	*
Azímábád—					
Muhammadan name of Patna	10	**		*	-
В					
Bábá Wali—					
Panjáb legends of—	1	136			
Bábar—		1	1		
Site of garden palace at Agra of —	IV.	100, 105	4		
Mosque with inscriptionof, at Sambhal	XII	24		2	
Great battle at Khanwa between Sanga and	XX	93			

	Vol.	PAGE	PLATE,
Bábhan—		-	
Synonymous with Bhuinhár, q.v	XV	147	
Babhru Váhana, Rájá—			
A legendary person in C. P	XVII	30	
Bachaund (Bachon) in Ajaygarh State, Bundelkhand-			
Sculptures and inscription at	XXI	54	
Báchhal Clan—			
Succeeded by Katahriya Clan in Eastern Rohilkhand			
in A.D. 1174	1	356	
Sadaon-			
Muhammadan capital of Katehar (Rohilkhand) for			
four centuries	XI	1, 2	
Iltitmish, first governor of— Included in dominions of Mahipála Tomara, Rájá of	29	1	
Delhi	SP.	21	1 4
Later history of—	99	2	
List of ancient Muhammadan buildings at— Jámi Masjid of Iltitmish at—	10	4	F
Tombs at—		5	II-IV.
	".	5	
Badarpur, NE. of Sháhdheri (Taxil)—			
Great stups at—	11	144	
Skeleton found in great stupa at	D.	145	
ágar-des			
The desert country west of Hansi, now in Bikaner and			
Baháwalpur States	XIV	81	
ágďi Province—			
= Samatata of Hwen Thsang and Samudra Gupta.			
Also named Bháti. Boundaries and chief cities of-	XV	146	
		- 1	
agh-bachchha R., in Lahore District, Panjáb Mounds near	*****		
Mounds near	XIV	48	XVIII4
aghel dynasty of Rewá-			
Rose in 12th century, A.D.	IX	113	
aghelkhand-			
See Rewa State.			
ághera, in Jaypur State, Rájputána-			
Formerly called Vasantpur and other names	322		
Adi Varaha coins found at-	VI	136	18 .
The second secon	10	137	4 4

		Vot.	Page.	Pla	TH.
Bághera, in Jaypur State, Rájputána—contd.					
Sagnera, in Jaypur State, Respectana - tomas		VI	138		
Legends of Rájá Chandra Sena at—		10	143	XVI.	
Temple of Varáha Avatár at—		20	145		
Baghsar—					
See Buxar.					
Bagraha District—					
See Bogra District.					
Bágrám—					
See Ránigat.					
Bahádur Náhar— Founder of ruling family of Khánzádas of Mewát		XX	15-17		
Bahádurpur, in Alwar State, Rájputána— Jain inscription, dated S. 1573 = 1516 A.D., at—		. 19	119		
Baháwalpur State, in Panjáb— Partly corresponds with ancient Bágar-des		XIV	81		
Báhika country— = Jálandhar District		V	148		
Báhika tribe—	ч				
= Madra tribe, $q.v.$		11	195		
Bahraich, in Bahraich District, Oudh-					
Tomb of Sálár Masaúd at—		1	330, Note.		
Bahulára, in Bánkurá District, Bengal-					
Fine brick temple at-	+	VIII	202		
Bahuriband, in Jabalpur District, C. P					
Probably = Tholobana of Ptolemy	*	XXI	40, 57 93	viti.	
Baijnáth (Vaidyanáth)—					
Temple of, at Kiragráma in Kángra Valley .		ν	178		
Baijnáth (Vaidyanáth), in Strábábad District, Bengal-					
Frequented by pilgrims		VIII	137	· .	
Plans of group of temples at	-	27	138	1Xa	
Thirteen inscriptions at-	-	49	140		
Some Buddhist remains at	4	39	141		

					Vot.	Page.	Pi	ATE,	
Baijnáth (Vaidyanáth), in Sháhábád Dis	trict. R	enval-	-com	tof.					
Known as Deogarh-Baijnáth .		. Bar			XVIII	141		4	4
Ancient temple at-				4	XIX	29			14
Inscription of Madana Pála Deva :	-ta					30	XI.		
Inscription of Magardhwaja Jogí a					311	31	X.		
List of ancient sites near			*	*	21	35	*		4
Baijnáth in Rewá-				1					
Temples and sculptures at		*			XXI	154			
Bairant, in Benares District, N,-W. P.	_								
Site of an ancient city	*				XXII	110	XIII	ia.	
List of 101 ancient coins found at-	- :				10	114			
Miscellaneous antiquities from-						115			-
Stone implements from					53	116			
Masons' marks on bricks at		+		-	39	118			4
Bairát, city in Alwar State, Rájputána	_								
The capital of Matsya-desa .					11	244			
print to an ine you are set	*			7	XX	2	1		-
Extensive ruins at-					II	245			
Copper mines at-				1	-				
Described by Hwen Thsang, A.D.	624	-		7	49	246	1		1
Destroyed by Mahmud of Ghazni					n	247			
Asoka's inscription from-					23	247-48			
Very ancient coins found at					A.F	249		-	
Traditions of Raja Virata and Ra		na Cha	krav	ATL	E3-	**			
at			+		VI	91			
Rock inscription of Asoka at						98			
Ancient tomb at				+	33	100			
Removal of an inscription from, i	n A.D.	1834			XXIII	31			
Bairát (Vairáta) country in Rájputána	_						1		
Anciently a kingdom					II	242	1		
Naráyana or Naráyanpur, capita	d of—	+		4		213			
					"	-10			
Bais Rájpúts—									
Claim descent from Sáliváhana					1	280			
Daundiá Kherá, capital of— Instead of Brahmans attend on	orrest to	mola.	, DZ	27	20"	296		-	
C. P	Proof F	· variant	at PAR	jun,	XVII	9		1	
Baiswárá—									
The Bais country in Southern C	hudk					1			
The Bais country in Southern C	uun		41	4	1	28	0 .	-1	
Bajranggarh—									
See Tharkon in Malwa.						1			

					-
	VeL	Page,	P	LATE,	
Bakhra near Besárh, in Muzaffarpar District, Bengal—					
=Part of ancient Vaisáli, q.v.	1	56			
Weight of lion-pillar at—	XVI	12			
Further details of ruins at	.01	13	٧.		
Bakkula, Buddhist Saint— .					
Legend of—	1	303		*	
Bakra Gupta—					
A misreading for Chandra Gupta II., q.v	IX	2.1	-		
Bakror, near Buddha Gayá—					
Numerous lac seals found in stripa at	1	12			
New Gayá	. 11	13		24	
Anciently named Ajayapura	.39	**			•
Baksar Ghát in Rái Bareli District, Oudh-	1				
A place of pilgrimage		57	*	170	*
Scene of massacre of English in mutiny		58			-
Bála tribe—					
Related to the Káthi of the Panjáb, and probably ruled					
Síndh in 6th century A.D	11	34			
May be identical with the Malli of Multan	- 30	35			٠
Balabhi—					*
See Valabhi.					
Báláditya (I.), King of Magadha—					
Great vihár at Nálanda built by	1	.34		*	
Date of, discussed	III	95			•
Báláditya (II.), King of Magadha-					
Conquered Mihirkul of Sangala	II	197			*
Balai-Kherá, in Pflibhít District, NW. P		-0			
An ancient site	. 1	358		*	*
Balanti-purgon of Ptolemy-		-4			
Probably = Bándhogarh in Rewá State	XVII	56 69			
Balar near Sháhdheri (Taxila), in Ráwalpindí District, Pan-	-	10			
jáb—	п	142-144	LX	1.	
Great stups at -		144	4		
Other Buddhist ruins at-	e 199	11979			

				Vul.,	PAGE.	Pi	ATE.	
Balban, Emperor—								
See Ulugh Khan.								
dallál Sena, Rájá — Founded Gaur				xv	41			
alliá (Baliyá) District, NW. P				XXII			*	
iálmer in Jodhpur State, Rájputána —					86		•	
=Pilomalo, capital of Gurjjara in time of H	wen	Thisa	ng	11	70		*	
iálnáth peak—				1.5	212			
In Tila Range in Panjáb		*		29	177	*	*	
tálod, in Ráipur District, C. P.— Various ruins at— , , , ,				****				
Inscription in ruined temple at-	*			VII	133—137 136	XV.		
Very ancient inscribed Sati pillar at-				26	137			
ána—								
Extracts from 'Harsha-charita' by				ix	154			
anaodha—								
=Oudh, south of the Ghágrá R	*		-	1	327			
anáras— See Benares.								
inás, R., a tributary of the Son-								
=Sanskrit Parnasa, and Panassa of Ptoler	ny			*****				
	-			VIII	- 15	1.0	+	
An old name of Bayána, q.v				124	57			
Sandhogarh in Rewa State—				VI	40			
Probably - Balantipurgon of Ptolemy				IX	-6			
Identified with the fortress of Dalaki-wa-A				XVII	56	*		
Muhammadan attacks on—	Iala	ki		XXI	104			
Story of Akbar's birth at-	*	*		**	107			
anga Province—	*		*	9	109			
Boundaries and chief cities of—								
Bangála—		*	*	XV	145			
A name of Dhákka (Dacca) in 16th and 1	na fa	Care t	*					
	Arts :	rentui	162	.00	127	1 *		
Bángarmau—						1		
Se: Newal and Bangarmau.					4			

	Voc-	Page.	PLATE.
Bánnagar, in Dinájpur District, Bengal—			
Also called Devikot, q.v	XV	95	: 1
Baotí Pind, E. of Hasan Abdál, in Ráwalpindí District, Panjáb—			
Buddhist ruins at—	11	139-142	LX,
Ancient coins and lapis lanuli found at		141	
Barábár hills, in Gayá District, Bengal—			
Map of—	1_	1 1 5	XVIII.
Four caves in-	59	44	XIX.
Inscriptions of Asoka in caves at	**	45-48	XX.
Mr. Beglar's identification of Buddha's hill at-	VIII	36	
Barágaon, in Patna District, Bengal-			
Certainly = Nálanda, q.v.	I	28	
Said by local Brahmans to have been named Kundil-			
pur	149	10	2 4
Description of ruins of—	40	20	XVI.
Masons' marks at-	10	30	1 1
Great Buddhist temple of Báláditya at	111	34	
Construction of the state of th	1	94 35	
Statues and inscriptions at—	to the	35	
Legend of headless statue at—	VIII	79	
Bárah Chhetra, in Bastí District, NW. P			
Identified with Vyághrapura or Koli of Buddhist tra-			
dition	XII	213	
Barahat—			
See Bhárhut.			
Barákar, in Mánbhám District, Bengal—			
Sundry temples at—	29	150-154	VI. XIV.
Baran (Bárán)—			XVIII.
Ancient name of Bulandshahr	XIV	147	
Coins of Gomitra of—	21	H	XXXI
May also = Báranáwa in Mírath (Meerut) District .		148	* 1
Barárí, in Sháhpur District, Panjáb—			
Capital of Rájá Chobnath	11	37	
See Bhurári.		37	
Bardaotis of Ptolemy—			
=Bhárhut	XXI	92	
		A.	

					Vol.	PAGE.	T	LATE.	
Bar-Dewal, in Bándá District, NW. P				ы					
Fine temple at—	×			-	XXI	4	III,	IV.	
Barendra —									
See Varendra,									
Baretá—									
Later Hindu name of Ayodhya City,	9.00	į.		+	1	329	+		
Bargaon, in Damch District, C. P				П					
Kalachuri inscription and temples at	_				XXI	101-163	XXX	ilivy	,
					1		X X.2	CIX.	
Bargújar Rájás of Máchári, in Alwar— Genealogy of—					2/1				
Centarogy of	4		+	*	VI	79			*
Barmáwar, in Chamba State, Panjáb-									
Temples of wood and stone at, dated	A.D.	1417		- 2	XIV	110			
Inscriptions of—	1	*	*		89	110-112	XXV	7111.	
Barmáyan—									
Name of a Jogini (Yogini) .		7	*	-	XXIII	57		+	
Barmáyan in Balliá District, NW. P									
Buddhist remains at	*		40		XIX	50	XII	-83	Ÿ.
Barmé—					1				
Earlier name of Uchahara, q.v.				+	IX	5	*		
Barna (Varana) Nadi-									
A small river under Benares .	4	+			I	10			
Báro or Barnagar, in Bhopál Agency, Co	entral	India							
Inscription at, dated Samvat 933		+	+	-	X	74			4
Sari pillars and other remains at-					,1	72, 75		1.6	
Plundered by Chhatarsál Bundela					19	76			
Legends of	*	7		4	-27	-71		-	7
Barrows—									
See Tumuli.									
Basti District, NW. P.—									
Ancient Buddhist sites in-	,	4			XII	82 to end	£.		
Batan-Kaisara of Ptolemy-									
Perhaps = Thánesar					11.	212			

	Vos.	Page.	PLATE.
Atesar in Agra District, NW. P.— Formerly called Surapur or Surajpur List of Hindu, Jain, and Buddhist sculptures found	ıv	222	
near	32	240	
Legends of—	VII	6	
Jain statues at—	99	8, 9	
athani hill in Patna District, Bengal-			
? == Banthawa or Pandhawa hill of Buddhist legend .	VIII	46	
avanni near Montgomery in Montgomery District, Panjáb-			
Fort at—	V	103	XXXL
áwan Garhi—			
See Kasaundhi Garhi in Agra District.	Ĭ		
ayána in Bharatpur State, Rájputána-	j		
Anciently named Banásur	VI	40	
Other names of— , ,	XX	61, 62	3 1
Ukha Mandir mosque at	VI	50	IV, Y.
	XX	71	XIII, XV.
Mindr st	VI	51	
	XX	73	
Inscription, dated S. 1100 at	VI	52	VI.
	XX	62, 77	2 A
A place of much importance previous to time of Lodi	***		
dynasty	VI	53	
Attacked by Muhammad bin Sám	XX	62	
Held by Auhadi family in 15th century A.D	89	63	
Genealogy of Auhadi family of-		0.5	
Held by Bahlol Lodi in A.H. 878 Nágri inscription of Khán Khánán Farmuli, dated	79	67	
A. D. 1496 at Teaching of Shekh Iláhi Mahdawi in reign of Islám	ú	10	XVII4
Sháh at—	92	68	9 8
Permanently annexed by Akbar	.00	31	
Passed under rule of the Jats on break-up of Mughal			11.79
Pulsing	47	68	
Traditions of Jats of—	11	54	2 .
Trains Hages at, with inscriptions of National			
Mubárak Sháh, dated A.H. 718 = A.D. 1318 .		69	Xv, XVL
Tughra inscription of Alá-ud-dín Muhammad at-	XX	72	XIV.
Minor mosques at-	77	75	
Kázís' mosque with inscription of Alá-ud-dín Khilji,			
dated A.H. 705 = 1305 A.D. at-	**	76	XIV.

						Vol.	PAGE.	P	LATE.	
Bayána in Bharatpur State, Rájpután	a —c	ontd.			-					_
Sundry tombs at	date	d S.	1503	- t	446	XX	78		•	
A, D. at—						12	60, 77	XVI		ė
Báz Bahádur of Málwá										
Story of love of Rupmati and			4	+		11	289			
Rare square copper coins of		2	-9	- (9	-	10	292			*
Bázár in Yusufzai, Panjáb-										
Perhaps = Bazaria of Greek, wri	iters			+	*	22	101	+		>
Bazaria of Greek writers-										
Identified with Bázár in Yusufza	ıì					ni.	22		4.	
with Sháhbázgarhi .		*			+	V	15		+	
Bazodeo, King— See Vásudeva, King.										
Bedīban near Motihári, in Champáran	Die	erict.	Ren	wal.						
Muhammadan inscription worshi						XVI	25	IV.		
Begampur, near Delhi-										
Tomb of Kabir-ud-din Auliya ne	-ar-					XX	147	XX	XIII.	
Chor Minar or 'Thieves' Pillar'					1	13.25	149		XIV.	
Beglar, Mr. J. D										
Retractation by, of erroneous	view	s res	pecti	no B	nth					
Mosque and Minár .						IV	xv			
Architectural theories of-			4			VIII	66-73		-	
Belá in Gayá District, Bengal-										
Hindu and Buddhist statues at-	-		ų			**	65			
Belkhara in Mirzapur District, NW	V. P.	_								
Inscription, dated S. 1253 = A	A.D.	110	5. pr	obah!	v of					
son of Rájá Jaya Chandra at-	-					XI	129	XX	SXVII	1.
Bellew, Dr										
Account of Yusufzai by-	1					V	5, 24, Note			
Belo, Chandel Rájá-								i		
Singorgarh traditions of-	-	4		_	+	IX	50			
Ben, Rájá Chakravarttí-										
Perhaps = Wema Kadphises	,					XII	1	1		
Mentioned in Vishau Purana					3	1 2 1 4	37			

	Vos.	PAGE.	PLATE,	-
Ben, Rájá Chakravarttí—contd.				
Traditional founder of Kesariyá stúpa	1	65		*
of Atranii Kherá in Eta District	32	269		я
of Indor Kherá in Bulandshahr	15525			
District	HX	37		*
of fort at Haridwar	11	233	- 4	-
Alwar traditions of—	VI	85, 91	4	*
Central Provinces traditions of-	IX	49		*
Benares in Benares District, NW. P	. 1			
Famous as locality of first exposition of law of Buddha	1	103	XXXI.	
Position of city of	11	104	aaat.	
Benares, Sárnáth near-				
Buddhist remains at-	**	105-107	XXXII.	
Great Dhamek stupa at-	23	107-113	* *	
Determine of same Dhamek	13	113		1.00
Inscription of Mahipála Deva, dated Samvat 1083.				
	94	116, 126	XXXII.	
from- Messrs. Kittoe's, Thomas', and Hall's further excava-	20	110, 120	AAAII.	
		1.17		
Chaukandi mound stups at, mentioned by Hwen	P#.	**,		
		119		-
Buddhist seals found in immense numbers at—	21	120, 122		
Sculptures found at, in 1835-30, by Calling	air	121	XXXIII.	
Vihar discovered at same time at-		**		*
Shrine of the? Buddhist Triad at— Bas relief with inscription of donor named Hari Gupta	.00			
	20	123	XXXIV.	
at— Buildings excavated at, by Cunningham, have all dis-	20			
appeared	37	124	XXXIII.	
Ruins of an? hospital at—	11	125	* 4	-
	**	11	* *	
Traces of destruction by fire at,—perhaps burnt by				
Ahmad Niáltigín	.11	126, 128		
	VIII	16		7
Inscribed seal, &c., from, now in College Museum .	1	129		
Further excavations not now destrable at	19	10	XXXIV.	
Various inscriptions found at-			ana.	
Bengal-	3217		t.	
Map of—	XV	145-177		
Notes on history of— Anciently divided into four Provinces, viz., Barendra,				
Paners Rach and Bagdi .	32	145		-
List of early Muhammadan Governors of	38	169		
Muhammadan kings of, 1286 to 1537 A.D.	10	172		-

	į	Vos.	PAGE.	Pi	ATE.	
Bengal—contd.	1					

Embassies to China from, in A.D. 1408-09 and 1414		XV	173		*	
Errors in chronology of historians of—	-	18	9.9			-
Conquered by Sher Shah, A.D. 1537-38		10	177		*	
Bengal, Eastern—						
Great changes in courses of rivers of			v			
		21				
Bengal, Ranchi Frontier Agency of-						
List of ancient sites in		XIII	66			
Bengáli-Pathán architecture—		-				
Described	*	111	10	*		4
Besání in Panna State, Bundelkhand-						
Inscription, dated in intercalary month at-			-			
the state of the state of the state of		XXI	102	XXVI	11.	
Besarh (Besadh) in Muzaffarpur District, Bengal-						
= Ancient Vaisálí		1	55			
Annual Control of Control			00			-
Besnagar in Bhopál State, Central India-						
Description of site of—	- 1	X	36	XII.		
= Chetiyagiri, = Wessanagara	ž.	22	37			-4
Legend of Rájá Rukmangada at—	*	- 11	že,		+	*
Kinds of coins found at—		**	17			
Sculptures of Gupta period at-	-	1 99	33	3111.	-	
Crocodile and 'fan-palm' pillars at -		20	41	*	*	-
Kalpa-drim capital at—		217	42	ZIV.		
Colossal female statue at—		10	43	XV.		
Buddhist remains near—	E*	10	44			
Probably = Adisathra town of Ptolemy, = Bidisa	- 1	18	46		4	
riversy - riversions town or riverny, = bidisa		XXI	93		*	
Bettigi, country of-						
= Vákátaka (Bhándak in C. P.)		IX	56			
		IXX	94			
DUN - WILL - DIVI		18111	37			1.5
Bhábru Váhan, Rájá—						
A legendary person of Sirpur in C. P.	A	VII	192			-
Bhadári, (Barári or Bhurári) ruined city in Shahpur Dist Panjáb-	rict,					
Traditional capital of Raja Chobnath		11.	37, 40		*	
Bhágalpur in Bhágalpur District, Bengal-						
Ancient subterranean passage at-		****				
Buddhist legend connected with—	*	XV	3t			
	-	33	33			

	Vot.	PAGE.	Pears.
District in Percent county.			
Bhágalpur District in Bengal-contd.	1	52	
= Ancient kingdom of Anga	XV	33	
Anciently named Champa	***	20	
Bhágalpar in Gorakhpar District, NW. P		1	
Inscribed pillar at-	XVI	130	XXX,XXXI.
Bhagwán Lai Indrají, Pandit—	(prepri		
Remarks on inscriptions of Jivita Gupta and those from			
Nepal by—	XVI	73, etseq.	
Bhagwanganj in Patna District, Bengal-			
Steps at—	VIII	18	A
Bhandak in Chanda District, C. P	18	122,137	XXI.
Site of city was capital of Province of Vakataka		124	XXI,XXII.
Buddhist caves in Wijásan hill near-	h	126	
Early imperfect inscriptions at -	er	127,137	
Long Buddhist inscription from-	2.0	127,137	XXIII, XI
Brahmanical temples at	23	131	
Snake worship at	59	131	
Bhánn Gupta—			
Mentioned in inscription, dated Samyat 191 at Eran .	Х	89	
Bhánu Varmma, Yaudheya (?)—			
Coin of—	XIV	144	
Bhar tribe—			0
Ondb learneds of-	Xl	67	
Rája of Sultánpur in Oudh belonged to, in time of		-	
Alf-od-din Khilii	1	314	
Formerly occupied south-west of Basti District, NW.			
Provinces	XII	89	*
Tradition makes Rájá Karna Deva Kalachuri of Chedi	XXI	2.10	
belong to- · · · · · · ·	AAI	149	
Bhárhut (Barahat) in Nágaudh State, Baghelkhand-			
Indo-Persian architecture at	V	188	
Inscription of Kalachuri dynasty at-	IX	1,94	
Buddhist temple at, with additions of date circa 1100			
A.D	B	3	
= Bardaotis of Ptolemy · · · · ·	XXI	92	
Bhásu-Bihár in Bogra District, Bengal-			-
	XV	102	
Identified with Poshi-po of Hwen Thrang	45.5		
Identified with Po-shi-po of Hwen Thsang Buddhist remains at—	91	103	

				Vol	Page.	E	PLATE.	
thateswar—								
See Batesar in Agra District.								
hati (or Bháti) tribe-								
In Central and Eastern Panjáb are Vác	dava A	ryans		II	10			
Comprise both Hindus and Musalmans					22			
Tod's account of—				XXIII	4			
hati Province—								
Another name of Bágdi				XV	146			
hátia of Utbi-								
= Bhera on Jhelam river			÷	XIV	36			
hatinda in Patiála State, Panjáb-								
Govindgarh fort at-				XXIII	2			
Also known as Tiranda			*	25/5/11	2,7		4	
Legends of—		1		19	4			
Minor Muhammadan inscriptions at-				11	6			
Death of Rájá Jaipál at—		*	1		7			
Early Nágri inscription at—				29	8	XX	vii.	
hattab /Dhath as Dhath sharet)								
hattah (Bhath, or Bhath-ghorah)— Muhammadan name of Rewá State				XXI	110, 154			
hattáraka, Senapati of Valabhi-								
Date and silver coins of—				1X	20, 28	٧.		
háu Dájí, Dr.—								
Archæological works of— Mistakes of, as to the queens of Gupta				1	Intr. xxxm		-	
chronology of Káshmír and Valabhi	a uyna	sty, a	ENGL					
Mistaken reading by, of Gilika as = G	anale in	Annles		39	" XXXIA	*	*	
edict	LCCK III	21 SOR	4 3		xxxv			
		,	*	20	n AAAy			
háva, Rájá—								
Inscription of, on Iron Pillar at Delhi	*			. 39	170			
hávabhuti—						-		
Described Padmavatí = Narwár .				11	308, 318			
ihelsá—					0.70		-	
See Bhilsá,								
therá in Sháhpur District, Panjáb								
Modern city founded by Sher Shah in :	1540 A.	D.		XIV	35	141		
Perhaps referred to by Virgil and Vibi	ius Seq	uester		pe	36		*	
= Bhátia of Utbi				89	0		-	
Incidents in later history of					38			

	Vet.	Pacs.	PLATE,
Bherá Ghát in Jabalpur District, C. P.—		11-1-1	
A sacred spot	. 1X	60 61	xıı—xvı.
Bhika Pahárí— A ward of Patna city	. vm	IX	
Bhilla (Bhil)— In Kathá-Sarita-Ságar synonymous with Pulinda as	nd	100	
Savara	. XVI	1 139	
Bhilsa in Bhopál State, Central India-*	**	1	
Etymology of name of—	: X	34 35	
Bhima Deva, King of Gándhára—			
Coins of, extremely rare	· V	83	
Bhima Sena, King-			
Silver coins of—	* IX	26	v.
Painted inscription of, at Girija Hill, dated S. 52	· XX		XXX.
Bhimband in Mongir District, in Bengal-			
Hot springs at	· xv	10	
Bhímnagar—		-,9	
Another name for Kángra town	. v	156	
Bhitargaon in Cawnpore District, NW. P			
Ancient brick temple at—	· XI	40	xiv-xvii.
Terra-cotta ornaments at—	. 10	1	* * *
* ATTACANO OF THE PROPERTY OF	¥ 29	44	XVI, XVII.
Bhitari in Gházipur District, NW. P			
An ancient Hindu town	. 1	96	
Pillar with inscription concerning Skanda Gupta at-		38, Note,	XVII, XXX
Indo-Sassanian coins of 8th or 9th century from-		97-99,101	
Elephant and chaitya copper coin from-	2 22	37	
Bricks inscribed with name of Kumára Gupta at-			xxx.
Sculptures of Gupta period at-	. 10	99, 100	
Excavations by Mr. C. Horne at-		100, 103	
Bhoja Deva, King of Northern India-			
Inscription of reign of, dated Samvat 979 and Sa 784, at Deogarh in Lalitpur			
Joss at DeoEsta in Palithat	· X	101	XXXIII.

The Imperial Gazettrer places Bhilis in Bhopsi, but Mr. Fleet (Gergus, Inter, Ind., 111, p. 22) states that it is the principal town of the Bhilisa subdivision of the Isagarh District in the Gwilior State, otherwise known as Sindia's dominions.

	Vot.	PAGE.	PL	ATE.	
Shoja Deva, King of Northern India—contd.					
Mentioned in Rājā Tārangini and inscriptions of Gwá- liár and Pahewa (Pehoa)	Х	101	4	*	
Ruled over all Northern India in 9th century A.D	24	102			7
Inscription of, at Pehoa (Pahewa), dated Samvat 276 .	11	224	+	+	
Gwáliár inscription of, dated S. 933=A. D. 876 Seems to be mentioned in inscription at Rájim, C. P	xvn	335, 355			
Bhoja tribe—					
Mentioned in Sháhbázgarhi inscription and in Mahá- bhárata and Puránas	v	20	×		
Bhonsi in Gurgaon District, Panjáb—					
Mosque at	XX	137	,	4	
Bhúbhara (Búmara) in Nágaudh State, Baghelkhand—					
Inscription of Rājā Hastin, &c., from—	IX	8	+	*	
Bhuilá Dih in Bastí District, NW. P					
= Kapilavástu	XII	14,82			
Maps of neighburhood of-	28		VIII	-X.	
General description of—	- 99	143	*		
Discovery of supposed bed chamber of Mahá-Máyá		168	Xt.		
Pottery found at—	9.7	145	XII.		
Indo-Scythian and other ancient coins found at and	11				
Ancient causeways at—	11	152, 154	*		
Kot, an ancient fort north of—	100	155			
Various sites around, identified with those mentioned in Buddhist legend as around Kapilavástu	19	100			
Bhulli in Mirzápur District, NW. P.—		1V,112,157, 172		+	
Nágri inscriptions in cave, and sculptured obelisks at-	ıxı	707			
Inscription of Kutb-ud-din Mubarak Khilji at	XXI	130	XX	CATE	I.
		-3-		*	
Bhuinhár caste—					
In Bengal and Bihár	V	115			
Not to be confounded with Bhuiyas	XVII	134			
Bhuinhárs, Bárah—					
Bengal traditions of—	XV	147			
Bhniyas (Bhúmiyas)—					
The most numerous Kolian tribe of aborigines	XVII	-			
Not to be confounded with Bhuinhars		133			
Characteristics of	39	134	1	*	
	32	135	1		

	Vos.	PAGE,	PLA	TE.	
Bhuksa tribe—					_
Mr. E. Colvin's account of-	XII	136			1
Bhurárí (Bhadrárí) in Sháhpur District, Panjáb— Ruins at— See Barári.	v	96			
Bidisa— See Besnagar.					
Bihár—		- 0.7			
Four places of this name in Gangetic Provinces	Xi	31			1
Bihár (Dand-Bihár) in Patna District, Bengal— Name of = Vihára	1	36			
Only extant Buddhist remains at, are votive shipas and		37			
broken statues Pillar with Gupta inscriptions inside the fort at—		37,38, Note.	ZVII		
Christian (? Armenian) tombs at	**	38	-	-	×
Curlonean walls of fort at-	11		4		
Formerly known as Dand Bihar, and Suba-Binar .	VIII	75			
Seems to be ancient Udandapura or Otantapura		**************************************	1		
	XI	185,191	*		*
Also probably named Yasovarmmapura or Jaspur .	III	76			
,	VIII	185			
The capital of Magadha in 1200 A.D	1	186			
Topography of-	15				
Bihár Province—		185			
= Ancient Magadha	viii	52			
List of ancient sites in- Tradition of emigration of Chamárs from, to Chhattis-		3-			
garh in Central Provinces	IIV	225		*	*
Bíjápur in Kaládgi District, Bombay					
Described by Sykes, Fergusson, &c	1	Intr. iv		*	
Bijaymandirgarh—					
See Vijayamandirgarh.					
Bijolí in Mewár (Udaipur) State, Rájputána-	1				
Also named Morakuro and Ahaichpur.	. VI	234		*	
Temples at—	. 99	235		*	
Mediaval inscriptions at-	* 29	238		-	
Sett inscription, dated S. 1232 = A.D. 1175 at	* 39	239			
Ancient inscription supposed to exist at	. 19	251	1		*
Bikaner State, Rájputána—	1000	0.			
Partly corresponds with ancient Bágar-des .	. XIV	81		*	

Bikrampur near Dhákká— The capital of the early and of the latest Sena Rájás . Ruins of palace of Ballál Sen at— Legends of tomb at— Bilharí in Jabalpur District, C. P.— Formerly named Puphávati or Pushpávatí Traditions of Lakshman Singh Parihár at— Temples at— Legend of Mádhavánala and Kám Kandalá at— = Bridama of Ptolemy XX Billáspur in Biláspur District, C. P.— Inscriptions from Malhár and Ratanpur formerly at— Stone from Kosgain inscribed on both faces, and inscribed statue at— Bilhariyá in Bándá District, N. W. P.— Temples at— Billsar (Bilsand) in Etá District, NW. P.— = Pi-lo-shan na of Hwen Thsang = Tilsanda, &c., of Muhammadan authors Remains of monastery, &c., at— Square pillars of Gupta temple at— Pillars with inscriptions of Kumára Gupta at— Carved bricks from— Bimbisára, King of Magadha— Also named Srenika Founded second city of Rájagriha Said to have resided at Nálanda Binagara of Ptolemy— = Thatha in Síndh	132, 167 132 133 133 34 35 36 37 57 93	XXXV.
Ruins of palace of Ballál Sen at— Legends of tomb at— Bilharí in Jabalpur District, C. P.— Formerly named Puphávati or Pushpávati Traditions of Lakshman Singh Parihár at— Temples at— Legend of Mádhavánala and Kám Kandalá at— Bridama of Ptolemy XX Bilan Deo— An alias of Anang Pál I., q.v. Biláspur in Biláspur District, C. P.— Inscriptions from Malhár and Ratanpur formerly at— Stone from Kosgain inscribed on both faces, and inscribed statue at— Bilhariyá in Bándá District, NW. P.— Temples at— Bilsar (Bilsand) in Etá District, NW. P.— Pi-lo-shan-na of Hwen Thsang Tilsanda, &c., of Muhammadan authors Remains of monastery, &c., at— Square pillars of Gupta temple at— Pillars with inscriptions of Kumára Gupta at— Carved bricks from— Bimbisára, King of Magadha— Also named Srenika Founded second city of Rájagriha Said to have resided at Nálanda Binagara of Ptolemy— Thatha in Síndh	132 133 34 35 36 37 57 93	
Ruins of palace of Ballal Sen at— Legends of tomb at— Bilharf in Jabalpur District, C. P.— Formerly named Puphávati or Pushpávati Traditions of Lakshman Singh Parihár at— Temples at— Legend of Mádhavánala and Kám Kandalá at— — Bridama of Ptolemy XX Billan Deo— An alias of Anang Pál I., q.v. Billáspur in Biláspur District, C. P.— Inscriptions from Malhár and Ratanpur formerly at— Stone from Kosgain inscríbed on both faces, and inscribed statue at— Bilhariyá in Bándá District, NW. P.— Temples at— El-lo-shan-na of Hwen Thsang — Tilsanda, &c., of Muhammadan authors Remains of monastery, &c., at— Square pillars of Gupta temple at— Pillars with inscriptions of Kumára Gupta at— Carved bricks from— Bimbisára, King of Magadha— Also named Srenika Founded second city of Rájagriha Said to have resided at Nálanda Binagara of Ptolemy— — Thatha in Síndh	132 133 34 35 36 37 57 93	
Bilharí in Jabalpur District, C. P.— Formerly named Puphávati or Pushpávatí Traditions of Lakshman Singh Parihár at— Temples at— Legend of Mádhavánala and Kám Kandalá at— — Bridama of Ptolemy Sillán Deo— An alias of Anang Pál I., q.v. Billáspur in Biláspur District, C. P.— Inscriptions from Malhár and Ratanpur formerly at— Stone from Kosgain inscríbed on both faces, and inscribed statue at— Bilhariyá in Bándá District, NW. P.— Temples at— Sillsar (Bilsand) in Etá District, NW. P.— — Pi-lo-shan-na of Hwen Thsang — Tilsanda, &c., of Muhammadan authors Remains of monastery, &c., at— Square pillars of Gupta temple at— Pillars with inscriptions of Kumára Gupta at— Carved bricks from— Simbisára, King of Magadha— Also named Srenika Founded second city of Rájagriha Said to have resided at Nálanda Binagara of Ptolemy— — Thatha in Síndh	34 35 36 37 57 93	
Bilharí in Jabalpur District, C. P.— Formerly named Puphávati or Pushpávatí Traditions of Lakshman Singh Parihár at— Temples at— Legend of Mádhavánala and Kám Kandalá at— = Bridama of Ptolemy XX Bilan Deo— An alias of Anang Pál I., q.v. Biláspur in Biláspur District, C. P.— Inscriptions from Malhár and Ratanpur formerly at— Stone from Kosgain inscríbed on both faces, and inscribed statue at— Bilhariyá in Bándá District, NW. P.— Temples at— Bilsar (Bilsand) in Etá District, NW. P.— = Pi-lo-shan na of Hwen Thsang = Tilsanda, &c., of Muhammadan authors Remains of monastery, &c., at— Pillars with inscriptions of Kumára Gupta at— Carved bricks from— Bimbisára, King of Magadha— Also named Srenika Founded second city of Rájagriha Said to have resided at Nálanda Binagara of Ptolemy— = Thatha in Síndh	34 35 36 37 57 93	
Formerly named Puphávati or Pushpávati Traditions of Lakshman Singh Parihár at— Temples at— Legend of Mádhavánala and Kám Kandalá at— = Bridama of Ptolemy NX Bilan Deo— An alias of Anang Pál I., q.v. Biláspur in Biláspur District, C. P.— Inscriptions from Malhár and Katanpur formerly at— Stone from Kosgain inscribed on both faces, and inscribed statue at— Bilhariyá in Bándá District, NW. P.— Temples at— Bilsar (Bilsand) in Etá District, NW. P.— = Pi-lo-shan-na of Hwen Thsang = Tilsanda, &c., of Muhammadan authors Remains of monastery, &c., at— Square pillars of Gupta temple at— Pillars with inscriptions of Kumára Gupta at— Carved bricks from— Bimbisára, King of Magadha— Also named Srenika Founded second city of Rájagriha Said to have resided at Nálanda Binagara of Ptolemy— = Thatha in Síndh	35 36 37 57 93	VII
Formerly named Puphávati or Pushpávatí Traditions of Lakshman Singh Parihár at— Temples at— Legend of Mádhavánala and Kám Kandalá at— = Bridama of Ptolemy NX Bilan Deo— An alias of Anang Pál I., q.v. Biláspur in Biláspur District, C. P.— Inscriptions from Malhár and Katanpur formerly at— Stone from Kosgain inscribed on both faces, and inscribed statue at— Bilhariyá in Bándá District, NW. P.— Temples at— Bilsar (Bilsand) in Etá District, NW. P.— = Pi-lo-shan-na of Hwen Thsang = Tilsanda, &c., of Muhammadan authors Remains of monastery, &c., at— Square pillars of Gupta temple at— Pillars with inscriptions of Kumára Gupta at— Carved bricks from— Bimbisára, King of Magadha— Also named Srenika Founded second city of Rájagriha Said to have resided at Nálanda Binagara of Ptolemy— = Thatha in Síndh	35 36 37 57 93	VII
Traditions of Lakshman Singh Parihar at— Temples at— Legend of Mádhavánala and Kám Kandalá at— = Bridama of Ptolemy XX Bilan Deo— An alias of Anang Pái I., q.v. Biláspur in Biláspur District, C. P.— Inscriptions from Malhár and Ratanpur formerly at— Stone from Kosgain inscribed on both faces, and inscribed statue at— Bilhariyá in Bándá District, NW. P.— Temples at— Sillar (Bilsand) in Etá District, NW. P.— = Pi-lo-shan-na of Hwen Thsang = Tilsanda, &c., of Muhammadan authors Remains of monastery, &c., at— Square pillars of Gupta temple at— Pillars with inscriptions of Kumára Gupta at— Carved bricks from— Simbisára, King of Magadha— Also named Srenika Founded second city of Rájagriha Said to have resided at Nálanda Binagara of Ptolemy— = Thatha in Síndh	35 36 37 57 93	VIII
Temples at— Legend of Mádhavánala and Kám Kandalá at— Bridama of Ptolemy XX Bilan Deo— An alias of Anang Pál I., q.v. Biláspur in Biláspur District, C. P.— Inscriptions from Malhár and Ratanpur formerly at— Stone from Kosgain inscribed on both faces, and inscribed statue at— Bilhariyá in Bándá District, NW. P.— Temples at— Bilsar (Bilsand) in Etá District, NW. P.— Pi-lo-shan na of Hwen Thsang Tilsanda, &c., of Muhammadan authors Remains of monastery, &c., at— Square pillars of Gupta temple at— Pillars with inscriptions of Kumára Gupta at— Carved bricks from— Bimbisára, King of Magadha— Also named Srenika Founded second city of Rájagriha Said to have resided at Nálanda Binagara of Ptolemy— Thatha in Síndh	36 37 57 93	VII
Legend of Mádhavánala and Kám Kandalá at— Bridama of Ptolemy XX Bilan Deo— An alias of Anang Pál I., q.v. Biláspur in Biláspur District, C. P.— Inscriptions from Malhár and Ratanpur formerly at— Stone from Kosgain inscríbed on both faces, and inscribed statue at— Bilhariyá in Bándá District, NW. P.— Temples at— Bilsar (Bilsand) in Etá District, NW. P.— Pi-lo-shan-na of Hwen Thsang Tilsanda, &c., of Muhammadan authors Remains of monastery, &c., at— Square pillars of Gupta temple at— Pillars with inscriptions of Kumára Gupta at— Carved bricks from— Bimbisára, King of Magadha— Also named Srenika Founded second city of Rájagriha Said to have resided at Nálanda Binagara of Ptolemy— Thatha in Síndh	37 57 93	VII
Bilan Deo— An alias of Anang Pál I., q.v. Biláspur in Biláspur District, C. P.— Inscriptions from Malhár and Ratanpur formerly at— Stone from Kosgain inscríbed on both faces, and inscribed statue at— Bilhariyá in Bándá District, NW. P.— Temples at— Bilsar (Bilsand) in Etá District, NW. P.— Pi-lo-shan-na of Hwen Thsang — Tilsanda, &c., of Muhammadan authors Remains of monastery, &c., at— Square pillars of Gupta temple at— Pillars with inscriptions of Kumára Gupta at— Carved bricks from— Bimbisára, King of Magadha— Also named Srenika Founded second city of Rájagriha Said to have resided at Nálanda Binagara of Ptolemy— — Thatha in Síndh	57 93	
Bilan Deo— An alias of Anang Pál I., q.v. Biláspur in Biláspur District, C. P.— Inscriptions from Malhár and Ratanpur formerly at— Stone from Kosgain inscríbed on both faces, and inscribed statue at— Bilhariyá in Bándá District, NW. P.— Temples at— Bilsar (Bilsand) in Etá District, NW. P.— Pi-lo-shan na of Hwen Thsang Tilsanda, &c., of Muhammadan authors Remains of monastery, &c., at— Square pillars of Gupta temple at— Pillars with inscriptions of Kumára Gupta at— Carved bricks from— Bimbisára, King of Magadha— Also named Srenika Founded second city of Rájagriha Said to have resided at Nálanda Binagara of Ptolemy— Thatha in Síndh	93	
An alias of Anang Pál I., q.v. I Biláspur in Biláspur District, C. P.— Inscriptions from Malhár and Ratanpur formerly at— Stone from Kosgain inscríbed on both faces, and inscribed statue at— Bilhariyá in Bándá District, NW. P.— Temples at— Bilsar (Bilsand) in Etá District, NW. P.— Pi-lo-shan-na of Hwen Thsang — Tilsanda, &c., of Muhammadan authors Remains of monastery, &c., at— Square pillars of Gupta temple at— Pillars with inscriptions of Kumára Gupta at— Carved bricks from— Bimbisára, King of Magadha— Also named Srenika Founded second city of Rájagriha Said to have resided at Nálanda Binagara of Ptolemy— — Thatha in Síndh	7	
An alias of Anang Pál I., q.v. Biláspur in Biláspur District, C. P.— Inscriptions from Malhár and Katanpur formerly at— Stone from Kosgain inscríbed on both faces, and inscribed statue at— Bilhariyá in Bándá District, N. W. P.— Temples at— Silsar (Bilsand) in Etá District, NW. P.— Pi-lo-shan-na of Hwen Thsang Tilsanda, &c., of Muhammadan authors Remains of monastery, &c., at— Square pillars of Gupta temple at— Pillars with inscriptions of Kumára Gupta at— Carved bricks from— Bimbisára, King of Magadha— Also named Srenika Founded second city of Rájagriha Said to have resided at Nálanda Binagara of Ptolemy— Thatha in Síndh	141	
Inscriptions from Malhár and Ratanpur formerly at— Stone from Kosgain inscribed on both faces, and inscribed statue at— Bilhariyá in Bándá District, NW. P.— Temples at— Bilsar (Bilsand) in Etá District, NW. P.— Pi-lo-shan-na of Hwen Thsang Tilsanda, &c., of Muhammadan authors Remains of monastery, &c., at— Square pillars of Gupta temple at— Pillars with inscriptions of Kumára Gupta at— Carved bricks from— Bimbisára, King of Magadha— Also named Srenika Founded second city of Rájagriha Said to have resided at Nálanda Binagara of Ptolemy— Thatha in Síndh	141	
Inscriptions from Malhár and Ratanpur formerly at— Stone from Kosgain inscribed on both faces, and inscribed statue at— Bilhariyá in Bándá District, NW. P.— Temples at— Bilsar (Bilsand) in Etá District, NW. P.— Pi-lo-shan-na of Hwen Thsang Tilsanda, &c., of Muhammadan authors Remains of monastery, &c., at— Square pillars of Gupta temple at— Pillars with inscriptions of Kumára Gupta at— Carved bricks from— Bimbisára, King of Magadha— Also named Srenika Founded second city of Rájagriha Said to have resided at Nálanda Binagara of Ptolemy— Thatha in Síndh	141	
Inscriptions from Malhár and Ratanpur formerly at— Stone from Kosgain inscribed on both faces, and inscribed statue at— Bilhariyá in Bándá District, NW. P.— Temples at— Bilsar (Bilsand) in Etá District, NW. P.— Pi-lo-shan-na of Hwen Thsang — Tilsanda, &c., of Muhammadan authors Remains of monastery, &c., at— Square pillars of Gupta temple at— Pillars with inscriptions of Kumára Gupta at— Carved bricks from— Bimbisára, King of Magadha— Also named Srenika Founded second city of Rájagriha Said to have resided at Nálanda Binagara of Ptolemy— — Thatha in Síndh		
Inscriptions from Malhár and Ratanpur formerly at— Stone from Kosgain inscribed on both faces, and inscribed statue at— Bilhariyá in Bándá District, NW. P.— Temples at— Bilsar (Bilsand) in Etá District, NW. P.— Pi-lo-shan-na of Hwen Thsang — Tilsanda, &c., of Muhammadan authors Remains of monastery, &c., at— Square pillars of Gupta temple at— Pillars with inscriptions of Kumára Gupta at— Carved bricks from— Bimbisára, King of Magadha— Also named Srenika Founded second city of Rájagriha Said to have resided at Nálanda Binagara of Ptolemy— — Thatha in Síndh		
Stone from Kosgain inscribed on both faces, and inscribed statue at— Bilhariyâ în Bándá District, NW. P.— Temples at— Bilsar (Bilsand) în Etâ District, NW. P.— Pi-lo-shan na of Hwen Thsang Tilsanda, &c., of Muhammadan authors Remains of monastery, &c., at— Square pillars of Gupta temple at— Pillars with inscriptions of Kumára Gupta at— Carved bricks from— Bimbisára, King of Magadha— Also named Srenika Founded second city of Rájagriha Said to have resided at Nálanda Binagara of Ptolemy— Thatha in Síndh		
Bilhariyâ în Bándá District, NW. P.— Temples at— Bilsar (Bilsand) în Etâ District, NW. P.— Pi-lo-shan-na of Hwen Thsang — Tilsanda, &c., of Muhammadan authors Remains of monastery, &c., at— Square pillars of Gupta temple at— Pillars with inscriptions of Kumára Gupta at— Carved bricks from— Bimbisára, King of Magadha— Also named Srenika Founded second city of Rájagriha Said to have resided at Nálanda Binagara of Ptolemy— — Thatha in Síndh	214	+ 4
Bilhariyâ în Bándá District, NW. P.— Temples at— Bilsar (Bilsand) în Etá District, NW. P.— Pi-lo-shan-na of Hwen Thsang Tilsanda, &c., of Muhammadan authors Remains of monastery, &c., at— Square pillars of Gupta temple at— Pillars with inscriptions of Kumára Gupta at— Carved bricks from— Bimbisára, King of Magadha— Also named Srenika Founded second city of Rájagriha Said to have resided at Nálanda Binagara of Ptolemy— Thatha in Síndh		
Temples at— Silsar (Bilsand) in Etá District, NW. P.— Pi-lo-shan-na of Hwen Thsang Tilsanda, &c., of Muhammadan authors Remains of monastery, &c., at— Square pillars of Gupta temple at— Pillars with inscriptions of Kumára Gupta at— Carved bricks from— Simbisára, King of Magadha— Also named Srenika Founded second city of Rájagriha Said to have resided at Nálanda Binagara of Ptolemy— Thatha in Síndh	· · ·	
Temples at— NXI Bilsar (Bilsand) in Etá District, NW. P.— Pi-lo-shan-na of Hwen Thsang Tilsanda, &c., of Muhammadan authors Remains of monastery, &c., at— Square pillars of Gupta temple at— Pillars with inscriptions of Kumára Gupta at— Carved bricks from— Simbisára, King of Magadha— Also named Srenika Founded second city of Rájagriha Said to have resided at Nálanda Binagara of Ptolemy— Thatha in Síndh		-1
Bilsar (Bilsand) in Etá District, NW. P.— Pi-lo-shan na of Hwen Thsang Tilsanda, &c., of Muhammadan authors Remains of monastery, &c., at— Square pillars of Gupta temple at— Pillars with inscriptions of Kumára Gupta at— Carved bricks from— Bimbisára, King of Magadha— Also named Srenika Founded second city of Rájagriha Said to have resided at Nálanda Binagara of Ptolemy— Thatha in Síndh		
Pi-lo-shan-na of Hwen Thsang Tilsanda, &c., of Muhammadan authors Remains of monastery, &c., at— Square pillars of Gupta temple at— Pillars with inscriptions of Kumára Gupta at— Carved bricks from— Simbisára, King of Magadha— Also named Srenika Founded second city of Rájagriha Said to have resided at Nálanda Binagara of Ptolemy— Thatha in Síndh	19	- w
Pi-lo-shan-na of Hwen Thsang Tilsanda, &c., of Muhammadan authors Remains of monastery, &c., at— Square pillars of Gupta temple at— Pillars with inscriptions of Kumára Gupta at— Carved bricks from— Simbisára, King of Magadha— Also named Srenika Founded second city of Rájagriha Said to have resided at Nálanda Binagara of Ptolemy— Thatha in Síndh	1	
= Tilsanda, &c., of Muhammadan authors Remains of monastery, &c., at— Square pillars of Gupta temple at— Pillars with inscriptions of Kumára Gupta at— Carved bricks from— Simbisára, King of Magadha— Also named Srenika Founded second city of Rájagriha Said to have resided at Nálanda Sinagara of Ptolemy— = Thatha in Síndh	1	
Remains of monastery, &c., at— Square pillars of Gupta temple at— Pillars with inscriptions of Kumára Gupta at— Carved bricks from— Simbisára, King of Magadha— Also named Srenika Founded second city of Rájagriha Said to have resided at Nálanda Sinagara of Ptolemy— — Thatha in Síndh	15	9 9
Square pillars of Gupta temple at— Pillars with inscriptions of Kumára Gupta at— Carved bricks from— Simbisára, King of Magadha— Also named Srenika Founded second city of Rájagriha Said to have resided at Nálanda Binagara of Ptolemy— — Thatha in Síndh	2.1	
Pillars with inscriptions of Kumára Gupta at— Carved bricks from— Simbisára, King of Magadha— Also named Srenika Founded second city of Rájagriha Said to have resided at Nálanda Binagara of Ptolemy— — Thatha in Síndh	10	ν,
Carved bricks from— Bimbisára, King of Magadha— Also named Srenika Founded second city of Rájagríha Said to have resided at Nálanda Binagara of Ptolemy— Thatha in Síndh	17	VI.
Bimbisára, King of Magadha— Also named Srenika Founded second city of Rájagriha Said to have resided at Nálanda Binagara of Ptolemy— = Thatha in Síndh	18	VIII.
Also named Srenika Founded second city of Rájagriha Said to have resided at Nálanda Binagara of Ptolemy— = Thatha in Síndh	21	VIII.
Also named Srenika Founded second city of Rájagriha Said to have resided at Nálanda Binagara of Ptolemy— Thatha in Síndh		
Founded second city of Rájagriha Said to have resided at Nálanda "" Binagara of Ptolemy— — Thatha in Síndh		
Said to have resided at Nálanda	23	
Binagara of Ptolemy— = Thatha in Sindh		
Binagara of Ptolemy— = Thatha in Síndh	28	
= Thatha in Síndh		
No. 1 of the last	46	
Sindusára, King of Magadha—	- 1	
Rebellion of Taxila against—		
lírbal, Ráiá	112	
	112	
Palaces of, at Agra	112	
Originally named Mahesh Dás, and born at Kálpí XXI		

	Ves.	Page.	Pi	ATE.	
irpur (Bhirpur in ?) Rewá State, Baghelkhand-					
Ancient temple at	XIX	73	xv-	XVII	ī,
ishanpur in Bánkurá District, Bengal-					
Numerous late temples at-	VIII	203			
Inscriptions, dated in Malla era at		20.3			
in either Bengal or local era at	- 11	205			
at, combined with those from Pachet and					
Chátná	21	**			
The 'Ras Mancha' at	39	206			
ishanpur Ghenjan in Gaya District, Bengal-					
Buddhist creed inscriptions at-	11	63	,	*	
Cont District Dancel					
ishanpur Tandwa in Gaya District, Bengal-					
Inscribed Buddhist statues at- Identified at one time by Cunningham with Udan-	13.	105			
dapura	16	75		*	
itbhaya-pattana-					
Ancient name of Bithá in Alláhábád District, q.v					
ithá and Deoriyá in Alláhábád District, NW. P					
= Ancient Bitbhaya-pattana	111	47	XVII	-	
Buddhist inscriptions from	36		xvn	T.	
Ruins of extensive city at-	39	49			
Glazed pottery found at-	**	51	+	+	
Stone stools found at	39	52			
Buddhist and Brahmanical sculptures at— Inscriptions of Kumára Gupta (Imperial) on statue and	X	6	111.		
obelisk near-		7	IV.		
Three inscriptions of 9th century near-			in.		
ithanda of Ferishta—					
Perhaps == Ohind on Indus	II XI	93			
Certainly = Bilsar, q.v	AI	22		-	
iya-Kund in Bijawar State, Bundelkhand-					
A holy place	XXI	169			
lochmann, Mr					
Contributions to history of Bengal by-	XV	168		*	
Divides Muhammadan period in Bengal into five parts	36	169		*	
lod in Orissa—					
	XIII	118	XVD		

						Vol	Page	I	LATE	1
Boddika—					-					Ī
= Pádika, a coin ,= ‡ Kársha,	= 01	bolus				XI	176			
Bodh-Gayá—										
See Buddha-Gaya.										
Sodhi-tree, the (Bodhi-driim)-										
See Buddha-Gaya.										
Bodosamar State, Orissa—										
Temples in		-	,	4		XIII	140			
Bogra (Bagraha) District, Bengal-						1				
Red soil of—	T	40		2		XV	113			
Bolingæ, country of (Ptolemy)—										
= Rewá State	+		÷	16		XXI	92			
Boram Deo in Biláspur District, C. P										
Inscription, dated S. 1608 = A.I	D. 15	551 at	-			XVII	34	4		
Temple of Boram Deo at, with f	ive i	nscri	ptions			**	35, 42	XXI	XX	1
Inscription of Magardhwaja Jog	fi at-	-		+	4	0	36	100	12	
Sati monument, dated S. 1422 = Brick temple of peculiar plan at-	= A.l		05 at		*	-	37		N.j.	
Out and the second			*			91	38	XXI		
Other temples at— . Inscription, dated Vikrama Sak	4	of an	*	+		- 11	39	XXI	11.	
Satí pillars with date in Vikram	ia Sa	imvai	and	60 ye	ars	10	40		- 5	
Jupiter's cycle at— .	٠	12		1.	-	20	41	-		
Brahmá—										
Temple of, at Dudahi in Lalitp	OUT									
at Khajuráho .					-	X	93	XXI	1	
Colossal statue of, at Garhwa						III	57			
				*		141	56			
Bráhmana Deva Yaudheya-										
Coins of—	*					XIV	143			
Brahmanism-										
Early introduced in Yusufzai						v	7			
Brahmans, Maithila—										
Divided into four sections by R	454	Home	e:							
William William by R	mja	· rara	omh	a,	4	XVI	4			
Brahul Race-										
Probably a remnant of the Acc	adia	ne								
y	enderitt (113				IX	160			

	Vac.	PAGE.	PLATE	
				-
Brass—	2011	****		
Images in Chambá State, Panjáb	XIV	100		•
Brick—				
Characteristics of early architecture of N. India in, illustrated by Bhitargaon example	XI	42		ú
The material of buildings in Panjab plains	V	95		-
Hindu arches at Konch in Bihár constructed of—	VIII	54- 55		
Bricks—		97		
At Bhitari inscribed with name of Kumára Gupta .	1	97		
Bricks, moulded-	v	100	xxx.	
Characteristic of ruins in Panjab plains		102		
Inscriptions on, at Shorkot	79	113	XXXV.	
At Tulamba, &c., in Panjáb	19			
Bridama of Ptolemy-	IX	57		
=Bilahri in Jabalpur District, C. P	XXI	93		
Broadley, Mr	VIII	88		+
Destructive researches of, at Nálanda				
Buchanar Hamilton, Dr	i	Intr. 111, 1V		4
Statistical and archæological work of-				
Budaon-				
See Badaon.				
Buddha-		63		
Resided for a time at Vaisali		8		
Death and obsequies of, at Kusinagara	. 10	103		
First expounded his doctrine at Benares Statues of, at or near Benares		104, 113		
Statues of, at or hear pental Statues of, at Srávastí and Sáketa Duration of residence of, at Srávastí and Sáketa	. 10	319		
Legend of body offering of—	. 11	54 87		
History of reputed alms-bown of	XVI	0		
Early images of, in Indo-Scythian sculptures and coin	S,			
and at Sravasti		VII		
	XI			
Early statue of, at Anyor in Mathura District .	. XX	45		
Buddha-Gayá (Bodh-Gayá) in Gayá District, Bengal—			7	
Described by Fa-Hian and Hwen Thsang .	. 1	4. 3		

	Vot.	Pass,	PLATE.
uddha-Gayá (Bodh-Gayá) in Gayá District, Bengal—contd.			
Bodhi-drim at, destroyed by Sasangka, and renewed			
by Púrna Varmma	1	5	
b) 2 at 100 1 at 101 at	1111	80, 81	
Ruined fort of Amara Sinha, &c., at	1	11	
Few extant inscriptions at—		12	VI.
Rude stone circles near—	viii	66	VI.
Stupa of Asoka originally on site of great temple at.	I	6	
Forged inscription of Amara Deva, said to have been	1		
found at—			
round at—	viii	58, Note	
Identification of sundry sites at	4 4 4 4		*
was a second of the second of	XI	147	XL.
	XVI	Pref. III	
Traces of Greek art at	111	97, 100	XXVII-XXIX
Great temple at—			
Plan of—	1	5	IV, V.
	III	82	XXV.
Buddha-pad stone at—	1	9	VII.
Inscribed Buddhist railing round and near	.89	10, Note	vii-xi.
	111	86-98	XXVI, &c
			XXVIII-XXX
Date of	1	Intr. XL	
	111	90-95	
	XI	146	
Date of vaults and arches in	111	84	
	VIII	66-72	
	XI	141	
Model stúpas found at—	Ш	87	1
Burmese inscription, dated A.D. 1305 at-	1	8	
	111	102	XXXII.
Modern Burmese inscriptions at		105	
Ornamentation of—	10-	96, 104	XXVII, XXXI.
Details of structure of—	VIII	67, 73	
Details of Structure of	7 444	01. 13	
nddhism—			
Antagonism of sects of—	1		
Destroyed at Mathurá between A.D. 634 and 1017		251	
	x"	237	
Relation to Jainism of—	XVIII	63	
The four great sites famous in early history of— .	II	3	
Persecuted by King Pushpamitra	11	41	
Proofs from Hindu writers of Brahmanical persecution	vv		
of	XX	103	
Revival of, probably in reign of Harsha Varddhana of	200		
Kanauj	XI	98	
Was dominant religion in Magadha from 8th century	9.7		
A.D. to Muhammadan conquest	III	119	
	XX	103	

	Vot.	PAGE.	PLATE.
Later history of, circa 800 A.D., illustrated by inscrip- tions from Ghosráwa in Bihár	1	38	
Existed at Mahoba in Bundelkhand in 11th or 12th	11	445	
century A.D. In Kángra Valley traceable at Chári only	V	178	
Buddhist Creed— Hodgson's and BurnouPs translations of—	1	111	
Hodgson's and Darmer			
Buddhist Railing-		10	VII - XI.
At Buddha-Gayá	111	86-98	xxvi & xxviii— xxx.
		23	viii-x.
At Mathurá and elsewhere May be a development of the rude stone circle	1	Intr. xxx	
Buddhist Satraps—			
See Satraps, Buddhist-			
Buddhist Synod— See Synod, Buddhist		7 7 -1	
Baddhpur in Singhbhúm— Jain, &c., remains at—	VIII	197	
Budha Gupta, King-	. IX	21, 25	v.
Dated silver coins of— Inscribed pillar of, at Eran	X	81	XXV, XXVI
Bukephala— Probably = either Jalálpur, or Diláwar (Dáráp ur)	n	175, 186	
Bulandshahr, in Bulandshahr District, NW. P.— Anciently named Baran	. XIV	147	
Bundelkhand- Named Jejákabhukti in inscriptions, and perhaps	= X	23, 99	
Sandrabatis of Ptolemy	XXI	v1, 57, 58, 92, 173.	
	. VII		XXII.
Map of— Women's costume in—	* 30	57	1
Burám in Mánbhúm District, Bengal— Temples at—	. viii	184-18	6 xix.

			Vos.	PAGE.	PLATE.
Burhánpur in Gwáliár State, Central India-					
Mosques at—		,	IX	115	xvn, xvm
Burmese—					
Eras			VIII	2, 3	
Inscriptions at Buddha Gayá			1	8, 0	
			111	102, 105	XXXII.
Buxar (Baghsar) in Sháhábád District, Bengal-					
Not = Mahására		-		65	
Byána—					
See Bayana in Bharatpur State.					
C		1			-1.0
Cairns, sepulchral—					
In Agra District			VI	13- 33	it.
Calamina—					
Traditionary locality of martyrdom of Saint	Thon	nas,			
and perhaps = Minnagar of the Periplus	*		11	- 60	
			V	20	
Canning, Lord-					
Minute on Archaeology in Upper India by-		-	1	Pref. 1-111	
Capitals—					
Form of, a test of age of buildings			X	61, 64	XXII.
Cardinal points—					
Deviation of Gupta and certain other ancient	buildi	nes			
from, a mark of antiquity			IX	72, 82	
Carlleyle, A. C., Mr				14100	
Discovered Asoka pillar at Rampurwá			-		
		+	XVI	Pref. viii	
Researches and restorations at Kasiá of-			XXII	124, Note	* *
			XXII	16-29, 58	111, 17.
Cashmere—					Tody to t
See Kashmir					
Celt-					
Copper, found at Mathurá See Stone implements.			111	16	11.

	Vol.	PASE.	PLAT	Er.	
Central Provinces—	2001	160			
Coins scarce in eastern parts of—	VII, I	100			
Chach, Rájá of Sindh— Captured Multán about A.D. 650	v	114			
Chach-Hazára— Modern name of Taxila District	II	115			
Cháhada Deva, Rájá of Narwár— Dated coins of—	14	314			
Conflict of, with Nasir ud-din, King of Delhi, 1251 A.D.		315			
Cháhara Deva— A younger brother of Prithí Ráj Chauhán	1	157			
Chakrapura— An ancient name of Árá (Arrah)	m	73			
Chakravarttí Ràjá— Memorial of, at cross-roads	1	66	4		+
Chalpáni R. in Yusufzai— —Malamantos of Arrian	ν	3			
Chálukya Dynasty— Probably began in A.D. 318 Probably began in A.D. 318 Probably began in A.D. 318	. 1	Intr. xxix	٠	(K)	*
Probably began in A.D. 316 Conquered a branch of the Kalachuri Haihayas in 6th and 7th centuries A.D.	XVH	77 83 281	*		
Vikramáditya of, defeated Harsha Vardhana Inscriptions of, in C. P.	3.77.7	141			
Chambá (Champá) State in Panjáb— Inscriptions on brass images at Barmáwar, &c., in—	xıv	109	XX	viii.	
Rájás of— Three inscriptions on copper, and one on stone in—	XXI	135		*	,
Champa - Ancient name of Bhágalpur in Bengal	. xv	33		٠	
Champanagar in Bhagalpur District, Bengal— Capital of ancient kingdom of Anga		31		ė	
Champáran District, Bengal— Included in ancient Mithila Unexplored ancient sites in—	. XVI	34 50		:	

				1	Vot.	PAGE	P	LATE	
Champávatí—									
Alleged ancient name of Chátsú in	Jayp	ur Sta	ite	+	VI	116			
Champávatí R.—									
Chándan R. in Bengal				-	VIII	130			
Chand Ráisá poem—				1					
Brief account of—	4				1	150			
Historical errors of—	4			4	IX	153			,
Chi-di la Chi-di Dinida O D					X	91			
Chándá in Chándá District, C.P.—									
Founded by Ballál Sáh Gond abou	t.A.	D. 14	50		1X	136	+		
Curious sculptures at	-		+	-	936	138			
Chandaka, Stepa of-									
At Maháthán in Bastí District		4		+	XXII	111, 5			,
76/-1- n : n									
Chándan R. in Bengal—									
=Ancient Champávatí R				2	VIII	130	4	*	
Chandel (Chandella) clan-									
Migrations of sections of-	4			-	XXI	90			
Chandel (Chandella) dynasty of Bundell	labora.								
Capitals of, at Khajuráho and Mah		1-							
Legend of origin of—	COR		*	*	11	412, 439			
Traditional dates for foundation of				7	39	445			
Annalists' list of—					20.	446		+	
Eight forts of-	,			1	vii	449.		-	
Traditions of Rájá Belo of-					IX	21	4	4	
Sumer Singh of	_				X	50 66			
Jálandhar of—	+				- 10	91		*	
Occupation of Deogarh by-	*			4	27	103			
Conquered by Prithví Rájá in 1239	S.				.0	100			
Devalabdhi, grandson of Yaso Var Revised lists of Kings of—	rmma	, a Pr	ince o	d-	39	95		1	
seriou nata or truigs of—			4		n	451			
					X .	24			
Coinage of, described .					XXI	78			
and a second		*	*	*	11	458	~	-	
Extent of dominions of-					X	25	X.		
List of inscriptions connected with-	41		*		XXI	77			
		*		*	11	448			
Chitravarna, or square-headed, ch scriptions of-	arac	er use	ed in	in-	XXI	81	IX-	- XXI	11
Ristory of—		+				72			
	*	-	4		ii	451		16	
					XXI	83, 90		*	
and the same of th						-01.3-	,		

	Vot.	Pags.	PLATE,
Chanderí (New) in Gwáliár State, C. I.—			
Fortress of	11	404	XCIII.
Kírat-Ságar lake at		405	
Rock-cut gateway at	19	406	XCIV.
Muhammadan attacks on	94	407	
Later history of—	**	411	
Chanderi (Old) in Gwáliár State, C. I.—			
History and description of—	**	402	XCII.
Chandeswar in Katák District, Orissa—			
Temples at—	XIII	101	XIX.
Chandi Mau in Patna District, Bengal-			
Remains at, described by Broadley	VIII	78	
Inscription of King Ráma Pála Deva, dated S. 12 at-	XI	169	
handpur in Lalitpur District, NW. P			
Remains at, both Jain and Brahmanical	X	96	* *
Inscribed boar, dated S. 1207, and inscribed monolith at-		97	XXXII.
handra Deva Ráthor, Rájá— Wrested Kanauj from Tomar dynasty about A.D. 1050	r	151	
handra Gupta of Kosala— Mentioned in Sirpur inscription	XVII	17	
handra Gupta Maurya			
	1	Intr. I.	
= Sandracottus of Greek writers	ii	41	
handra Gupta I. (Early or Imperial Gupta Dynasty)— Gold coins of, with legends Kumárí Deví and 'Lich-			
chhavayah'	1	Intr. XXXIV	2112
Traditions possibly referring to-	XI	99	
handra Gupta II. (Early or Imperial Gupta) Dynasty—			-
Inscriptions of, at Udayagiri	X	49, 51	XIX,
Inscription, dated Samvat 131 of, at Sánchi	19.	59	
Inscription probably of reign of, at Garhwá	III	55	XX.
Description of silver coins of—	IX	23	٧.
Coin of reign of, found at Sultanganj with one of		1	4
Color of their at Canada	X	127	
Swami Rudra Sinha (Sena)	THE R. LEWIS CO., LANSING, MICH.	4.00	
Swami Rudra Sinha (Sena)	XV	116	

[.] In text this coin is erroneously ascribed to Chandra Gupta 1.

		Vos.	Pank.	PLATE.
Chandra Sena, Rájá—				
Legends of—		. VI	138	
Chandrabhága R.—				
= Chenáb R		. 11	193	
Chandrávatí in Jhaláwár State, Rájputána-				
=Modern Jhálrá Pátan, and probably = Sandr	abati:	5		
of Ptolemy			264, 270	
Cast copper, and square silver coins found at-			84	
Ruins at— Inscription at, said by Tod to be dated in S. 748			265	LXXV.
Political Control of the Control of		+ 19	**	
Principal temple at— Pilgrims' records on temple at—		**	266	LXXVI.
Inscription of 9th or 10th century A.D. at-		. 34	268 269	LXXVI.
The state of the s	1	35	200	Action to
Chandrehi in Rewá State, Baghelkhand-				
Temple and palace at—		IIIX	6, 11	I-IV.
Chandrikápuri—				
A later name of Srávastí		. XI	98	
Character—				
See Alphabet.			-	
Charanádrigarh—				
See Chunar in Mirzapur District.				
Chárí in Kángra District, Panjáb-				
Temple and late Buddhist inscription at		. v	177, 178	XLII.
Charms—		1		
Used in demon-worship		. XVII	149	
Chársada or Hashtnagar near Pesháwar, Panjáb-				
= Pushkalávatí,= Peukalaotis		. 11		
Remains of ancient city at and near-		XIX	90-110	***
		. Ala	90-110	XXI, XXII.
Chása, or Fatehjang in Ráwal Pindi District, Panjáb-	_			
An ancient site		. XIV	24.	
Chátna in Bánkurá District, Bengal-			1	
Inscriptions, dated Saka 1476 at		. VIII	199	
Chátsú in Jaypur State, Rájputána-			-	
Kutila inscription at—				
Anciently named Champavati		VI "	116	
		"		

	Vol.	Paug.	P	LATE.	
haturbhuj în Tarái District, NW. P.—					
Extensive ruins not yet explored at	11	239			
hanhén cian—					
Legends of origin of—		253			
hauhan Dynasty of Ajmerand Delhi-					
Lists of—	1	158		٠	
haumahá in Mathurá District NW. P.—					
Buddhist remains at—	XX	52	+	*	
haunsat Joginis—					
See Joginis sixty-four.					
hechgaongarh in Chutiá Nagpur, Bengal—					
Fine temples and Jain inscription at-	VIII	157-159			
hedi era—					
See Kalachuri (or Chedi) era.					
hedi, Kingdom of—	- 0				
Mr. Beglar's speculations concerning-	is	126			
Mentioned in Mahábhárata	Ϊ́Χ	125 54, 76	-		
Perhaps mentioned by Hwen Thsang		55	1		
corresponds to Ptolemy's country of the	7				
Coins of Kalachuri dynasty of—	37	56	1.0	*	
This of Palachus By the same of	X	25	X.		
In 12th century apparently divided into two		71			
Ratanpur, capital of northern section, and Tripuri of	19	73			
Dáhal, or western section of—	**	72			
Distinct dynasties at different times in-	**	73			
Traditional division of, about 1000 A.D. into princi- palities of Láphá and Ráipur					
Inscriptions and genealogy of Haihaya Kings of, from	Ð	75			
Division of northern section into two probably took	20	75 ?6	*	- 10	
place about 1400 A.D. Full genealogy of Haihaya Rájás of Ratanpur or north-	10	77			
ern section of— , ,		78			
Genealogy of Haihaya Rájás of Ráipur section of-	32	So		-	
Conquest of Kirtti Varmma Chandel by Karna Deva,				*	
King of—	11	453			

	Vol	Page.	PLAT	er.
Chenáb R.—				
Ancient Chandrabhága R	11	193		
junction	29	38		
Cheon in Gayá District, Bengal—				
Ruins at—	VIII	63, 64		
therán in Sáran District, Bengal—				
An ancient site with inscription of Husen Shah, King				
of Bengal	XXII	74, 79		
Chero (Chero) tribe—				
Traditions of, in Sháhábád District	XVI	60		
in Sáran District	XXII	75		+
A.D. 499	XVII	131, 132		
Chetiyagiri of the Mahávanso—				
= Modern Besnagar	X	37		
Chetiyaon in Gorakhpur District, NW.P.—				
Identified with Pawa of Buddhist legend	XVIII		100	
Ancient sites near	XXII	35	v	*
Chhattisgarh (or-ghar) Division in C. P				
Tradition of emigration of Chamárs from Bihár to-	·VII			
The ancient Mahá Kosala	XVII	225 68		
Probably = Ptolemy's country of the Adisathri	XXI	93		
Chhorra in Mánbhúm District, Bengal—				
Ruins at—	viii	182		
at at Bootle (N Bootl Photo Bootle)		102		
Chhotá Deorí in (?) Panná State, Bundelkhand— Kalachuri inscription at—.	*****			
	IXX	100, 158	XXVII	11.
Chhotá Gandak R.—				
= Hirana or Hiranyavatí R	VIII	25		
Chillá in Alláhábád District, NW.P				
Ancient dwelling-house ascribed to Alhá and Udalat-	XXI	8	٧.	
China—	7			
Embassies between Bengal and, in 1408-15 A.D.	XV	172		

					Vot.	PAGE	Pi	ATE.	
B1111 B111								-	
hiné in Amritsar District, Panjáb-					XIV		XVIII.		
= Chi-na-pote of Hwen Thsang		-		*	XXI	200	WATIT!		
Ancient statue of Vishnu at		•	*	1	AAI	134			
Chinese—									
Accounts of Indo-Scythians .	*	*	*	*	111	44	•		
hinese hostages of Kanishka-									
Resided at Chiné near Amritsar	14				XIV	53		*	
Introduced pears and peaches into I	India	4	-4	+	44	54			
Chistí—									
A family of Muhammadar saints	*	•			1	230		2	
hitaolí in Gwáliár State, Central India-									
Inscription of Ram Des Parihar at-	-	*			11	378	-	•	
hitor in Udaipur State, Rájputána-									
Coins of Sibi country found at-		4		-	XIV	146	XXX	La	
Dr. Stratton's account of-		w			XXIII	101	*		
Two long inscriptions at-					211	111	XXI,	XXI	1
Tod's account of-		+		¥	.00	107	1.3	4	
Pillar of victory at					89	113	XXI	t .	
Arabic inscriptions on above .			*		п	116			
Jain tower (Chhotá Kirtain) at-				+	99	117		*	
Mokaljí temple at		+	4		20	118		ν.	
Sculptures of above		*			69	121			
Singar Chauri at				*	100	123	XXV	*	
hitrakúta (Chitrakot) hill in Bándá D	istrict,	N.	-W. F						
Described		+			XXI	10			
Is the Chitrakuta of the Rámáyana		*		-	n	124			
hitrángadápura, ancient capital of Che	di-								
Probably = Sageda metropolis of P	tolemy	,=	Sirpu	ror					
Srípura			*		XVII	69, 70			
					XXI	93			
Chobia of Ferishta—			1.				1		
Sobii, Sobæ, or Sibæ of Greek and	Roma	III W	riters		11	27		*	
Chobnáth Rájà—							-		
Capital of, at Barári (Bhurári) is	n Shái	hpur	Dist	rict,					
		i.			29	37	*		
Panjáb Name of, perhaps Graecized as So	*					40			

^{*} For an erroneous identification by Mr. Beglar ser XIII, 50.

	Vos.	PAGE,	PLATE.	
Chola (Choda) country—				
Mentioned in Shahbazgarhi inscription of Asoka .	V	20		
Cholera—				
Popularly ascribed to displeasure of Hardaur Lála	XVII	163		
Christian—				
Cemetery and chapel at Narwar	11	322		
Chronology—				
See Era.				
Chunár (Charanádrigarh) in Mirzápur District, NW. P				
Ancient pilgrims' inscriptions near	XI	127	XXXVIII.	
	XXI	158	XXXII.	
Chu-sha-si-lo (Chutyasira)—				
Fa-Hian's name for Taxila, q.v	11	114		
Cidaritæ, of Priscus—				
Probably = Katár tribe and people of Chitrál	78	79	. 14	
Circles, rude stone—				
Found in hilly parts of districts of Delhi, Mirzápur,				
and Orissa, and in Shorapur District, Bombay	1	Intr. xxx		
At Deosá in Jaypur State Near Buddha Gayá ascribed to Kols	VIII	104 -108	X11.	
Used in Rajputana for game of taltar or ewaro	XXIII	66 40	1	1
Clisobora—		,,,		
See Klisobora.				
Coins, early Indian—				
Scale of weights of—	X	78		0
Existed before invasion of Alexander the Great	XIV	17		
basica secte invasion of meganicer the oreat	D	26		*
Coins, classes of, found-				
At Bhurari in Shahpur District, Panjab	V	- 96		
Harapá in Montgomery District, Panjáb	15	108	1	
Kosam (Kosambi)	X.	4		
Mathura .	XX	37		
Sankisa	XI	25		
Sháhdheri (Taxila) Shorkot in Jhang District, Panjáb	XIV	16	IX, X.	
In Yusufzai country	V	99		
in Yusutzai country	29	6		

			1	Vos.	PAGE.	PLATE.
Coins, analysis of lists of-				xxII	114	
tot from Bairant in Benares District	1.0	*	2	X	37	
on from Besnagar	4		7	v	93	1 1 1
107 Bhon in the Salt Range				1000	40	
and Indon Khera	*	. 4		XII	60	
Tower in Ricognur District		2		XIV	103	
Dib in Ghazipur Distri	ct .	+		XXII	200	
Named in Mewar	.0.	10.		VI	57	
Cultifornie in Islandhar District	7		-	XIV	65	
576 " Sunit near Ludhiána .	-	+				
Coins, autonomous, of ancient India-					135-151	XXXI.
Provident of can kinds of-						
From Pathánkot, with legend 'Odumba	ara '		L	v	154	XXXI.
L COURT & MANAGEMENT CO.				V	*34	
Coins, ancient square-				x	77	XXIV.
Four classes of, all found at Eran .	*	,		^		
Coins, ancient cast or moulded-					240	
From Bairát		. *	+	11	249	
Chandrávati				32	264	
Eran.	1		,	X	77	
Indor Kherá		+		XII	41	
Coins, ancient die-struck-						
From Shahdheri (Taxila) both of sing	gle a	nd d	ouble			x.
					17-22	XXIV.
die types From Eran, some being inscribed		•		. X	79, 80	AAIV.
Coins, punch-marked-				. 1	70	
Antiquity of				. 11	220,264,288	
				2.72	213-220	
Classified by Mr. Carlleyle	*			3.5	77	A Comment
Description of Eran forms of				STILL	16	
All talking of -			•	977	179-198	
Found at Nágar and Nágarí in Jaypu	ir Stal	te .		2012	40 *	
At Indor Kherá · · ·				. XII	-	
Coins, inscribed Kádasa, with snake-				1	10	
From Western Panjáb				· II	167	
				VI	10,	
Coins of the Tocharl and of Kapisa				. 11	79	9
Described by Hwen Thsang .			*			
Coins of Buddhist Satraps-					39-4	0
Description and find-spots of	+	*	*	- 111	25, 2	
Description				XI		
				XII		1
				XIV	3	7

Punch-marked coins are so common that it has not been thought worth while to index all the notices of their had-spots.

					Vol.	PAGE.	P	LATE.	
Coins, of Multán—									
With figure of Sun-god	*		+		V	121-123	XXX	SVIII.	
Coins, of Azes, Gondophares, Arsaces, &	c.,-								
Discussion of arrangement of			*		11	59-61			,
Coins, Indo-Sassanian-									
From Bhitarí in Gházípur District					1	97	-		
Indor Kherá					XII	44, 68		10	
Nágari and Chitor in Mewár					VI	200, 207			
Description of degraded forms of-	,				XI	176			
Tains Indo Cauthian (and a 10 to 1									
Coins, Indo-Scythian (early, of Su horde Divisible into three classes	-				-				
Divisione into three classes .	*	*			11	58			
Coins, Indo-Scythian (later)									
Range of find-spots of	+				XI	67			
Oi the Kadphises Kings .					II	67, 69	15	- 9	
From Bairát					n	240			
Bhuilá in Basti District .				+	XII	165			
Depálpur in Panjáb .					V	110	11.		
Indor Kherá in Bulandshahr	Dist	rict			XII				
Jaugada in Ganjám District					XIII	43 116		1	
Kanhiára near Kángra .					V				
Khairá Dih in Balliá District					XXII	177			
Sahegarh in Alfgarh District					XII	100	*		
Sahri-Bahlol in Yusufzai					V	45			
Coins, of Hindu Kings of Kabul-								-	
Common in Yusufzai and Panjáb.						45,83,156			
-					22	431031130		1	
Coins, of Kingra— Names on—									
11341163 011	3		*	1	-69	152			
Coins, Roman-									
Sold in large quantities at Ráwal F	indí				11	148			
Found in No. 2 stripa at Mánikyáls	1 ,					162			
Singhbhum District, Beng	gal				XIII	72			
Colebrooke, H.									
Importance of essays of			-		1	Intr. 111			
Condochates R. of Pliny-					-	***************************************	1		
= Candak R				1	VIII				
Constantine, Emperor-			*		1111	VI	1	*	
Coins of found in Contract									
Coins of, found in Singhbhúm Dist	rict.	Reneral			XIII	72			

	1	Vos.	PAGE.	P£	ATE.	
Copper—	-	xvı	113			
Used as a bolt in Rámpurwá pillar of Asoka .		XVI	1.3			
Copper celt—		***	16			
Found at Mathura		ш	10			
Copper Mines—		**	245	14.		
At Bairát in Rájputána		11	*43			
Court, General-	1		161			
Excavated stupe at Máni kyála		**	101			
Cowries—			-0			
Used in Indian currency		X	78			
		XIV	Pref. VII			
Sole deposit in Ságardih stúpa			104			
Found in earthen barrow at Lauriya		.99	- 1			
Creed, Buddhist-	ш	0	111			
Translation of, by Hodgson and Burnouf		1	111			
Crocodile-						
Symbol of Ganges river	- 1	X	49	,	•	
Cromlech —						
See Dolmen and Circles, rude stone.					*	
Cross-roads-			66			
The proper site for memorial to a Chakravarttí Ráj	å ·	1 -	00			•
Cunningham, Major-General Sir A.—						
Memorandum by, on establishment of Archaeolog	gical	1	Pref. iii-vii			
Commer Description	0		Intr. xxxvi			
List of writings of, on Indian antiquities to 1870 Retracts former opinion as to certain Kings of	Ma-					
gadha following the Guptas		19	, XL			
Began work as Archeological Surveyor in 1861		31	pa XL1			*
Cutis (? Cuphis) of Pliny-				1		
= Kophes, capital of Arachosia		11	45			*
D						
Dace and Dahæ of Strabo—						
Speculations concerning—		. 11	48			
Dacca—						
See Dhábhleá.						

	Vol.	PAGE.	P	LATE.	
Dáhal—					
A name of kingdom of Chedi, q.v	IX	106			
Dáhi in Sijawar State, Bundelkhánd	XXI	17		-	
Copperplate inscription of Vira Varmma Chandel					
from—	II	455		*	
	AAI	74	*	*	- 4
Dahmeri (Dahmbeori) —					
= Audumbara, = Núrpur State, in Panjáb	XIV	116		-	
Dalaki-wa-malaki, Ráná—					
Perhaps chief of Kosámbi	XVII	10			
Identified with Dalakeswar and Malakeswar, Baghel	11	445	*		
chiefs of Bándhogarh	XXI	103		,	
Dallá-Sultánpur—	-	100			
See Sultanpur (Dalla) in Jalandhar District.	14.11				
Dálmau in Rái Barelí District, Oudh-					
Legends of—	XI	60		,	
Palmi—					
See Dulmi in Manbhum District, Bengal.			-		
Damoh in Damoh District, C. P.—					
Inscriptions at—		100			
	XXI	168	1		
Dand-Bihár—					
Ancient name of Bihar City, q.v	VIII	75			
Dángí Rájputs—	100	-/-			
A clan near Ságar		1.			
	X	.38	*	*	
Daniell, F.—	-				
Drawings of Pagodas at Mahámallaipur by	I	Intr. vz			
Dantalok, Mount-of Hwen Thsang-					
= Kárámár hill at Shahbázgarhi	v	100			
)anui—		17		*	*
P BLACKER					
A mis-spelling for Dinal in Hamirpur District, q.v.	100				
Dápthu in Patna District, Bengal-					
Remains at, described by Luchanan and Broadley	VIII				
Dárápur—	****	74		*	*
See Diláwar (Dárápur) in Jhelam District, Panjáb.					
Datapar) in Juciam District, Panjab.					

	Vot.	PAGE.	PLATE	
Darauli in Sháhábád District, Bengal-				
Obelisks at	XIX	25		+
Imperfect inscription at-	- 10	26		
Darbhanga District, Bengal-	XVI	34		
Included in ancient Mithila	AVI	34		
Daryapur-Parvatí in Patna District, Bengal-	VIII	108		
Buddhist remains at-	1	113		
Hill called Garh Paráwat at		110		
Hoard of gold coins found near-	19	110		
Dasaratha, grandson of Asoka—		49-51	XX.	
Inscriptions of, in Nagarjuni caves		49 3.	20.00	
Dasaratha Játaka—	XXI	11		
The basis of the story of the Rámáyana	AAI			
Dasárna territory—	VIV.			
Position of	XX	2		•
Date of buildings—				
Indications of, from coins, masons' marks, and pil- grims' records	v	72		
Daundiá Kherá in Unao District, Oudh-				
Capital of the Bais Rajputs		296		*
Davis, Samuel—		Into ex		
Wrote on Hindu astronomy and the Jovian Cycle	. 11	Intr. 11		*
Debar Dighi in Dinájpur District, Bengal-				
A tank probably constructed by Rájá Deva Pála, with	1			
a pillar, perhaps of Asoka, at-	. XV	192		
Deer-park of Buddhist legend-	1			
At Sárnáth, near Benares	. 1	106, 107		,
Delhi-				
Extent of ruins of—	* 10	132	-	
Seven forts of old	4 25	134	1	1
Distinct from Indraprastha	. 22	107		
Traditions of foundation of-	* 19	137		
Rebuilt by Anang Pal Tomar, A.D. 736	. *	145		
Not a capital previous to 736 A.D.	\$ 45	140	7	
Probably included in kingdom of Kanauj, A.D. 945	1 16	148	4	
List of Tomar dynasty of—	4 10	1.40	100	



			Vol.	PAGE.	PLATE	£.,
elhi—contd.						
Rebuilt by Anang Pál II., about A.D. 1052						
Lál kot of Anang Pál II., at—	*		1	152		
Captured by Chauháns about A.D. 1151			15	152, 180	XXXVI.	
Lists of Chauhán dynasty of—			33	156		
Castured by Mahamata Dynasty of			nit	158		
Captured by Muhammadans, A.D. 1191	*		2.0	160 Note		
Two edict pillars of Asoka at-	4		in	151-167		
			V	143	XLI.	
W			XIV	78		
Iron pillar at-*			1	169		
Inscription of Rájá Dháva (Bháva) on Iron p	illar a	t	11	140, 170		
Other inscriptions on Iron pillar at			19	175		
Legends concerning ditto at			XX	129-142		
27 temples destroyed to build Kuth mosque at	_	4.	1	178		
			IV	v		
Fort of Rái Pithorá at			1	183		
Kuth mosque at, described			,,,	185-189		
Controversy as to Hindu or Muhammadan	origin	of				
Kuth Minar at				180		
		1	ïV	x, xv		
Dimensions of Kuth minar at-			1	193-204		
Tomb of Emperor Illitmish at-				204		
Alá-ud-dín's gateway at-	*	1	11			
Alá-ud-dín's minár at-	*	1	P2:	70	* *	
Identification of fort of Siri, and Alá-ud-dín'	s pal	ace	20	205		
of 1,000 pillars at, with Shahpur			99	207	4	
Fort of Tughlakábád at-		*	22	212		
Tomb of Tughlak Shah at	*	-	29	213		
Fort of Adilábád or Muhammadábád at		4		217	4 4	
Jahánpanáh fortifications and 52 gates of-	4		17	218		
City of Fírúzábád at—				210		
Black mosque at—	à.		**	220		
Citadel known as Shergarh or Purána Kila at-		2		221		
Fort of Salimgarh at—			30	223		
Tomb of Frumayun at			**	,,,		
City of Sháhjahánábád at	+		,,	224		
Statues of Chitor chiefs mounted on elephants ;	at-		,,	225		
Plans and sections of buildings at-			IV			
List of noticeable buildings at-				78	1-X.	
Minor remains near			1	230	. 2	
			XX	142-161	: :	
Tomb of Firoz Sháh Tughlak near-			n i	151	XXXIV.	
mon-worship in Northern India-						
Originated among the aboriginal races .			XVII	132		
Now practised by all classes of Hindus .						-
Definition of—			tr	140		1
		1	39	141		

^{*} The Iron Pjilar is situated to village of Mcharauli (Mihirapuri). (Corpus Inger, Ind. 111, p. 139.)

	Vot.	Pack.	PLATE.
Demon-worship in Northern India-contd.	XVII	144	
Ceremonies of—	Avii	143. 145.	
Instances of—	27	148	
Instances of		146	XXXIV.
Shrines of—	42	140	
Charms used in—	17	157	
	88	.31	
Antiquity of— Gúgá Chauhán, Harshu Bábá, and Hardaur Lála,		158	
most conspicuous examples of-	. 19	130	
Deo-Balodá in Ráipur District, C. P			mi.
Deo-Baloda in Raipai Bississi	8.0	4	1111
Saiva temple at-			
Deo-Barnárak in Sháhábád District, Bengal-		2.	
Deo-Barnárak in Snanabag Domina	XVI	64	XXIV.
Anciently named Várunika-gráma	77	65	XXIV.
Monolith of Gupta period at-	XIX	20	XXII, XXIII
	XVI	68	IV-VIII.
Brick temples at-	XIX	20	
the property of the second	XVI	68, 73	XXIV-XXVI
Inscription of Jivita Gupta at-		71	
Sculptures at—	100	72	
Worship of sun at-			
Deogarh in Lalitpur District, NW. P	. x	100	
Description of-	1	1000	xxxiii.
Description of Bhoja Deva, dated Samvat 933 and	. 19	101	1
Saka 784 at—	. 29	102	
Saka 784 at— Short inscription in Gupta characters at— Inscription of Kirtti Varmma Chandel, dated Samva	t		
Inscription of Kirtti Varmma Chanden	. 25	10	**
	. X	104	
- a dimend lain temples at	. 29	168	XXXIV-
Temple in late Gupta style at-		1	xxxvi.
Deogarh—Baijnáth— See Baijnáth (Vaidyanath) in Sháhábád District, Bengal			
Deokalli in Muzaffarpur District, Bengal-	, XVI	2	9
Old temple at—	3 44.74	1	
			4
Deokhat in Ráipur District, C. P.—	. VII	14	6
Temples and sculptures at-			
Deoli near Sápharan in Bengal-	. VIII	18	39
Jain remains at-			
Deo-Markanda in Sháhábád District, Bengal-	*****		50
Deo-Markanda in Suamana	i XVI		bi XIX, XX.
tamping al-	* 19		8 11.
Descriptions of temples at— Ancient temple at—	. XIX		-

	Voc.	PAGE.	PLATE.
Deoriyá in Allahabad District—	-		
See Bithá and Deoriyá—			
Deosá in Jaypur State, Rájputána-			
Stone circles and ancient tombs at	VI	104-108	XII.
Deotek in Chándá District, C. P.—			
Inscriptions at—	VII	12.1	
Deotí in Jaypur State, Rájputána-			
Capital of Bargújar Rájás	VI	83	
Depálpur in ? Lahore District, Panjáb—			
History of, from 13th to 15th century ,	V	100	XXXIV.
Now nearly deserted	20	110	
Deri-Sháhán—			
See Sháhdheri in Ráwal Pindi District, Panjáb.			
Deva Pála, King of Magadha—			
Lascription of his reign at Ghosrawa	1	38	
	II	89	
	XI	173	
Other inscriptions of—	XV	151	
Deva putra—			1
Family title of Indo-Scythian kings	111	42	
Deva Rájá—		1	
Inscription of, at Pehoa	II	225	
	XIV	101	
Devalabdhi, a Chandel prince—	1		
Inscriptions of, at Dudahi	X	95	XXXII.
Devikot (Deokot) in Dinájpur District, Bengal-			-
Citadel of ancient city of Bánnagar	XV	in	
Muhammadan remains and inscriptions at-	39	96-99	XXVIII.
Appears to be Sonitapura of Vishnu Purána, Numer-			
ous Hindu remains at-	31	100	
Devthala between Dinájpur and Pandua, Bengal-	100		
Inscription of Bárbak Sháh A.H. 868 at-	xv	94	XXIII.
Statuette of Vishnu from-	10	95	XXVII.
Dewal and Deoriyá in the Pilibhít District, NW. P			
Site of ancient capital of the Báchhal Ráiás	1		1
Inscription of Rájá Lalla, dated S. 1049, A.D. 992 at-		352	Lila
Dewalwara in Chanda District, C. P		20.	
Caves at—			
	·IX	135	

	Vot.	PAGE.	PLATE.
Dhákká (Datca) in Dacca District, Bengal—		100	
Known as Bangála in 16th and 17th centuries .	. XV	127	
Perhaps the Tagma metropolis of Ptolemy	20	19	
Tomb of Bibí Perí, daughter of Sháista Khán, at-	25	128	XXXIV.
Dhamtk—		Lore	
The proper name of great stripa at Sárnáth	1	105	
Siggested derivation of name	iii	121	
Design of the second se	1	107, 110	
Dimensions of stepa Shb inscribed with Buddhist creed found in stepa		111	
The stripe, a memorial, not a relic, tower	10	112	
Se Benares, Sárnáth near—		K	
Dhamsar in Central India—			
Baddhist caves at	. 11	270—276	LXXVII-
Brahmanical rock temples at		276279	LXXXII,
Inscription dated S. 1363=A.D. 1306 at-		279	
Dhamtan in Ráipur District, C. P	1/11	***	
Group of temples at	. VII	143	
Inscribed saté pillar and statue at		.43	
Dhana Deya—	1	210	
Coins of, found at Ayodhyá		319	
Coins of (7) found at Masson Dih in Ghazipur Dis	. XXII	59	
Dhard or Ghár in Jaypur State, Rájputána-	377	160	
A very ancient site	VI	100	
Dhamora in Karauli State, Rájputána-	xx	92	
Curious báolí at—		,	
Dhangs Deva, Chandel King-		100	
A powerful prince	XXI	65-67	XVI.
Km juráho inscriptions of-	. 201	03 01	
Dhanpurin Pendra chief's territory, C. P	3775	507	
Extensive Jain and Hindu ruins at	. VII	237	1 - 1 - 1
Dharáwa hills in Gayá District, Bengal-	1		-
Mapyof	. 1		XVIII.
	XVI	V	XI.

		Vot.	PAGE.	PLAT	E.	
hard as bottle to Court District Deposit and						
harawat hills in Gaya District, Bengal-contd.		1	54			
Buddhist remains at—	1	VIII	39			
Anciently called Dharmmapura			39	*		
Site of Gunamati monastery		XVI	,,			
Ruins of—		VIII	38			
		IVX	40	XII.		
Seals and punch-marked coin found at		20	45	XIII.		
Antiquity of		19	46	÷		
harma Pála, King of Bengal-		1				
Inscription at Buddha Gayá fixing date of-		XV	111			
harmáranya in Balliá District, NW. P	T #1					
Perhaps site of a monastery mentioned by Fa	-mian	vvn	0.	vitt.		
and Hwen Thsang	* *	XXII	84	VIII.		
haulí in Katák District, Orissa-						
Asoka's edict inscription at—		XIII	95			
Small early inscription at—		"	96			
háva, Rájá—		1				
A various reading for Bháva Rájá, q.v.		1	171			
Dholpur in Dholpur State, Rájputána -						
Tomb of Bibí Zarina near		XX *	113	XXXV	/II.	
Dhopápapapura in Sultánpur District, Oudh-						
A place of pilgrimage on Gumti river .		I	315	4	*	
Dhruvabhata—						
Discussion of date of—		IX	16		•	
Dhandhár—				j		
Ancient name of Jaypur State		11	251			
Diamond—						
Of Rájá of Gwáliár, probably the Kohinúr		39	390			
Diamond mines—						
At Pannáin Bundelkhand		VII				
At Wairágarh in C. P		VII	45		*	
		"	129			
Dighwá-Dubaolí in Sáran District, Bengal-						
Pyramidal mounds ascribed to the Cherus at-	_	XXII	73			

-1	Yes.	PAGE.	PLATE.
Diláwar (Dárápur) in Jhelam District, Panjáb—			
The capital of Karluki princes	11	10	
Also named Udamnagar or Udinagar	22	175	
Extensive ruins at	43	176	
Ancient coins abundant at	39	29	
Probably Bukephala	21	186	
Dildárnagar in Gházípur District, NW. P.—			
Formerly named Akhandha	III	63	
Dilli—			
See Delhi,			
Dilwari in Bareli District, NW. P			
Inscription of Gupta period at	1	264	XLIV.
Dinai in Hamfrpur District, NW. P			
Hindu and Jain temples and inscribed Jain statue at-	VII	40	I, IV.
Dinár—			
Used in inscriptions to denote Gupta gold coins	III	56 10, 11, 27	
Dionysius, the Geographer—		10, 11, 27	
Date of, probably 300-350 A.D	II	26	1
Dog-			
Worship of, at Lohárú	XXIII	35	
Dolmens—			
Used as temples at Keljhar in C. P	IX	140	xxv.
Dom tribe—			
Formerly powerful in Gorakhpur District	XVIII	41	
	XXII	66	
Dongargarh in Ráipur District, C. P.—			
Site of ancient city Kamantípuri	XVII	2	
Dozád		1.0	
See Dusád Caste.			
Drachma coin—			
Represented by Indian dramma	XI	176	
Was the model of coinage of Chandel and Haihaya			
kings	X	27	* *
Drangiana			
Part of kingdom of Kipin	11	45	

	Vos.	PAGE.	PLATE.
Dravidian Races-			
Affinities of—	ix	159	
Drishadvatí, R.—		00	
= Modern Rákshí, R	XIV	88	
Drona stúpa—			
Perhaps situated between Ará and Patna	111	77	
Drág in Ráipur District, C. P.—			
An ancient Buddhist site, with inscriptions	XVII	3	11.
Dúbkund in Gwáliár State, C. I.—			
Inscription of Vikrama Sinha, dated S. 1145 = A.D.		4	
1088 at	XX	99	
Jain temple at—	23	100	XX.
Other inscriptions at—	**	102	th waste
Dudahi—			
The capital of southern half of Lalitpur District, NW.			
Provinces Ruins at, ascribed to Rájá Jálandhar Chandel	X	90	
Jain temple of unusual plan and temple of Brahmá at-		93	XXXI.
Pilgrim's inscriptions at-	99	94	XXXII.
Six inscriptions of Devalabdhi, grandson of Rája	á		
Yaso Varmma Chandel, at—	× 22	95	10
Second group of temples at—	* 11	15	
Dulhá Deva—			
Worship of—	. XVII	166	XXXIV.
Dulmi (Dyápar-Dulmi) in Mánbhúm District, Bengal-			
Numerous remains at	. VIII	186	EVII.
Ancient city at, 4 miles long	. 13	188	
Perhaps included in kingdom of Kirná Suvarna, men tioned by Hwen Thsang	. 72	51, 191	
n1			
A hill tribe west of the Jhelam	. 11	13	
		-0	
Durga-kho in Mirzapur District, NW. P	VVI		
Short inscriptions in caves at	. XXI	128	XXXII.
Durgápur in Rewá State, Baghelkhand-			
Imperfect inscription at	. XIII	6	

	Voc.	PAGE.	P	LATE,	
Durgávatí, queen of Singorgarh—				-7	
History of—	II IX	458 50		:	
Onsádi(Dosád) caste—	*****				
Legend of Rájá Sales in Tirhút	VIII	28 to2	*		
Е					
Ekachakra—	111				
Ancient name of Ará (Arrah)	III "	73 77, Note	*	4	
See Embolima.					
See Embolima.					
Ekteswar in Bánkurá District, Bengal— Laterite temple at—	VIII	200			
Elápatra, a Nága king— Tank of, identified with spring at Hasan Abdál .	п	135			
Elephanta caves, in Bombay Harbour— Described by Erskine and Burgess	1	Intr. vi	*		
Elliot, Sir Walter-					
Collected 595 inscriptions in, and elucidated history					
of, Southern India	ri	is XXIX	è	*	
Embolima of Arrian—					
Probably = Ohind, according to Cunningham	11	101-103	2		
=Amb-balima, 8 miles east of Mahában, according to Abbott	189	102			
	-0				
Empalathra of Ptolemy— Identified with Mahobá	X	99			
identified with Manood	XXI	58, 92			
Sphthalites—					
= White Huns (q.v.) Supposed derivation of name .	11	77, Note	*		
ira of Balabbi—					
See Era of Valabhi.					

					Vol.,	PAGE.	PLATE.
Fra	, Bengali—						-
-1 ca	= Saka plus 715, used at Bishanpur	in Be	ngal		VIII	205	
	Burmese—						
13	Based on Nirvána of Buddha .			-	20	2, 3	
FI	Chedi-						
	See Kalachuri era.						
i	Gupta—						
	See Gupta era-						
,	of Harsha Vardhana-						
	Began A.D. 607				1	282	
	Kalachuri—						
	See Kalachuri era.						
	of Lakshmana Sena— Began in 1107 A.D.				3217		
	organia avy arb.			*	XV	160	
	Lok-kál of Káshmír-						
	= Sástrí era		*		XXI	- 36	
,	Malia-						
	See Malla era						. ,
	of Nirvána—						
	See Nirvana, era of-						
	Saka—						
	Speculations as to origin of—				Ш		
			•	1	241	45	* .
	Sástrí—				*****	19.0	
	A synonym for Lok-kál of Káshmír	4			XXI	36	* *
	Valabhi (Balabhi)—						
	Began in A.D. 319	*			IX	20	
	of Vikrama—						
	See Vikrama era,						
2.11	(Erakaina) in Ságar District, C. P						
	Position of, described	4			x	76	XXIII.
	Temples of Gupta period at				11	81	XXV-XXX.
	Inscribed monolith of Budha Gupta at-		F	*	VII	88	
					X	81	XXIV.

	Vol.	Page.	PLATE
Eran (Erakaina) in Ságar District, C.P.—contd.			
Boar with inscription of Toramána at—	, VII	So	
Boar with inscription of Totaliana at	X	83, 84	
(Varáha) temple at—		8	XXVII
Toran at-	25	B	XXVIII
Temple of Vishnu at	- 19	85	XXV, XXVI
			XXIX
Inscribed statue of Vishnu at		87	
Narsinha temple at	. 10	88	XXV, XXX
Long inscription of Samudra Gupta at	. 29	89	
Inscription of Madhava and Bhanu Gupta, date	d		-
Samvat 191 at-	7 29	1.99	
Various sati monuments near-	. 19	89, 90	XXIV
Ancient square coins of four classes found at-	: xiv	77	XXXI
Copper coins with name of city, found at-		149	-
Erannoboas, R.—			
Of Pliny and Arrian, = the Son, and not the Gandal	viii	AI	
Eukratides, King of Bactria-			
Scythian imitations of oboli of—	. 11	59	
Enphorion—	1/2		
Alludes to Maurya Dynasty	. I	Intr. XLI	
Eusufzal—		1	
See Yusufzai.	_		
Euthydemus, King of Bactria-			
Scythian imitations of tetradrachms of-	. 11	58	
Enthymedia or Sagala of Ptolemy—			
7 = Sakhrá, or 7 Abriyán	. 19	153, 173	
Ewáro—			
A synonym of tahar, q.v			
	1:		
F		-	
Fa-Hian, Chinese traveller—			
Map of route of	. 1		1
Began his journey in 300 A.D	. 11	84	
Gives accurate geographical notes		*	
Faizábád in Faizábád District, Oudh-			
Capital of early Nawabs of Oudh to 1775 A.D.		321	

	Vot.	Page.	PLATE.	
Potabliki d in Bassa Pilatelas St. 187 D				
Fatehábád in Agra District, NW. P.— Scene of Aurangzeb's victory over Dárá	IV	460		
Scene of Aurangzed's victory over Dara	1.0	195		
Fatehábád in Sirsá District, Panjáb-				
Pillar at, inscribed with genealogy of Firoz Sháh				
Tughlak	XXIII	11	11.	
Inscription of Humáyún at—	29	29.	III.	
Humáyún's mosque at—	20	12	IV.	
Fatehjang-				
See Chása, or Fatchjang, in Ráwal Pindi District, Panjáb.				
Fázilnagar in Gorakhpur District, NW. P				
Identified with Pawa of Buddhist legend	XVIII	102	1 1	
Fergusson, J.—				
Archæological work of	1	Intr. XIX		- 1
	1	XXIV		-
Excessive estimate of value of architectural style as				
evidence of dates by—	99	22 XX	* *	
and Jains fixed by-				
Complete and comprehensive classification of Indian	111	" XXII		
styles of architecture by	39	D 31		
Erroneous dates for Kánharí and Kárle caves, and				
Amarávatí stépa adopted by—	39	29 XX		
The serpent-worship theory of, controverted		XXIII		
Erroneous opinion of, respecting date of Buddha Gayá	31	" XXIA		
temple	VIII	бо, 71		
Fire worship—	-			
In India	XII	68	× ×	-
Firoz Tughlak, emperor-				
Public works at Delhi and elsewhere of-	I.	218		
Set up both the Asoka pillars at Delhi , , ,	v	143		
Alleged visit to Jwálá-mukhi of-	27	172-175		
Proselytising and intolerance of, in Mewat	XX	11, 14, 132		
Tomb of, near Delhi	19	151	XXXIV.	
nscription of, dated 753 A.H. = A.D. 1352 at Shah-			100	
pur near Delhi Genealogy of, on pillar at Fatchábád	11	153	XXXI.	
Genealogy of, on philat at Patenabad , , ,	XXIII	11	13.	
Fírozábád—				
A town in Agrá District	IV	102		
A name of Panduá in Máldáh District	xv	So, Note		

	Vot.	PAGE.	PLATE,	
irozábád, at Delhi—	100			
Described	1	219		4
irozpur—				
A suburb of Gaur	XV	73		-
irozpur-Jhirká in Gurgaon District, Panjáb—	. 1			
A Mewátí stronghold	XX	127		
Temple in Bengal style at		128	xxviii.	
Flint implements—				
See Stone implements.				
Fo-leu-Sha of Fa-Hian-				
= Pesháwar, q.v · · · · · ·	II	87		
Footstools, stone—				
See Stools, stone.				
Frzábád—				
See Faizábád in Faizábád District, Oudh.				
	- 1			
G	-01	-		
Gájípur (Gajnípur)—				
Ancient name of Rawal Pindi cantonments	11	20, 152	* *	
Gákar tribe in N. Panjáb—		7111111		
Probably of Scythian origin		23		
Perhaps a colony of Abars, who came from Hyrcania		41		
in time of Darius Hystaspes, or earlier . Occupied Abhisara district, under a king named Abi-	21	31		
sares by Greek writers		23, 28, 29		
Attacked Mahmud of Ghazni, A.D. 1008	79	24		
Probably = Gargaridæ of Dionysius, &c	32	25		
According to tradition sent into Panjáb by Afrásiyáb		1 PE- 03		
of Turán	22	29, 31		
Earliest capital of, at Abriyan on the Jhelam	33	27 27		
Ganda Deva, Chandel King-				
Submitted to Mahmud of Ghazni	NVI.	452	XVIII.	
Khajuráho inscription of—	XXI	66, 68	XVIII.	
andak R.—	*****			
= Condochates of Pliny	VIII	VI		
Changes in channel of	XVI	1		

						Voc.	PACE,	F	LATE.	
Gándhára 🔗 Lower Kábul Valley-										
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·										
Map of-		4		*		XIV	* * *	Liv		
Ohind capital of, till A.D. 102 Last Hindu dynasty of—.		*				V	94 82			3
Gangá Ráo—										
Cenotaph of, at Mandor in Joc	ihpur	Stat	e.			XXIII	75	XVI	, XV	II.
Gangádwárá—										
A name of Haridwar .	*	*				11	231	*		*
Ganges R.—										
Called Holung by a Chinese w	riter					VIII	XI			4
Falling in of bank of, about 75					-	**	XII			14
Affected by change in course o						12	XII, 23			
Statue of, characteristic of Gup		le of	archi	tectur	e.	IX	43, 70			-
		18			-	X	49			
Sanctity of northerly bends of-	_	*	*	•	-	XV	20		*	14
Sangetic Provinces—										
Map showing routes of Fa-H	lian a	ind I	Hwen	Thsa	ng					
in		*		٠	-	I	* * *	1		
Gánggeya Deva, King of Chedi					- 1					
Coins of—		+			4	IX	106	10		*
Tourisday of at PVI and P					1	X	25	X.		
Inscription of, at Piawan in Ro	cwa 5	tate		*	-	XIX	71	XVI		
Gaorára in Chándá District, C. P	_					XXI	113	XX	m.	
Caves and temples at-						IX	134	XXI	11, X	XIV
Garaios R. of Arrian-										
= Panj Kara R. in Yusufzai	*	*				v	3			
Gargaridæ of Dionysius-										
Perhaps = Gákar tribe .	*			101	218	11	25			
Garhá ká Kot—										
An old site in Azamgarh Dist	rict					XXII	106	xr,		
Garhá Mandala in Jabalpur Distr	rict, C	. P.,	Gon	d dyna	usty					
Sleeman's list of	Gr.					XVII				
Corrected chronology of-		,	6		*	100.00	52			
Extent of dominions of-						31	51		*	
			-			79	53	-		

	Vos.	Page.	PLATI	Le	
arhwá in Alláhábád District, NW. P					
General description of— . Inscriptions of (?) Chandra Gupta and Kumára Gupta	ш	53			٠
at—	" X	55 9, 10	xx.		
Colossal statues of Brahma, Vishnu, and Siva, with	III	56	xx.		
Group of Vaishnava statues at— Pilgrims' inscriptions, dated S. 1199 = A.D. 1142, on	38	57	2 .		
temple at-	34°.	58 60	XXI.		
Statue of Raja on horse-back at-	X	11	v.		
Inscription of Skanda Gupta, dated 140 at— Architecture and sculpture of Gupta period at—	20	11-15	vi, vii	le:	
anda (Gaura) in Oudh— —The Gonda District	1	327			,
Probably gave name to Gauda Brahmans and Tágas'.		328			
Mayúradhwaja and other kings of—	29	329			
auda (Gaura), Western-					
Comprised the Betul, Chhindwara, Seoní, and Mandala Districts, C. P.	IX	150			
Also known as Kosala (Western)	39	151		2	
Notices of, in the Chand-Ráisá . Invasion of, by Rájya Vardhana, and Harsha Var-	ъ	152			
dhana of Kanauj		154			
Gupta dynasty of, included Sasangka Narendra Gupta	21	156			
Inhabited by Sábaras in time of Sasángka. First mentioned in inscription, dated Saka 739 = A.D.	XVII	157			
808			100		
aur (Gauda) city in Máldáh District, Bengal— Map of—	xv		XIII.		
Capital of the Sen Rájás and the Muhammadan Gov- ernors of Bengal		39			
Founded by Ballal Sen	. 72	41			
Hindu rule . Described by historian Minháj, who lived there after	19	43			
rain A.D.	28	- "			
Occupied by Bakhtiyár Khiljí in 1198 A.D. Captured by Násir-ud-dín Mahmúd, son of Iltitmish,	19				
in 1227 A.D.	37	44	XX.		
Inscription of reign of Illitmish at— . Capital of kings of Bengal from 1284 A.D. to 1326		45	AA.		
A.D.— Seat of Government transferred from— to Hazrat	39 (46			
Pandua by Sikandar	25			-	

					Vol.	Page.	PLATE	
Gaur (Gauda) city in Máldáh Distr	ict, B	enga	ıl—con	td.				_
Again made capital of Bengal	by N	fahm	núd I i	n A.D.	1		1	
1442								
Existing buildings at-belong		ntury	betwe	en A.D	XV	40	5 5	
1442 and Sher Shah								
Description of ruins of					. 0	97		
No Hindu remains at-						41, 46 seqq.	4 4	
Great pestilence in 1575 A.D.	at-			-	.1 "	42	4 4	
Gradually deserted after the p	estile	nce			. 10	47		
Cleared of jungle in 1879 A.D.			0.7		,59	48	9 (F	+
Three groups of ruins at-					313	10		
The citadel of-described					12	49		14
Kadam-Rasúl mosque at-					39	50	XIV.	
So-called ' Jail ' at-			-		.89	54	XIX.	
Inscribed bridge at-					19	55		
Fíroza or Chirágh Mínár at-					-	57	XX.	
Chámkatti mosque at-	*		*		19	21		*
Thántipura mosque at-		*			n	60	XVIII-	
Lathan (Nathan) mosque at-			*		- 10	61	XVI, XV	II.
Gunmant mosque at					39	62	XVIII.	
Bará Soná mosque at			*			65	XIX.	
Kotwálí gate at-						66	XV.	
Tomb of Shekh Akhi Siráj ne	77-	*	-			69		į.
Janjaniya mosque at-	-				20	70		
Chhotá Soná " "	*		*	*	*	73		
College with inscription of Yús		Little				p		
Muhammadan inscriptions at-	Sur Di	nam a	- 11			76	XXII.	
and the state of t		*			- 30		xxx	XIII
Gaura in Partábgarh District, Oud	h				9			
Temple of Sun of 8th or 9th ce								
Temple of Sull of oth or gen ce	mur	y A.I	J. at-		· XI	70		
Gávan in Jodhpur State, Rájputáns								
Curious stone tower at-					1			
Curious stone tower at—	*		*		· XXII	72		
Gayá City in Gayá District, Benga								
Status and in-state Benga	u-							
Statues and inscriptions num	mero	15, b	out no	ancien	it			
buildings now standing at-	10				. 1	1		
Inscription dated in era of Nin	ryáņa	(181	9) at-			1,3	12.1	*
I I II					4	126	XXXV.	*
Long and well-preserved inscr	riptio	n in l	Krishn	a Dwár	j	120	0.000	
na temple at-	4	-			. 1	1		
Temples of Surya with inscrip	ptions	at-				3	1	*
0.1-(110					III	110, 112	XXXIII	
Brahmé-yoni hill near, with	scul	pture	s and	inscrip		1 110, 112	AAAIII	+
tions					. 1			
Râmsila hill and temple near,	, with	date	1071	Samvat		3		
y vession mark as heard of billialit	mage	near				4	1	
Temple of Vishnu-pad at-			4		. iii	100		
					- 44.0	108	1	16

					Vo.,	PAGE.	PL	ATE.	
Gayá City in Gayá District, Bengal-co	ntd.			-	Ш	111			
Akshay-bat and inscription at-			*	1	27	112			
Sundry minor inscriptions at-	1.4		*		ï	34	*		
Inscriptions at and near-			•	*	111	120-133	XXX		
Gayá District—					1		III.		
Map of parts of-			*	1					
Gayá Karna Deva, Rájá-					IX	87, 109			
Of Kalachuri dynasty of Chedi	•	•							
Gedrosia-					11	45			
A part of the kingdom of Kipin			•						
Generation				1	IX	101			
Average length of Indian-	*	*			174				
Ghansor in Seoni District, C.P					VII	107, 108			
Brahmanical and Jain remains at-					*11	10/1100			
Ghár— See Dhand or Ghár in Jaypur State	_								
Chatathacha bino-		erinti	on.		v	138	1.		
Supposed to be mentioned in Tush	Marie area	cispes	Q1+				-		
Gházípur District, NW. P					XXII	87, 96			1,4
Some ancient sites in— Discussion of Hwen Thsang's rou	te thro	ugh-			D	88		*	*
Ghazní—					1	194		*	
Minárs at		1			15				
Ghorí-Pathán, architecture-					111	8			-
Described		•	-	-					
Ghorpet in Chándá District, C. P					IX	136	XX	IV.	
Ruined temple at-	*	*	•						
Ghosráwá in Patna District, Bengal-	-				. 1	38, 30	9 .		
Buddhist monastery at-					XI	17	Z I	LIII.	
Important Buddhist inscription o	f Daya	Pála	at-		. I	3		*	14
Important Buddhist inscription					11	8			
					XI	17.			
Sculptures found at-			+		. 29	17.			
Scalbing to togics					. 21	17		-	
Coins of Srí Vigraha [Pála] from of late Indo-Sassanian typ						17	9		

	Vot.	PAGE.	PLATE
CT IT			
Güding—			
On buildings at Mánikyála On sculptures at Jamálgarhi, &c	· II	157, 171 28, 46, 49	: :
Ginjá Hill in Alláhábád District, NW. P			
Painted inscription in Indo-Scythian style at	XXI	119	XXX.
Girivraja, the capital of Rájá Járasandha—	1		
A name of Rájagriha, q.v.	1	31	
	iii	141	
Ditto, in Panjáb-			
Probably = Girjhák or Jalálpur in Jhelam District .	11	14	
Giryek (Giriyák), în Patna District, Bengal-	_		
Extensive Buddhist ruins at—			
	111	16	XIA,
Position and structure of the 'Járasandh-ká-Baithak'	111	149	XLIV.
corresponds to Fa-Hian's 'Hill of the Isolated Rock',	1	16—19	xv,
and Hwen Thsang's 'Indra Sila-Guha' hill	32	18	
84 lac seals with Buddhist creed found at-	111	150	9 6 4
'Vultures' cave' at—	1	17	
	-32	18, 20	
Gobari, in Mahiyar State, Baghelkhand—			
Imperfect inscription at	XXI	76	
Gohána Kherá, in Alígarh District, NW. P			
Remains at—	XII		
A I I I Was at a second linear	2411	3	
Gokal, in Mathurá District, NW. P			
Identified by Mr. Growse with Klisobora of Arrian .	XX	44	
Gold leaf—			
See Gilding.			
Gomal R.—			
Perhaps = Saparnus R, of Arrian	n		
Somitra of Bárán—	***	32	
Coins of—			
	XIV	147	XXXI.
Gonarda III., King of Káshmír—			
Restored serpent-worship	п		
	11	10	

	Vos.	PAGE.	Pi	ATE.	
ond dynasty of Garhá Mandala—			-		_
Account of—	XVII	46-54	*	*	
ond race—					
The name probably means 'inhabitants of Western					
Gauda' (Kosala)	1X	151	*		+
Perhaps = Kondali or Gondali of Ptolemy	xvii	jn		+	-
	AVII	124	*		*
Temples in Lalitpur and Central Provinces wrongly	1X	152		4	-6
ascribed to—	XVII	34			
Traditions of origin of, closely resemble those of the					
Turks and Mughals	IX.	158			-
Call themselves Koitur	25	151			4
Call Michigan and American	XVII	124	*	7	-
onda, in Bándá District, NW. P.—	NACT.				
Chandel temples at-	XXI	13	V1.		
Gonda District, in Oudh—	1	207			
Supposed to be the same as Gauda (Gaura)	1	327			4
Gondali —					
See Kondali of Ptolemy,					-
Gondophares, king-	n	60			
= Gundoferus of Christian legends of St. Thomas .	v	н			
Contemporary with Artabanus III. of Parthia	.0	39	*	*	
Reigned subsequently to Arsakes and Sanabares .	11	61			
Successors of—	Ÿ	60 62		.*	ì
		59			
Inscription of, from Takht Bahi dated 103	II	59, 60			
Coins of, found in Panjáb and at Kábul	XIV	48, 116			
Gondwá, in Singhbhúm District, Bengal—					
Short ancient inscriptions at	VIII	193		-	
Gondwána—			-		
Used by Muhammadan writers to designate the wild tracts between Kándés and Orissa	IX	150	13	•	
Gopála, King of Bengal-	1	36			
Mentioned in Nalanda inscription · · · ·	1	3			
Gorakhpur District, NW. P	AFREST.	61			
Modern copper-plate grants from-		64-72			
Some ancient sites in-	12	14-12		- 1	

^{*} Some of the places named are in the Basti District.

				Vot.	PAGE.	F	LATE	
Gordian, Roman Emperor—								
Coins of, found in Singhbhum District, E	Bengal		4	XIII	72			
Gotamiputra Satakarni—								
Inscriptions of, and of his successors				1	Intr. xxx,	-		
Perhaps identical with Sáliváhan or Sáta Sánchí gateway erected in reign of—.	váhan			V	20 180			-
Govinda Chandra Deva, Rájá of Kanauj-					,			ľ
Inscription of reign of, dated 1207 Samva	at at F	lathi	yá-					
Dih				1	96			- 2
Govindgarh-								
The fort of Bhatinda in Patiála State			٠	HIXX	2		*	
Govisana of Hwen Thsang-								
=Ujjain in Tarái District			,		252			
Gowror (Gauror) in Ráipur District, C.P.—								
Ancient temples and Chálukya inscriptio	n at—			VII	139-142	KvI	II.	
Greek art—								
Influenced sculpture and architecture	in N	orth	ern					
India	*		-	1	243			4
Characters of, in Panjáb				V	189	10		*
Age of, in Panjáb 80 B.C100 A.D.				12	VI, 185			
Traces at Buddhá Gayá of—				111	97, 100	xx	v11-	
						XX	IX.	
Greeks—								
Encountered Agnimitra on the Indus				11	41			
Advanced to Ganges under Menander				38				
Gugá Chauhán—				-				
Legend of, widely diffused in Northern I	ndia		+	XIV	81			
Same to become				XVII	150			
Songs in honour of— Also known as Gugá Pír and Záhir Pír		*		XIV	84			
How known as Guga Fir and Zanir Fir		1		22	81			
Guhita								
Coins bearing name of, found at Agra		181		IV	95			
Guhila Pati-					20			
Coin of, found at Narwar					96			

	Vot.	PAGE,	PL	TH.	_
Gújar race—					
About half as numerous as Játs in the Panjáb; but not	11	4, 71, 81	*		
Not Rájpúts, and are probably descendants of Yuchi		70, 72, ,,			ia.
or Tochari May have captured Valabhi in A.D. 523	10				*
Gunamati monastery of Hwen Thsang-	2007	20			
Perhaps = Dharáwat in Gayá District, Bengal	VIII	39			
Gunariá in Gayá District, Bengal-		63			
Buddhist and Hindu ruins at-	33				
Gupta—					
Coins with name of Bhadra or Chandra, of earlier date than the Sungas	XXII	4	•		*
Gupta alphabet—					
See Alphabet.					
Gupta dynasty, Early or Imperial-					
Preceded, not followed, by the five kings of Magadha	1	Intr. XL	-		
mentioned by Hwen Thsang	IX	20			
Succeeded by Valabhi dynasty in W. India Outh traditions probably referring to—	XI.	99	-	*	
Pátaliputra, probably capital of —	29	153			,
Approximate proposed chronology of—	IX	21			
S/e Gupta era.		111			
List of kings of	X	Intr. XXXIV			
Names of queens of—	111	4		1	
Professed Brahman religion	X	52, 54			
Gold coins of, known as dinars	111	56			
Coid coins of, known as where	X	10	14	1.0	
Silver coins of, described	IX	21-26	V		
One coin of, found in Panjab	XIV	112	1	-	
List of principal inscriptions of-	X				
See Budha Gupta, Chandra Gupta, Ghatotkacha, Kumára Gupta, Samudra Gupta, Skanda Gupta, and Alpha- bet.					
Obelisk of period of, at Pathári	. VII	67		*	
Obelisk of period of, at Pathan	. XXI	120	1		
Remains of period of at Sulfanganj	. XV	30		*	
See Gupta style of architecture.		1			

	Vol.,	PAGE.	1	LATE	
Supta dynasty, Later, of Eastern Magadha-					
Notices of—	m				
Aphsar inscription of—	1000	136			
	IX	40	1	+	
	XV	27			
	XVI	11	1		
List of inscriptions of—		60, 78			
Genealogy of—	iii	137		-	
	XVI	79			
Chronology of—	XV	166			
Used era of Harsha	XVI			*	
Certainly preceded Sasángka Narendra Gupta, A.D.	Att	79	-	*	
600	IX	28			
Antagonistic to Maukhari dynasty of W. Magadha .	XVI	80			
Titles of kings of, terminate in-aditya	29	81			
Gold coins of	I	40 Note			
	III	137	-		
	XVI	81			
water demonstra I also of Mahillanala					
upta dynasty, Later, of Mahákosala-					
Mentioned in inscriptions from the C. P	VII	VI		4	
	XVII	17, 85, 87			
upta dynasty, Later, of Orissa-					
Perhaps identical with last					
	39	29 29 - 29		*	
Supta dynasty, Later, of W. Ganda-					
In 600 A.D., descended from early Gupta dynasty .	IX	156			
Supta era—					
Data for fixing initial point of—					
A.D. 195, proposed as initial point of —	33	16			
Discourage of ALC Dillors		19 and Pref.		*	
		20			
Inscriptions of Rájá Hastin, &c., dated in— A.D. 167, proposed as initial point of—	33	9	IV.	+	
	X	Pref. & App.		,	
The top proposed as milital point of					
The top proposed as initial point of					
Supta style of architecture—					
	v	186-180			
Supta style of architecture— Derived from Indo-Persian style	V	186—189	*		
Supta style of architecture—	İX	44	*	:	
Supta style of architecture— Derived from Indo-Persian style		44	*		
Supta style of architecture— Derived from Indo-Persian style Seven characteristics of—, Supplies earliest known specimen of structural temple	ïx	44 '42 60	*		
Supta style of architecture— Derived from Indo-Persian style Seven characteristics of—, Supplies earliest known specimen of structural temple Principal examples of—	ix x	44 '42 60	XVI	, xx	
Gupta style of architecture— Derived from Indo-Persian style Seven characteristics of—, Supplies earliest known specimen of structural temple	ïx	44 '42 60	XVI	, XX	ţ.

							Vot.	Page.	Plat	FE.	
Supta style of architec	ture—contd.										
Specimens of, at B						. 1	x	41			
	hitari .		+		1		1 .	99, 100			
							XI	17	VI.		
-			4		*		X	81	xxv-	-xx	x
	ran . arhwá .						,,	11-15	VI, VI	11.	
1		*	4	*			XIV	42			9
	helam .	+	*		*		XXI	96, v	XXVII		
	láchná .		*		*		XVI	52			
	alf .		*		*	4	XX	105	XXIII		
	ároli .	193	*			- 1	IX	31	VI.		
	atainí Devi	(7)				*	X	60			
	ánchi .						IX	42, 45	IX-	XI.	Г
	igowa			*	*		X	48	XVIII		
U	Idayagiri	*	*		*	*	**				
Gupta Hari —								100	an an an a		
Inscription of, at S	Sárnáth			٠	*	*	ı	123	XXXI	٧.	
Gupta Godávarí R							27.7				
A sacred stream a	t Chitrakúta	ı	+	*		•	XXI	13			
Gurgaon in Gurgaon D	istrict. Pan	áb—									
Pillar with inscrip	tion, dated (7) 5	729	at—			XX	138	X.		
Gárgí-Masán in Rew	á State-										
Inscriptions from-							XIII	13. Note.			
Tradition of Rájá		ariya	at-	+			XXI	149	-		
Description of rui						M	XIX	85	XX.		
							XXI	150	XXXX	Va.	
Numerous sculptu	ires at-		*	,			.00	153			
Gurijara Kingdom-											
In time of Hwen	Theang						11	70		*	
In 9th century A.		i,					19	71			
Gushan tribe-											
See Kushan.											
Gwáliár in Gwáliár St								220		vur	
General description	on of-	100	+	*		*	11	330	LXX	AYE.	*
Names of six gate	s of fortress	of-					10	333		+	
Inscription of Bl	noja Deva,	dated	I S. 93	33 =	A.D.	876		225 255			
at					+	*	21	335- 355		4	
			+					339, 369	*	*	
State prisons at-									1 4		
State prisons at- British assaults o				*		*	88	.38			
	n							340, 379 341	4		

	Vol.	PAGE.	PLATE.
Gwaliar in Gwaliar State, C. I.—contd.	-		
Six palaces at	III	346	
Palace of Rájá Mán Singh at	20.	347	LXXXVII.
Muhammadan palaces at-	20	351	LXXXVIII.
Eleven temples at-			
Temple of Sun at, probably destroyed by Iltitmish .	20	453	
Tell mandir temple at		ar fi	xc.
Sás báhu temple at—	,,	350	LXXXIX, X
Inscription, dated S. 1150 = A.D. 1093 at-	22	357	
Pilgrims' records on great Sás báhu temple at-	22	25	
Jain temple with inscription, dated S. 1165 = A.D. 1108		361	
at	-	363	XC.
For the day of the A.D. and a	71	364	3.01
The section of the se		F 17	
	20	h	KCI.
Tomb of Muhammad Ghaus, saint at	31	369	2011
Tomb of Tansen, musician at—	39	370	
Jámi masjid at-	10	30	
Native annals of—	21		
Probably founded in A.D. 275	10	372	
Originally named Gopagiri or Gopachala	37	.01	
Legend of Súraj Sen of—	20	373	2 2
Kachhwaha Kajas ot	10	374	
Story of Tej Karan Dulhá Rai of	10	376	
Parihár Rájás of—		378	
	.15	382	4
Reign of Rájá Mán Singh of—	10	387	
Fall of Tomar dynasty of	99	388	
Death at Pánipat of Vikramáditya, last Tomar Rájá of-	n	380	97 4
Great diamond of Rájá of		390	
Capital of Islám Sháh, A.D. 1546		393	
Recent history of—	10	395	
List of inscriptions connected with-	.89	393	
Gyárispur in C. I.—			
Temples and stúpas at→	VII	90-93	
	X	31-34	XI.
н			
Haihaya—			
A name of the Kalachuri dynasty of Chedi, q. v	1X	77	
Hairát—			
Said to be an old name of Gujarát in the Panjáb .	11	71	1000
Hájípur in Muzaffarpur District, Bengal-			
Mosque at	XVI	5	
Excavations in mound near	20	84	
Bronze images with inscriptions of reign of Mahipála			
Deva found in mound near-		88	

	Vo	L. PAGE.	PLATE.	
Haliyá in Mirzápur District, NW. P				
English and Hindi inscriptions at, recording captur of Bhopári fort	e X2	CI 121	XXXI.	
Hamilton—				
See Buchanan Hamilton, Dr.				
Hánsí, in Hissár District, Panjáb-				
Probably a chief stronghold of Indo-Scythians .	- 1	140		
Shrine of Niamat-ullah at	· XX	111 13	VII.	
Mosque at	4 10	15		
Muhammadan inscriptions at-		21	1 4	
Tomb of Alam or Ali Mir Tijára at-	+ 20	16	V.	
family of Kuth Jamál-úd-dín at-	. 30	. 19	VI.	
Hanswá (Haswá) in Fatchpur District, NW. P				
Legend of Hansadhwaja, Moradhwaja, and Sankar				
dhwaja at—		711 98		
Hantha—				
The Chinese name of Gándhára	. 1	1 63		
Inc Uninese name of Oandoara	,			
Hara Singha, Rájá—				
Tradition of—	. X	VI 4		-
Hárahaura or Hárahúna of Varáha Mihira-				
= Country between Ihelam and Indus	. 1	V 79		
See Salt Range.				
Harapá in Montgomery District, Panjáb-				
Extensive mounds at—		., 105	XXXII.	
Seal and other relics from		106, 108	XXXIII.	
Perhaps destroyed by Muhammad Kásim		107	1	
? = Po-fa-to or Po-fa-to-lo of Hwen Thsang .		20 91		
Indo-Scythian and later coins at		., 108		
Hardaur Lála—	1			
Legend and worship of—	. x	VII 161		
Traditional association of cholera with worship of-	3	., 163		
Harl Gupta-				
Inscription of, on bas-relief at Sárnáth		I 123	XXXIV.	
Haridwar or Gangadwara in Saharanper District, NW. P	_	h		
Ancient town at, named Máyápura or Máyúra .		11 232		
Various remains near-		233-4	I was all services	
Bathing festival at-		233		

	Vol.	PAGE.	E	PLATE	L.
Harlájhurí near Baijnáth in Sháhábád District, Bengal-					
Inscription at—	VIII	145			
Iaro city—					
Old name of Hasan Abdál in Ráwal Pindi District,					
Panjáb	v	79			
		"			
laro R. in Panjáb	- 9	1000			
Undisturbed shipns along	11	148			
larsha-charita of Bána—					
Extracts from—	IX	154	*		
arsha, era of—	100				
		- 5			
Initial year of, is A.D. 607 Used by later Guptas and in Nepál	1	282	-	*	
Used by later Guputs and in Nepsi	XVI	79		*	
larsha Gupta of Kosala—					
Mentioned in Sirpur inscription	XVII	17			
arsha Gupta of the later Gupta dynasty of Magadha-					
Mentioned in Aphsar inscription	737				
Mentioned in Apresa Inscription	IX XV	27 11			
arsha Varddhana, King of Kanauj-	76.1	- **			
Defeated by Vikramáditya Chálukya	i	281			
Chronology of reign of—	,,	201		-	
Established era in 607 A.D	,,	282			
Probably referred to in Rájávalí	n	10	13	100	
Triumphal procession of, from Prayag to Sankisa .	,,	305			
Wide extent of empire of	I	280			
Subjected country between Jumna and Narbadá .	11	311			
Bána's account of the war between the king of W.		-			
Gauda (Sasángka) and—	IX	154			
Probable revival of Buddhism in reign of—	XI	98			
Legend of search for Rájyasrí by- i	XVII	128			
arshu Bábá—					
Legend of—		160			
	"		12	*	
asan Abdál in Ráwal Pindí District, Panjab-					
Spring at, identified with Hwen Thsang's tank of the					
Nága Elápatra	II	135-138			
Buddhist ruins at—	29	138	LX.		
Anciently named Haro		139			
TO 1 12 11	V	79	*	42	
asan Khán Mewáti—					
Opposed Bábar	XX	12			

	Vol.	Pags.	PLATE.
Hasanpur Káko—			
See Káko in Gayá District, Bengal.			
Hashka Gupta—			
A misreading for Harsha Gupta, q.v	IX XV	27 Note 11	1 : :
Hashtnagar—			
See Chársada or Hashtnagar.			
Hasrá in Gayá District, Bengal—			
Buddhist remains at—	VIII	104	II.
Hastin, Rájá of Uchahara—			
Inscription of—	IX	9	IV.
Hastinapura—	X	113	
See Delhi.			
Hathgáon in Fatehpur District, NW. P			
Ancient temple converted into mosque at-	XVII	96	XXIX.
Hathiya Dih in Azamgarh District, NW. P			
Pillar with inscription of Govinda Chandra Deva at-	1	95, 96	
Hátila, or Asokpur, in Gondá District, Oudh			
Buddhist 'tooth-brush' legend at—	17	328	* •
Sohri Dal at—		329	
Ghorí and Khiljí coins, and Varáha drammas found	30	2-3	
at- ,	20	39	
Hayamukha of Hwen Thsang—			
See Ayumokha.			
Hazrat Pandua—			
See Pandua in Málda District	XV	79	
Heliocles, King of Bactria-			
Scythian imitations of copper coins of—	11	59	
Hemád Panth—			
Central Provinces legends of—	VII	114	
	IX	142	
Serakles (Hercules)—			-
Sculptures of, at Mathurá	XVII	100	xxx.

				Vol.	PAGE,	Pı	ATE.	
Hesidrus R. of Pliny— = Satlaj R				11	12			
Hesychius— Alludes to Maurya dynasty				1	Intr. x.			
Hetunpur in Mirzápur District, NW. P								
Carved obelisks at—	7			XI	131			
Hilsá in Patna District, Bengal-								
Mosque on site of temple at				VIII	66			
Legend of Hilsá Deo at				XI.	163			
Tomb of Sher Sháh's reign at-					164			
Hima Kadphises—			1					
See Wema Kadphises, King.								
Himatgarh near Gwáliár, C. I								
Captured by Sikandar Lodi		4		11	329	-	٠	
Hind—			1					
See Ohind.			-					
Hindoria in Damoh District, C. P								
Inscribed satí stones at				XXI	167			
Hiranyaváha								
= Son R., q.v		*		VI	24			
Hiranyvátí R.—			-					
= Hirana or Chhotá Gandak R			\sim	VIII	25			
Hisár (Hissár) in Hisár District, Panjáb-								
Pillar with pilgrims' inscriptions at-	4			v	141	XLI.		
Hiuen Tsiang—								
See Hwen Thsang.			Į					
Hiungnu—								
A Scythian tribe, rivals of the Yuchi				11	62			
Hodí Rájá								
See Hudi Rájá,								
Hoerke-								
See Huvishka, King.								

	Vos.	Page.	PLATE,
Holung-			
A Chinese name for the Ganges	VIII	IIX	
Hocemo— See Wema Kadphises, King.			
Hooorkes, King— See Havishka, King.		-	
Horne, Mr. C			
Excavations at Bhitari by	1	100-103	2 1 1
Hudí Rájá—			
Succeeded Rasálu in Sálbáhanpur (Siálkot)	H	21	
Perhaps an Indo-Scythian			
Forts at Ranigat and opposite Attock attributed to	37	96, 97	
Legend of—	V	03	
Humayún, Emperor—	1		
Inscription recording ascent of the Chaukandi mound		117	
at Sárnáth by—	1	221	
Tomb of, at Delhi	20	223	
Inscription and mosque of, at Fatehábád	XXIII	11, 12	m, rv.
Hún-			
A Rájput clan formerly in Mewár	VI	234	
Hund-			
See Ohind.			
VI			
Huns, White— See White Huns.			
DEC AA HITC TIMMIT			
Husainpur Káko-			
See Káko in Gayá District, Bengal.			
Huvishka, King-		The sales	
	. 1	238	
	. III	32	
The state of the s	. 11	67	
Coins of, found in Mánikyála No. 1 Tope Curious gold medal of, found at Buddha-Gayá .	. xvi	Pref. 1v	
Hwen Thsang—		1	1
Travelled in India A.D. 629-642, and returned to	0		
China A.D. 645	. 1	A	
West 2 to 1 to 2 to 1 to 2 to 1	11	84	
Work of, invaluable to the archeologist Route of, between Kanauj and Prayág	1 1	83	100
Moute of, between Kanauj and Prayag		294	

				Voc.	Pags.	E	LATE.
Hwen Thsang-contd.							-
Route of, between Kapilavástu and Ga	vá			vvn			
Kosámbi and Sanki				XXII	1 13	7 7 7	4
in Panjáb	-			1 1	30		
in Magadha and Mithila .				VIII	8.		
in Gházípur District				XXII	13, 19		
Hwui Seng-							
A Chinese pilgrim in Kábul and W	I. Pa	niáh.	A.D	4			
502 ,		+		11	84		
Hypæthral Temples—							
Dedicated to 64 Joginis				IX			
				1.5.	74		
atii of Pliny and Ptolemy—							
Perhaps = Ját tribe							
remaps = Jac tribe	- 0			. 11	55		*
bráhím Lodi, Emperor-							
Built so-called Jahángír's Palace at Ag	ra .			IV	XII		
ltitmish, Emperor—							
Made additions to Kuth Mosque at De	lhi .			I	-0-		
Completed Kuth Minar					187		
Tomb of, at Delhi				0	203		*
Captured Gwáliár, A.D. 1232				ii ii	204		
Great Mosque at Ajmer built in reign o	É-				253 261		*
Was first Governor of Badaun				IX	1		
Built Idgáh and Jámi Masjid at Badáu	n .			in in		11-1	
Correct form of name of-				**	5 Note		
Buildings of reign of, near Delhi .	14	*	1	XX	142, 160	XXXI	r.
dappe (Indpa) in Mongir District, Bengal-	_						
Fort and stupe at-				III	162		
				VIII	120		
dian Páli alphabet—							
First partially deciphered by Lassen			4		Intr. XII	1-11	
Further deciphered by J. Prinsep .				I	e viti		
do-Corinthian style of architecture -							
At Jamál-garhi				v			
In Kábul Valley					196 ***	XLVII	I-L.
Compared with pure Corinthian .					186, 190	200	
Date of remains of-				**	193	ILVII	
					194		

	Vol.	PAGE,	PLA	TE.	
Indo-Doric style of architecture —					
In Kashmir and Salt Range continued in use till Muhammadan conquest	v	186, 196			
Indo-Grecian style of architecture—	-220				
Remains of—	V	App. A.	*		
Indo-Ionic style of architecture—					
Known only from ruins of Taxila	**	68, 69, 196	XVII,	XVI	11.
	XIV	9	VII.		
Indo-Persian style of architecture—	- 55				
Two columns near Kabul are only specimens west	V	185		*	*
of Indus of - Examples of, in Yusufzai bas-reliefs compared with	**	186	XLV.		
pure Persian style	20	187			
Examples of, at Bhárhut, Sánchi, and Buddha-Gayá .	3.0	188	XLV1.		
Modified by the Guptas	38	186, 189		*	*
Indo-Sassanian coins—					
See Coins, Indo-Sassanian.					
Indo-Sassanian period-					
Remains of—	111	4			*
indo-Scythia—					
According to Ptolemy, comprised Sindh and valley of Gomal river to west of Indus	н	46			
According to author of Periplus = valley of Lower Indus under name of Scythia	**				
Ruled by Parthians, according to author of Periplus .	11	47			
Indo-Scythian alphabet—					
See Alphabet,					
indo-Scythian coins—					
See Coins, Indo-Scytman.					
indo-Scythian dynasty—					
Took titles of Devaputra and Sháhí	111	42			
Early adopted Hindu names	V	140	1.		
Speculations as to date of—	111	44		*	4
Dominion of, barely acknowledged by Hindu writers .	1	Intr. XLIII		*	
ndo-Scythian period-					
Remains of—	111	3	10		

	Vos.	Page.	P	LATE	
ndo-Scythians—		-	_		
Name first used by Ptolemy for nomad tribes who					
overthrew successors of Alexander	11	43			
Detailed accounts of, in Chinese annals only		44			
Comprised Su and Yuchi hordes according to Chinese.	12	43			
Sarancæ and Asiani of Trogus Pompeius .	49	10			
Asii, Pasiani, Tokhari, and Sakarauli, ac-	31				
cording to Strabo	0				
ndor on border of Gurgáon District, Panjáb-					
A Mewáti stronghold	XX	133		*	
ndor-Khera (Indrapura) in Bulandshahr District, NW.P					
Traditions of—	XII	37	1		
Translation of copperplate inscription of Skanda					
Gupta, dated 146, found at		38			
Punch-marked coins at		40		4	
Early moulded coins, with Buddhist symbols at-	**	41	+		
Unique inscribed coin at-	20		-		
Coins of Buddhist Satraps at	25	41-43			
Indo-Scythian coins at	29	п			
Indo-Sassanian coins at—	.00	44, 68			
Seals, &c., found at-	19	45	1	+	
Pottery and terra-cotta work found at	**	47.50	VII.		
Stone sculptures found at	44	51-53		+	
Description of ancient city at—	39	56	1,		
Labyrinthine building at—	22	58			
Remains on Kundanpura or Great Temple mound at-	.99	67-78	VI.		
Skeletons in Ahirpura mound at-	**	79			
Remains on Vaidyapura "	99	80			
Commission templebase B	42				
dradyumna—					
Last Pála Rájá of Magadha	III	135, 159			
Forts of, at Jaynagar and Indappe	"	159, 162			
idraprastha (Indarpat)—					
Distinct from old Delhi	1	134			
Legendary history of		136			
Also known as Purán Kila, Shergarh, and Dinpanáh .	"	136, 221			
drasilaguha—					
= Giryek in Gayá District	Ш	150	-		
akstand, inscribed—					
From Besarh	XVI	12	IV.		
ascriptions—					
Rarely dated in intercalary month	XXI	102			

			Vot.	Page.	Prats.
Inscriptions, Muhammadan—		-			
List of, from E. Rájputána and Panjáb .		1	XX		VIII.
Interculary month—			991		
Examples of inscriptions dated in-	7		XXI	102	
See Indo-Iov'c style of architecture.			-		
Irich in Jhánsí Distri, NW. P					
Muhammadan remains at-	*		VII	32	
Iron—					
The sole material of the Iron Pillar at Delhi			11	170 325	
Works at Narwar	À			3-3	
Iron Pillar—					
See Delh2.					
Isóna Varmwa—					
One of the Maukhari dynasty of Magadha	A	-	XVI	79, S1 27	
Dated silver coins of—			175		1
Islám Sháh—			II	202	
Made Gwáliár his capital	-		XI	393	
Tomb of, at Sahsarám		٠			
Islámábád—			XX	40	
Name given to Mathurá by Aurangzeb .		-		39	
A name of Tahangarh in Karauli State .	7		85	7	
Islampur in Patna District, Bengal -			VIII	1 47	
Remains at			****	47	
Iswara Varmmá, Rájá—					XXXVII.
Inscription of, at Jaunpur.	*	×	XI	104, 124	A.a.o.viii
J					
Jabalpur in Jabalpur District, C. P					
'Madan Mohal' at-		+	VII	54	
Jádava, Jádon, or Jádovansi-					1
See Yáduvansi Race.					
Jagannath, temple of-					-
Inscriptions of a Gupta dynasty at —			20	V	

	Vot.	PAGE.	PLATE,	
Jagdispur in Patna District, Bengal-				_
= Kulika, birth-place of Mogalána	. 1	20		
Jagner in Agra District, NW. P				
Ruined temple at —	· VI	24		
wanted temple at	20	27		
ahánára Begum—				
Daughter of Sháhjahán, buried at Delhi				
The state of the s	1	230		
ahángír, Emperor—				
So-called palace of, at Agra	· IV	Marie and		
Throne and bath of,		XII, 124	XIII.	
	20	132, 135		
ahánpanáh at Delhi—				
Described—	. 1	218		
	1	210		
ihngira in Bhagalpur District, Bengal-				
Legends of —	· xv	21		
Hindu, Buddhist, and Jain rock-sculptures at -	. 22	22	VIII, IX.	
Short inscription in early Gupta characters at -	. "	23	XI.	
Island temple at —		22	VII.	
Sculptures and short inscriptions of Gupta age at Bai	15-			
Great fairs held at -	. 10	23	XI.	
	. 39	24		
aichand—				
See Jaya Chandra, Rájá.				
un Tirthankaras—				
Stages in life of —	200			
	· X1	171		
unism—				
Relation of, to Buddhism				
Flourished at Mathurá at beginning of Christian era	' X	63		
Anuded to by riwen Theangr .		45		
Flourished in Bundelkhand under Chandel dynasty	· V	92	* *	
Persecuted by Brahmans	- 11	445	* *	
Present extent of—	· XX	104		
Legendary origin of Swetámbara sect of-	. x	19	* *	
State in Wantiers Direct to the second	1	55		
litpur in Hamirpur District, NW. P		1		
Fort at—	· VII	20		
iábuties or libraties Deshares		29		
jáhutiya or Jijhotiya Brahmans and Baniyas-				
In Bundelkhand, the ancient Jejákablinkti-désa .	. x	99		
	IXX	VI, 173		M
	1	13		

		You,	Pagi,	Pi	LATE.	
Jajao in Agra District, NW. P Mosque and inscription 81-		ıv	213			
Jajhoti— See Jijhoti,						
Jalál Khán	1					
A famous Mewáti Chiel		XX	18	4	*	
Jalálpur in Jhelam Dîstrîct, Panjáb-						
Anciently named Girjhák		11	176	4	4	4
? = Girivraja of Ramayana		41-	177		+	
The site of Alexander's head-quarters		11	183	LXV	11.	
? = Bukephala		31	186	*		1,
Jalál-ud-dín Khiljí—						
Murder of, at Karrá	-	XVII	89			
Jalandhar, Chandel Rájá-		**				
Traditions of, in Lalitpur District	-	X	91			
Jálandhar District in Panjáb-						
Puranic legends relating to	+	V	145	1.4	+	
Also called Trigartta or Traigartta-desa, and Bahika	a .	54	148			
Rájás of, in early times	1	99	149-152.	1.		
Chief places of note in		28	152		*	
Tributary to Kanauj in Hwen Thsang's time		19	150	,	7	
Jamál-garhi in Yusufzai, Panjáb— Buddhist ruins at—			46-53	XIII	1-x	V.
		17	48			
Indo-Corinthian architecture at—			49	XVI		
Inscribed statue of king at—		4*	63			
Masons' marks in Arian characters prove age	of [
remains at—		1.0	64		4	
Numerous sculptures found at- · · ·	*	49	197	*	-	
Jamná R. in Bibár-						
Flowing from Barábár hills		VIII	127			
See Junna R.						
Jamui în Hoshangábád District, C. P	a.					
Temples and sculptures at-		VII	239		16	
Janakpur—		XVI	34			
Ancient capital of Mithila		47.41	34	1		

					Vot.	PAGE.	P	LATE	
Janapada country ?—							-		
Coins of— ,				-	XIV	151	xxx	I.	
Janer (Jajner) in Fírozpur District, Panjáb-	_								
An ancient town						67			
Analysis of 184 coins found at-			+		3.5	69			
Legend of—		٠	*	-	25	311		*	
Janjgir (Jangir) in Biláspur District, C. P.	_								
Vaishnava sculptures at		ar.			VII	204, 205			٠,
Construction of tower of temple at-					77	207	+	4	
Two imperfect inscriptions at-	,	7	ķ.		19	,11	8		
Janjúhás—									
A tribe in the E. Salt Range .					11	t8	-	*	
				1	V	S1, S2		*	-
Jánki Kot in Champáran District, Bengál-	-								
An ancient site		,		-	XXII	50	-		
Jaolí in Ráwal Pindí District, Panjáb-									
Ruins with relics and coins at-			4		11	146		*	
Jarásandha, King of Magadha-							6		
'Girivraja' = Rájgír, q.v., was capita	1 of-				1	21	1		
'Baithak' at Giryek of-		e		5	12	15-19	XV.		
Jártika tribe—									
= Madra tribe, g.v.	+		-		11	195			
						- 70			
Jaspur—									
Probably a corruption of Yasovarmm Bihar city	apura	l, a	name	00	VIII	76			
						10			
Jasso (Jaso) State in Bundelkhand-									
Short inscriptions in—			2	*	XXI	99	XX	VII.	
Jaswár Kahárs—									
In neighbourhood of Bihar city .					VIII	76			
Ját (or Jat) tribe—									
The most numerous race in Panjáb		g.			11	2 56			
Conjectured to be = Zanthii of Strabe	$a_1 = 1$	atii	of Pl	iny		3.56	1	•	
and Ptolemy, = Zaths of Muhamma	adan	writ	tērs		34	55			
Are mostly Musalmán in Panjáb and	Sindl	, bu	at Hin	du					
in Rájputána			+	4	39	56, 57			
Hindus say they come from Kandahá Musalmáns say they come from Gajn	1		-			54		*	
assumers say they come from Gajn				-	40	55		de	,

	Villa	Pul.	Plate-
ât (or Jat) tribe—confd.			
	11	81	
Not Rajputs Now hold Bharatpur State	XX	68	
átakas—			
Panjab sculptures illustrating the—	V	197, 199	* *
atkari near Khajuráho in Chhatarpur State, Bundelkhand-	37		
Temple of Vishnu at- · · · · · ·	X	20	IX.
augada in Ganjam District, Madras-	*****		
Asoka's edict inscription at	XIII	113	* *
Indo-Scythian coins found at-	17.	115	
aunpur in Janupur District, NW. P	****		
Capital of the Sharki kings in 15th century A.D.	XI	103	
Speculations as to original name of — Mosques on sites of temples built by Rájás Jaya Chan-	br.	103	
dra and Vijaya Chandra Raibor	12	104	1 1
The fort mosque is oldest building at-	375	105	XXXI.
Inscription of Firuz Shah's brother at	291	I(n)	
The great Atála Mosque at-		107	ASSU,
The great Atais prosque at-			XXXVII.
Hindu masons' inscriptions dated S. 1464 = A.D.			
1407 on Atála Mosque	125	110	ZZZZIL.
Khális-makhlis and Zausírí mosques at	18	112	XXXI.
Jami-ush-shark mosque at-	43	113	XXXIII
Bibi Réji or Lel Darmisa mosque at-	7.6	110	XXXIV.
Inscription of Vijaya Chandra Deva of Kanauj, dated			AND DEC
S. 1225 = A.D. 1168 at - · · · ·	Elt.	117, 125	XXXVII.
Inscription, dated S. 1353 = A.D. 1296 at-	11	118, 49	ke.
Old tombs at—	44	119	
Fort and bridge at-	11	120	E .
Inscription of Rájá Iswara Varmma at	69	104, 124	XXXVII.
Burial-ground of Sharki kings at- · · ·	71	110	
Destruction wrought by Sikandar Lodí at- · ·	11	115, 117	
tunpuri-Pathán architecture—		11	
Described	111		
aya Chandra, Rájá of Kananj—		283	
Defeated by Muhammad Ghorí at Benares	I	104	
Built temple at Jaunpur	XI	104	
aya (Gupta)—		40, Note	
Gold coins of—	1	40, Note	

		-	1
	Vot.	PAGE,	PLATE.
Jayanáth, Rájá of Kárí-Talái—			
Inscription of—	IX	7	IV.
Jayapura-dúrgga—			
Ancient name of Ajaygarh, q.v.	XXI	46	
Jayendra, King of Káshmír -			
Not contemporary with Hwen Thsang	1.	Intr. xxxiv.	
Jaynagar in Mongir District, Bengal-			
Stronghold of Indradyumna, last Rájá of Magadha .	111	159	
Jaypál, Rájá of Kanauj -			
Date of death of	1	121	
Jaypur city in Jaypur State, Rájputána-			
Founded by Jay Singh early in 18th century	п	251	
Jaypur State—	1		
Anciently called Dhundhar	25	84	
Jejákabhukti—			
Old name of Bundelkhand	x	23, 99	
	XXI	VI, 57, 173	
Jejákasukti—			
A misreading for Jejákabhukti, q.v.			
Jesalmer (Jáisalmír) in Jesalmer State, Rájputána-			
Head quarters of Hindu section of Bhati tribe at	11	22	
Jesalmer annals—			
On the history of Sálivahan		21, 22	
Jetavana monastery of Srávastí-		100	
Further excavations of	XI	82	XXIV.
			mart.
Jethian in Gaya District—			
= Ancient Jashtivana	III	140	V
Jethur in Bhagaipur District, Bengal-			
Inscription, dated 1053 S. at-	VIII	130	
Jhaloni in (?) Lalitpur District, NW. P			
Inscribed stab at—	XXI	176	

					Vot.	PAGE.	PEATE.
Jhálra Pátan in Jhalláwár State, Rájp	utána.						
= Ancient Chandrávati	mrama.				-11		
Temples at					XXIII	264, 270	F 1
Major Abbott's account of-			,		n n	126 130	XXVI.
hárkhand—							
Ancient name of a tract along t	he Dar	núdá	river,	in			
Mánbhúm District, Bengal	1		*		VIII	50, 157	40-1
Jharkon in Central India-							
Capital of the Khichí Rájás .		14		٠	11	295	
helam city, in Jhelam District, Panjál							
Iron tripods and brass bowls four					XIV	42	100
Remains of temple in late Gupta Ancient coins abundant at	style at				ii	174	
						1,14	
Jhelam River— Formerly joined Chenáb about 5	a milas	aheur					
junction	o mnes	ADOV	e pres	, scur		38	
Thirká—							
See Firozpur-Jhirká in Gurgaon I	District.						
Jhirná in Rewá State—						1.0	
Sec Piáwan.						- 7	
Jihonia (Zeionises) Satrap-							
Coins of, found at Manskyala .						152, 167-8	LXV.
					xïv	6	* *
Jijhoti—							
Ancient name of Bundelkhand		٠		÷	11	413	2 3
Iiihotiya Brahmans—							
Annua and an annua and an		+				414	
Named from Jijhoti							-
					xvi	68, 73	xxiv—
Jivita Gopta, Rájá— Inscription of, at Deo-Barnárak				٠	xvi	68, 73	XXIV—
Jivita Gupta, Rájá— Inscription of, at Dec-Barnárak Jobnáth, Rájá—				٠	XVI		- Andrews
Jivita Gopta, Rájá— Inscription of, at Deo-Barnárak					xvi • v	68, 73	- Andrews
Jivita Gopta, Rájá— Inscription of, at Dec-Barnárak Jobnáth, Rájá— Legend of—					xvi • v		- Andrews

		-	Vet.	Pace.	1.	LATE.	
Jodhpur in Jodhpur State, Rájputána-							
Modern temples at		-	XXIII	85	à I		
Jogi-guphá in Dinájpur District, Bengal— Hindu remains at—		+	XV	120			16
Joginis, 64—							
Five temples known to be dedicated to			IX	74			
Detailed description of Bherá Ghat temple of-			11	61-74	XII	-xv	£.
Ditto of Khajuráho ditto		1	IXXI	410 57	*		
Johlyas of Baháwalpur—							3
= Yaudheya tribe . ,		-	XIV	140			,
Jones, Sir William-							
Contributions of, to oriental learning .		12	1	Intr. I	4	٠	1
Júd, Mount—							
The Muhammadan name of the Salt Range		٠	v	79		14.	
Julien, M. Stanislas-							
Translated Life and Travels of Hwen Thsang	•	1	11	85			
Jumná R.—					1	-	-
Symbolised by tortoise	, sture		1X	49 43, 70			
Júná Kherá in Jodhpur State, Rájputána-							
Ruined temples at—	*	*	XXIII	97		*	
Jupiter, 12-year cycle of-							
Preliminary discussion of—	*	+	IX	18			
Method of calculating			X	Pref, and App.	l-q	٠	,
Used in the Dakhin and Burma	*	*		127			
Jupiter, 60-year cycle of-							
Used in dates of Sati inscriptions at Boram Deo,	C. P		XVII	41			
Jushka—							
A brother of Kanishka, according to Káshmír h	story		н	64	-		
Jwála Mukhí in Kángra District, Panjáb-							
Famous temple at—	*		v	169			-
Natural flames at—	*	*	79	170			
**************************************			18. "	117-175			

	Vol.	PAGE.	PLATE	
Jyestha datta— Coin of, from Bairánt in Benares District	XXII	115		
K				
Kábar or Shergarh in Barelí District, NW. P	1			
An ancient city	1	358		
Kabír, reformer— Died at Maghar in Bastí District	XII	72 *		
Kabir-ud din Auliya— Tomb of, near Delhi	xx	147		
Kábul- Divided between Parthians, Indians, and Su Kings				
of Kipin in 126 B.C.	п	45 73		
Occupied by Great Yuchi Sarhind most easterly possession of Hindu kings of— .	317	206		
Names of Hindu kings of—		74		
The state of the s	V	82		*
Silver coinage of, current in Panjáb in Mahmúd's time . Surkh Mínár and Mínár Chakrí at—	29	156 186	XLV.	
Kachchb-				
= Pliny's country of the Odonbeores, = Audumbara .	XIV	155 136		
Kachhwáhá clan— Etymology of name of—	II	379		
Verblance Detra at Partition				
Kachhwáhá Rájás of Gwáliár— List of—		374		
Kadaphes— Perhaps the same title as Kadphises, q.v.				
Kádasa (Kádra)—				
Snake coins bearing name of—	vi	10 167	: :	
Kadphises—				
See Kujula Kara Kadphises, and Wema Kadphises, King-				
Kadwai in Gwáliár State, C. I.—				
Old Hindu temple at—	XX	105		

^{*} The text erroneously states that Kabir was born at Maghar.

		Vot.	Page.	PLATE.
Káfir-kot in Derá Ismáil Khán District, Panjáb-				
Fort and temples at		XIV	27	xi-xiii.
Kagol in Mongir District, Bengal— Dargáh of Pir Makhdúm Maulána Núr at— .		111	153	
Kahalgaon in Bhagalpur District, Bengal				
Temples at-		xv		
Formerly a haunt of Thugs	:		35	XII.
Kaháon in Gorákhpur District, NW. P				
Temples and other ruins at		1	91-95	XXVIII.
Pillar with inscription of Skanda Gupta's reign at			9. 93	XXX.
Without to Marketa Distalled Banish		XVI		XXIX.
Kahror in Multán District, Panjáb— Alleged battle at, between Sáliváhan and the Sak	tas ,	11	21	
Kaikeya—				
Ancient name of part of Panjáb along (?) the Jhe	łam .	,,,	14	
Kailakila Yavanas of the Puránas— Probably = the Sena Rájás of Vakátaka , .		xvii	84, 86	
Kaisobora—				
See Klisobora—				
Kakarári in Rewá State—				
Ruins at		x	15	
Kakarsihá in Rewá State-				
Rumed temples at—		XIII	10	
		NIII.	19	
Kåker (Kåkair) in Någpur District, C. P				
Temples at-		VII	147	
Two inscriptions at—		n	148	
Káko (Husainpur-Káko) in Gayá District, Bengal-				
An ancient town		XVI	36	
Muhammadan inscriptions at-		VIII	64	
Legends of Bibi Kamálo at-		XVI	37	x.
Legends of Bibl Kanado at-		10	38	
Kákápur in Cawnpore District, NW. P				
Perhaps = Hwen Thsang's A-yu-to		. 1	295	
Kalá-ká Sarai in Ráwal Pindi District, Panjáb-				

	Vol	PAGE.	PLATE.	
		1		
Kalachuri dynasty of Chedi-				
Said to have come from the south	IXX	153	÷	+
Occupied Kálanjar early, perhaps in A.D. 249	FF	22, 153		
Also called Haihaya	IX	77	4 4	
Defeated by Chálukyas in 6th & 7th centuries A.D	29	20		4
	XVII	83		4
Intermarried with Ráshtrakuta dynasty of south	IX	So		
Came in contact with Chandel dynasty of Mahoba	39	86	4 .	
Rharbut included in dominions of—	73	94	* .	2
Held Rewa in 11th and 12th centuries A.D., and				
earlier	IXX	103, 153		
History, chronology, and inscriptions of-	IX	77,-112		
Coins of—	X	25	X.	
Communication of the Communica	100			
Kalachuri era—				
A.D. 250 is probably initial year of—	VII	VI		
Probably dates from capture of Kálanjar by Kalachuri				
	XVII	84		
dynasty	XXI	154		
Data for determination of-	IX	86, 111		
Data for determination of—	22.5	00, 111		
Kalanjar Fort in Banda District, NW. P				
Sieges of—	XXI	20, 24, 26		
		21	VIII.	
Description of—	xvII	84	*****	
Occupied by Katachuri kings in (1) 18-20, 249	XXI	22, 153		
Defeat by Mahmud of Ghazni of Ganda, king of,	21.71	*** *33		-
		23		
A.D. 1019 . Taken by Malmud of Ghazni and Kuth-ud-din Aibak	18	24, 87		
	17	- 40		
Later history of—	ho	25 28		
Gates of—				- 2
Reservoirs, &c., in-		32	1X, X.	-
List of inscriptions at-	75	33-45	1.03 .00	
Perhaps = Tamasis of Ptolemy	99	58, 91		
Kálásoka, King of Magadha—				
Succeeded Susinága	IIIV .	3		
Kallar, King of Gandhara-				
= Syálapati Deva of coins	. v	83		
- Systapati Deva of cons		-3		
Kálpí in Jálaun District, NW. P				
History of—	. XXI	131		
Muhammadan tombs at-	. 39	132	XXXIII	
and the state of t				
Kálsí—				
See Khálaí.				
Dec runial.				

					Vot.	Paul.	P	LATE.	
Camál Khán Gakkar—									
Jágirdár of Karrá, 1564 A.D		+	٠		XVII	93			,
Kamálo, Bibí—				1					
Legends of—		*:	+		XVI	38	-		- 2
Kéman in Bharatpur State, Rájputána-									
A place of pilgrimage	*				XX	54			
Chaunsat Khamba mosque at-					,.	55	XI.		
Inscription of Utitmish at		4			21	56			,
Long Sanskrit inscription probably of	f Sth	centi	ry at	-	0.	57	X11.		
Inscription dated 754 A.H. = 1353	1.D.	at-				**	-	*	
Genealogy of Surasena chiefs of-				7	21	59	+		
Camantipuri—									
Ancient name of Dongargarh in Rái	pur [)istri	ct, C.	P.	XVII	2			
Kambistholi of Arrian-									
= Kapisthalas in Panjáb hills .		+		4	XIV	116			4
Kambojas—									
Mentioned in Sháhbázgarhi inscription	on	+	a)		V	20	41	-	
Kamlu (Kamluz), King of Gándhára-					-				
Coins doubtfully ascribed to-		¥		4	10	83	*	4	
Kampil (Kampilya) in Farrukhábád Distri	ct, N	W.	P.—				170		
Capital of S. Panchála	4				XI	11			-
Scene of Swayampara of Draupadi	4	+			22	12		*	
Kámrúp (Assám)—									
Was subject to Harsha Vardhana of	Kan	auj	\mathbf{x}^{-}	,	XV	112			
Kanaka Muni, a Buddha—				- 1					
Birth-place of, near Kapilavástu					IIX	17, 184		4	- (
Kanauj in Farrukhábád District, NW. F	P.—								
Tomar capital moved to Bári from, i	n 102	2 A.I	D.	- 1	1	150, 283			
Captured by Chandra Deva Ráthor				0	10	151			
Early accounts of						279			
Capital of Rájá Harsha Vardhana					93	280			
Description of—						284	XL	TI.	
Hindu temples utilised by Muhamm	adans	s at-			31	286			
Discovery of gold ingots at		,			27	287			
Tomb of Makhdum Jahániya at-					-91	280			
Hindu sculptures at-					-21 -21	200	1		
Site of Asoka's great stupe not trace					2.0	291	1		

	Vot.	PAGE.	PLATE.
Little Dietrick N. W. P. contd.			
Canauj in Farrukhábád District, NW. P,-contd.	1	290, 293	
Inscription dated S. 1193 = A. D. 1136 at-		279, 284	
Jálandhar tributary to, in time of Hwen Thsang	V	150	
Kandahár—		-	
Traditionally the original seat of Játs of Bayána and	**	-	
Bharaipur	11	54	
Alms-bowl of Buddha near-	XVI	88	
Kanerkes, King-			
See Kanishka, Indo-Scylhian King.			
Kángra town and fort in Kángra District, Panjáb-			
Also known as Nagarkot and Bhimnagar	V	155, 156	
Sacked by Mahmud of Ghazní	10	11 1	
Captured by Hindus in 1043 A.D	49	157	
Subsequent sieges of—	2.0	157-162	
Description of—	39.	163	F 18 1
Temples and sundry inscriptions at-	21	163-167	
Repair of noses practised at	**	108	
Rájás of—	.11	150	
Coins of Rájás of—	32	152	
Kángra Valley			
Buddhism traceable at Chari only in	"	178	
Kanhari caves in Salset, Bombay-			
Described by Salt in Bombay Transactions, 1819	1	Intr. VI	
Date of, proved by inscriptions	.0	, XXIII	
Kanhiárá in Kángra District, Panjáb-			
Short Ario-Pálí and Indo-Pálí rock inscriptions at-	. V	175	XLII.
Kanishka, Indo-Scy hian King-		71-10	
A member of the Kushán tribe		62	2 4
Abolished serpent worship in Kashmir	. 11	10	
Events of reign of—	. 22	67	
Erected great buildings at Peshawar		88	
Perhaps founded Vikrama era	. 31	68 Note	
Kept Chinese hostages	XIV	53	
Inscriptions of, from Mathura	. 111	30	XIII.
Zeda in Yusulzai	. V	57	
Coins of, found in Topes No. 1 and 2 at Mánikyála	. 11	159, 162	
Kankáli in Kamarda State, C. P.—			
Inscriptions of Jasa Rájá and Magaradhwaja Jogí at-	- XVII	44	XXIL

	Ves.	Past.	PLATE.
Kánkjol (Kákjol) Province-			
Comprised parts of Purania, Máldah and Bhágalpur Districts, and was also known as Rárli or Rádha, and Audumbara	XV		
and Audunbara ,	Av	37. 38	
Kántára, Mahá, of Samudra Gupta — Probably the same as the province of Varendra, q.v	,,	112	
Kantipuri-			
= Modern Kotwáł or Kutwár near Gwáliár	11	308, 398	
Kanwa dynasty of Puránas-			
Perhaps identical with that of Vásudeva, Indo-Scythian	m	42	
	V	140	
Kanyá Kubja—			
The Sanskrit name of Kanauj	I	280	
Kapál mochan—			
A holy tank east of Ambála	XIV	75	XXIV.
Broken inscriptions of Gupta age at	29	77	XXV.
Kapilavástu—			
= Bhuilá Dih in Besti District NW.P., q.v.	XII	***	
Identification of sites surrounding	11	1v, 142 112, 157	
		172	
Kapisa, near Kábul-			
Gold, silver, and small copper coins of, in time of Hwen Thsang.	11	79	
Kapisthala people—			
In Panjáb hills, = Kambistholi of Arrian	XIV	116	
Kapurdi-garhi-			
See Sháhbázgarhi	v	8	
Karachuri—			
See Kalachuri dynasty of Chedi.			
Káramár hill at Shábbázgarhi—			
= Mount Dantalok of Hwen Thsang	11	106	
	V	17	
Name of the mains more Tanne to Jahales District (a.)	737		
Name of the ruins near Tewar in Jabalpur District (q.v.)	IX	58	
Karath in Sháhábád District, Bengal-			
Remains of (?) stupe at-	XVI	61	

	Vot.	PLATE.		PAGE.	
Kárátoya river—				-	_
Formerly boundary between Bengal and Kámrúp					
(Assam)	XV	114			
Karanji—					
Jádon (Yáduyansi) Rájás of	XX	7			
Kári Tálai or Karnapura in Nágaudh State, Baghelkhand— Inscriptions of Mohárájá Jayanáth and of the Kala- churi Dynasty at—	ıx	8	n.		
Karkota—					
	VI	166			
Name of a range of hills in Rájputána	.0	167			
Karkota Nagar—					
See Nagar (Karkota).					
Kárle caves in Púná District, Bombay-					
Objections to Fergusson's late date for-	1	Intr. XXI			
Karluki family in Panjáb					
Coins of, in 13th century A.D.	11	19		+	
Karmanasa R.—					
The boundary between the Aryans and Medo-Scythians	IX	160			- 6
Karna Deva, King of Chedi-		-			
Founded Bilhari and Karnávatí (Karanpur)		107			
Defeated by Kirtti Varmma Chandel	ii	453			
	IX	108		+	
Remembered in Rewá as a Bhar	XXI	149			-
Apparently referred to in tradition of Amarkantak in					
Central Provinces	V11	227		٠	+
Karna, Rájá—					
Mentioned in legends of Mongir and Champánagar,					
near Bhágalpur	XV	31	4	+	
Y					
Karrá in Alláhábád District, N. W. P	******	00			
An ancient place of Hindu pilgrimage	XVII	88		*	
Tomb of Khwája Karrak at— . Murder of Jalál-ud-dín Fíroz Khiljí at, in 1296 A.D.	88	19			
Replaced Kosam as seat of government about 1200	**	n	i		
A.D. Superseded by Alláhábád, 1575 A.D.	10	91, 94			
Sundry historical events at—	11	92			
Tomb of Kamál Khán at—		93			
Extensive ruins at—	117	94		*	-
Inscription of Yasa Pála, dated S. 1092 = A.D. 1035					
from—	19	89, 95			
Copperplate inscription of Rájá Rámachandra of Rewá,					
dated A.H. 966 = A.D. 1557-58 at	10	88, 95	-		-18

	Vot.	PLATE,	Pagg.
Kārusha Desa—			
Ancient name of Sháhribád Di-trict, Bengal	Ш		-
Ancient name of Shanabad Di-trict, bengar	XV	70	
Kasaundhi Garhi or Bawan Garhi in Agra District, NW. Provinces—	AV	155	
An ancient site	IV	208	
Cashipur (Kasipur) in Tarai District, NW. P			
Ancient fort at Ujjain near, probably - Govisana of Hwen Thsang	ı	252	XLII.
Cáshmír—			
Passe by H. H. Wilson on his rose of	**	Intr. V	
Ruled by Kanishka and his brothers	11	107	
Conquest of Gándhára by	V	8,1	
Lok-kil reckoning of—	24	181	, .
Takári alphabet used in	11	9	
Kashmir style of architecture—			
Characteristics of—			
Charles of the contract of the	37	189	
Salt Range temples in	V	180, 196	h .
	XIV	84	XV.
Kasia in Gorakhpur District, NW. P	,,,,	33	3.79
= Ancient Kusinagarn, q.v	1	76-85	XXVI
	XVIII	55	20,00 * 1*
Sepulchral barrows near— , , , ,	I	76, Note 79	
	XVIII	94	
Old river channels " Terra-cotta statuette of Buddha at—.	59	97	
Dedicatory inscription in Kutila characters at—	49	67, 100	
Colossal recumbent statue of Buddha at—	10	56	
Change i confinerate starte of Budditta at-	1	79	10
Inscription of Haribala at-	XVIII	57, 99	V, VI
Restorations by Mr. Carlleyle at-	29	60	
	XXH	61	
Traces of action of fire in ruins at-	XVIII	16-29, 58	III, IV
Great stripa of the Nirvana at-		62 72	
Small stripes at-	49	63, 73	v, vi,
Inscription mentioning Sáriputra at-	10	68	
Buddhist creed inscription in Kutila characters at	115	6g	
on copperplate in charac-	- "	-2	
ters of 5th century at	**	70	
on seals at—	9	27	
Missing Nirvána inscription at-	88	72	
Rámábhár stúpa at— Gradual destruction of remains at—	22	75	
Name of, perhaps connected with that of Mahá Kásya-	39	87	
pa, chief disciple of Buddha	20	93	

	Vos.	PLATE.	Fau	Eu.	
Kaspapuros of Hekatæus, Kaspaturos of Herodotus, and Kaspeira of Ptolemy—					
Probably = Multin	H V	69			
Kaspeirzoi of Ptolemy— Probably = Great Yuchi	п	67, 69			
Kasturia in Champáran District, Bengal— Supposed palace of Cherú Rájá at—	XVI	26			+
Kasyapa Buddha—					
Born and interred at Tandwa in Bahraich District,	1	349			
Oudi	XI	71, 77		*	*
Kásyapapura—	11	En			
Ancient name of Multan	V	129			4
Katahriya clan— Lakhnor, capital of—	1	257			
Settled in Katehar (Eastern Rohilkhand) in S. 1231 = A.D. 1174.	2.0	356			
Katár tribe-					
Probably = Cidaritæ, &c., = Yuchi · · ·	11	79			
Not Rájpúts	11	80			
Katás (Kataksha) in Jhelam District, Panjáb-					
A place of pilgrimage	39	189-101	-	II.	
'Sat-ghara' temples in Káshmír style at- Site of holy fountain of Hwen Thsang	v	90	1		
Katehar-					
Old name of Eastern Rohilkhand	I XI	352, 356	:	:	
Kathæa—					
The territory of the Kathæoi (Kathi) in Central Panjáb	11	36, 37			
Káthi—					
A numerous tribe in Central Panjab, = Kathaoi of		33			
Sangala, who opposed Alexander . Found also in Kathiawar .	39	N N			
Resemble the Gákars in physique and habits Claim descent from the Bálas, and pay special adoration	92	N		4	
to the sun	. 19	3,4			

	Vol.	PAGE.	PLATE.
Káthi—contd.	-	1000	-
Greek accounts of—	11	25	
Peculiar marriage customs of-		35 30	1 .
Boundaries of territory of-	42		
Probably represent the subjects of Sopeithes (Sophites)	11	37	
9.0.	71	35	
Katká in Alláhábád District, NW. P			
Sculptured obelisk of Gupta period at	XXI	120	
Katra or Akbarpur in Darbhangá District, Bengal-			
Ancient fort at-	*****		
	XVI	35	1 1
Katrás in Mánbhúm District, Bengal-			
Small ancient temple at-		1.40	VW 244
Surrounding district called Jhárkhand in Muham-	VIII	156	XV, XVL
madan history		157	
Kauwa-Dol hill, in Gaya District, Bengal-		-6.4	
Site of the Silbhadra monastery			
Sive of the Shonagra monastery	1	40	
	VIII	40	3 1
Brahmanical and Buddhist sculptures at-	XVI	47	XIV.
brannancar and budditst sculptures at—	9.0	48	XV.
Kavi-Siva, Satrap-			
Inscription of, in Manikyala No. 1 Tope	11	161	LXIII.
Kawardá (Kamardá) in Kawardá State, Biláspur District, Central Provinces—	-		
Worn inscription at	XVII	34	
		01	
Keljhar in Wardhá District, C. P.—			
Dolmens, or cromlechs, used as temples at-	IX	140	xxv.
Ken R.—			
Course and tributaries of—	XXI	157	
Kesariyá in Champáran District, Bengal —			
Ruins at—	1	64	XXIII.
Stépa at-		64-66	XXIV.
The place of parting between Buddha and the Lich-	22	04-00	
chhavis	XVI	16	
	1000	137	
Cesopura muhalla of Mathurá—			
Probably = Klisobora of Arrian	XX	31, 45	
Cetás in Salt Ránge, Panjáb—			
See Katás (Kataksha) in Jhelam District, Panjáb-		1	

	Vos.	Page.	PLATE.
evatí Kund in Rewá State—			
Pálf inscription of about 200 B.C., and four sati in-			
scriptions at—	XXI	116, 142	XXIX.
hairá Dih in Balliá District, NW. P			
Large quantities of Indo-Scythian coins found at-	XXII	108	XII.
hairábád in Yusufzai, Panjáb—			
Great fort of—	v	64	
Perhaps mentioned by Sung-Yun		66	: :
hairpur near Delhi—			
Jámi-Masjid of reign of Sikandar Lodí at	XX	155	XXXVI.
Tombs at—	10	158	
Old bridge at-	n	159	
hajuráho in Chhatarpur State, Bundelkhand-			
Mentioned by Hwen Thsang, Abu Rihan, and Ibn	- 25		0-
Batuta	11	412	
A capital of Jijhoti or Bundelkhand	19	413	
Extensive ruins at-	n	415	xcv.
Temple of Chaonsat Jogin's at		416	XCVI.
	XXI	57	
Great temples at—	11	419	XCVIII.
	VII	5	XII.
	X	18, 21	VIII.
Obscene sculptures at	11	420	
Temple of sun at	**	422	
Colossal statue of boar at-	39	427	
Remains of Buddhist monasteries at		428, 435	
Jain remains at	20	431	
Ghantái temple at	19	414, 431	
,	X	16	VIII.
Temples at Kurar Nála and Jatkarí, near-	11	436	. 0
Inscribed statue of Hanuman at-	33	437	
	X	20	IX.
	IXX	64	XVI.
History of—	II	438	
History of— . Early inscription mentioning Harsha Deva at—	IXX	56	
1 empie of Brahma at	11	-0.0-	
Perhaps = Kuraporina of Ptolemy	17	58, 91	* *
Minor inscriptions, masons' marks, &c., at-	II VVI	433-435	
The second secon	IXX	59	XX.
Longer inscriptions at—	IXXI	423, 426	* *
	WWI	63-69	XVI-XIX

				You.	Page.		PLAT	72.
Khalári in Ráipur District, C. P.— Temples at— Inscription dated Samvat 1470 and Saka		at—		VII	156		11.	
Khalpáni R.—					,21	1		
See Chalpáni R.				-				
Khálsi (Kálsi) in Dehrá Dán District, NW.	D							
Rock inscribed with edicts of Asoka at-	,	4	+	1	245	XL	ik.	
Khandagiri in Katak District, Orissa-			1	-				
Notes on caves and inscriptions at-	+			XIII	79-91			
Chandwa in Nimár District, C. P								
Probably == Kognabanda of Ptolemy				IX				
Inscriptions dated S. 1189 = A. D. 1132	at—			100	113, 121		*	
PL 1				.,	114	1	4.	
Chanwa (Kanua) in Bharatper State, Rajpotar	na—		-					
Site of great battle between Bábar and	Rájá	Sar	ıga					
A.D. 1527 Bábar's báolí near—	τ			XX	93			
Legends of battle-field at—	4	-		24	94			
Correct date of Babar's battle at-	4			16	96			
barret date of Datas a Datas at-	*	9		43	97			
hánzádas of Mewát—								
Claim descent from the Jádon Rájá Taha	- 0/							
Ancestors of, converted to Islam in re Tughlak	n Pa ign	of F	iroz		11			
Struggles of, with the emperors of Delhi		*	- 11	Na.	39			
Genealogy of Hindu ancestors of-	٠			8.5	13-22			
Bahadur Nahar, founder of ruling family	of-			10	13			
Jalal Khan, a famous chief of-			*	- 10	15-17	4		-
Hasan Khan, chief of, in Babar's reign				31	18		*	
Decline of power of, from Akbar's reign				211	19		*	7
Hindu usages of—	4			24	22	*		
				1	-3			
harkai in Yusufzai, Panjáb —								
Ruins at, not fully examined	ž.		4	v	53			
Inscribed relic-receptacle at-	4			110	54	XII.		
Masons' marks at-	4		-	tii .	55	-		
hárod in Biláspur District, C. P								
Inscription dated 933 Chedi Samvat at-				****				
Temple at	*	*	-	VII	201		8	
Other remains at		*	*	38	202			
				10	203			¥

Khatkar-Bhimgaj in Rájputána— Sundry temples at— Kherá in Agra District, NW. P.— Sepulchral cairns at— Kherá Bajerá, near Koel in Alígarh District, NW. P.— Mounds at— Kherhi in Bhágalpur District, Bengal— Mounds and fort at— 22 inscriptions in shell characters at— Mediæval inscription at—	VIII "	135 13 7 128 129			100
Sundry temples at— Kherá in Agra District, NW. P.— Sepulchral cairns at— Kherá Bajerá, near Koel in Alígarh District, NW. P.— Mounds at— Kherhi in Bhágalpur District, Bengal— Mounds and fort at— 22 inscriptions in shell characters at— Mediæval inscription at—	VIII VIII "	13 7 128 129			
Sepulchral rairns at— Kherá Bajerá, near Koel in Aligarh District, NW. P.— Mounds at— Kherhi in Bhágalpur District, Bengal— Mounds and fort at— 22 inscriptions in shell characters at— Mediæval inscription at—	VIII	128 129			
Sepulchral rairns at— Kherá Bajerá, near Koel in Aligarh District, NW. P.— Mounds at— Kherhi in Bhágalpur District, Bengal— Mounds and fort at— 22 inscriptions in shell characters at— Mediæval inscription at—	VIII	128 129			
Mounds at—	VIII	128 129		- 4	
Mounds at—	VIII	128		*	
Mounds and fort at—	39	128			
Mounds and fort at—	39	129			
22 inscriptions in shell characters at— Mediæval inscription at—	39	129			
Mediæval inscription at—	.,			-	
		29			
Shatist in Danisha (Danish Bloods Danish	xv				
Chetlal in Bagraha (Bogra) District, Bengal-	XV		1		
Included in Kasba Kismat		100	1.		
Hindu and Buddhist remains at-	19	100-102			
Chichi Chauhán clan—			1		
History of—	11	295			
Chichiwara territory—					
Extent of—					
	191	299			
Chieu-tsieu-ki—			1		
Of the Kuei-shwang tribe, King of the Yuchi	99	63			
Conquered Ariana, Kábul, and Gándhára	11	63, 65			
= Kozoulo (or Kujula) Kadphises	25	66		0	,
Chiljí-Pathán architecture—					
Described	111	8			
	***	0			1/8
tho (Khob) in Nágaudh State, Baghelkhand-					
Ruins of Vaishnava temple at-	IX	6	312		
Capital of the Teliya Raj	29	7			4
Copperplate inscriptions dated in Gupta era found at-			+		
bolví in Central India—	-1				
Buddhist caves, rock-cut temples, and stapas at-	11	280-288	LXX	XIII,	
and races—			LX	XXIV	
Traditions of—		1		1	
Traditions of—	XIII	110	1	*	*
higher Shelch—					
See Kuth-ud-din Chishti—					

	Voc.	PAGE.	PLAYS	*
Chukhundo in Gorakhpur District, NW. P				
An ancient site known to the Jains as Kishkindapura	1	86	XXVIII.	
Sculptures at-	25	87-90	W 8	*
Would well repay excavation	10	91		
Khurdá (Khurdhá) in Purí District, Orissa-	22116			
Small early inscriptions at—	XIII	99		
Chusrú Parvez of Persia-				
Invasion of Sindh by—	V	123		
Chwaja Karrak, Saint—	*****			
Tomb of, at Karrá	XVII	89		
Chichang, south of Chaibása in Singhbhúm District, Ben-				
Ruins at-	XIII	74	4 -	
Silakila Yavanas—				
Probably either Indo-Scythians or Parthians	1	Intr. xxxv,		
Kipin, kingdom of—				
Nearly corresponded with Ariana, and was called Ko-				
phene by Greeks	11	45		
Included Sakastene of Isidorus	39	,,,		
Ruled by kings of Su horde shortly after 126 B.C.	19	"		
Kíragráma or Kirgraon in Kángra District, Panjáb-				
Temples of Baijnáth (Vaidyanáth) and Siddhnáth at-	V	178-179		
Great inscriptions of Baijnath temple at		180	XLII.	
Minor inscriptions at—	19	182		
Kirna Suvarna, the kingdom of Sasángka— (7) = Sápharan on Subanrikha R	VIII	189, 191		
	****	,-		
Kírtti Varmma, Chandel Rájá-		1		
Inscription of, dated Samvat 1154 at Deogarh	X	102	1	
Defeated Karna Deva, King of Chedi	IX	453 108		
Wind in Cont District Bangal				
Kispá in Gayá District, Bengal— Inscribed Buddhist statues at—	VIII	53		
Kitolo—			1	
Yuchi king of Gándhára early in 5th century A.D	11	63		

		Vot.	PAGE,	PLA	TE.	
Kittoe, Major M.—						
Archæological work of—		I	Intr. XXIV			
·	1	VIII	116, 124	1		
	1		-3		er.	
Kiyui in Mongir District, Bengal-						
Perhaps = Lo-in-ni-lo of Hwen Thsang		111	156	4		
Birdában stupa of late date near	-	93	157	XLVI		
Lac seals found near	1	.00	158	-25		
Klisobora or (Kaisobora) of Arrian-			-			
Identified by Mr. Growse with Gokal		XX	44		-	4
Probably the Kesopura Mohulla of Mathurá .	*	36	31, 45	+		*
Koel (Koil) in Aligarh District, NW. P				-		
Minar at, erected by Kutlugh Khan in A. H. 652	=					
A.D. 1254		1	191	*		*
Kognabanda of Ptolemy—						
Probably = Khandwá		1X	113, 121	*	*	*
Kohinur diamond—	-		-			
Probably once belonged to Rájá of Gwáliár .	•	11	390			*
Koitur—						
The name by which the Gonds call themselves .		IX	151		Ž.	0
Kokalia I. and II						
Of Kalachuri dynasty of Chedi		IX	80, 102			
Of Raidclidit dynasty or other			105			
Kokila, Queen of Rasálu—	4					
Legend of—		V	65		· ·	*
Kolahaia, or Kanwa Hills of the Puranas-						
= Kauwá-kol hills in Gayá District, Bengal .	•	VIII	123-125		*	
Koli, alias Vyághrapara—						
See Vyághrapura.						
Kols→						
Temples at Konch in Gayá District, ascribed to-		29	61	1 .		
Rude stone circles near Buddha Gaya ascribed to-		.00	66			
Mentioned in legend of Baragaon in Patna D	15=					
trict	1,000	29	81			

	Vos.	Paul.	Pi	LATE:	
Konch in Gayá District, Bengal-			-		-
Brick temple at	VIII	54	VL.		
A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR	XVI	50	XVI-	-xv	III
Arched vault, an integral part of temple at-	XVI	55			*
Temple at, compared with temples at Nálanda and	20.11	34		1,	-6.
Buddha Gayá	VIII	57	4	*	*
man and a second second	XVI	55	4	*	*
Temple at, Saiva, not Buddhist	27	56			188
Remarkable Das Avatár group at	VIII	60			
	XVI	57	4		
Temple at, perhaps of 8th century, A.D	22	58	4		*
Kondali (Gondali) of Ptolemy—					
Perhaps = Gonds	EX				
1 timps — 00002	XVII	151		*	
Kophene—	AVII	124		*	*
= Arachosia	11	45			
Proceedings of the Control of the Co		43			
Koron-dih (Korann) in Basti District, NW. P					
Great mounds of ruins at-	XI	101		*	
Perhaps site of Rámagráma	XII	216	XIV.		
Kosala, Dakshina—	1				
= Mahá Kosala = Chhattísgarh	XVII	68			
Kosaia, Mahá, kingdom of					
Manipur, capital of—	IX				
	1.75	55	*	*	
= Chhattisgarh, distinguished from Uttara Kosala in	******				
Oudh, and also known as Dakshina Kosala	XVII	68			
Extent of, at various times	-435	89	4	4	
= Ptolemy's country of the Adisathri	25	60	4		- 4
	XXI	93			
Included in kingdom of Chedi in 12th century A.D	XVII	71			
Ruled by a Buddhist king in A.D. 639	11	86			
List of kings of, compared with those of Vákátaka and					
Orissa	21	87			
Kosala, Uttara—					
= Oudh, north of the Ghágrá R.	. 1				
- Outen, north of the Ghagra R	xvii	327 68	1		*
Variate Western					
Kosala, Western-					
= Gauda (Western), or the Gond country	IX	150			*
Kosámbi (Kosam) in Alláhábád District, NW. P					
The city of King Udáyana, contemporary of Buddha .	I	201			
Early notices of-		301			
	29	302	4	+	+

	Vos.	PARE	PLATE,
osámbi (Kosam) in Alláhábád District, NW. Pcontd.			
Also named Vatsa-pattana	1	302	4 4
Legend of Bakkula connected with		303	
Hwen Thsang's route to—	177	305	
Description of ruins at-	- 10	306	XLVIII
Site of sandal wood statue of Buddha at	40	308	
Great monolith at—		300	4 4
Various ancient sites near-		311	
A second of Isin pilotims		303	
At resort of lam builtans	X	1, 2	
Jain and Buddhist sculptures at- Inscription of Mahárája Sri Bhima Varmma dated			
136 at-	4.5	3	
Brass seal ring with Gupta characters found at-	16	4	47
Coins found at- Superseded by Karrá as seat of Government about	27.570.1	11.0	71.
1200 A.D	XAII	91,94	
Perhaps stronghold of Dalaki-wa-Malaki	21	91	
1035, from Karrá	Ft	89, 95	5 5
Further identification of Buddhist sites at-	XXI	1	H
osgain State, C. P.—			
Fort and sculptures in	XIII	153-157	
ot in Gonda District, Oudh-			
An ancient site	XII	155	4 4
otá in Mathurá District, NW. P			1
Buddhist sculptures at	XX	49-52	HI.
otgarh in Biláspur District, C. P.—	15		
Temples and inscription at, preserved at Muhammad-			
pur	VII	212	
Cotila in Alwar State, Rájputána-			
The capital of Bahádur Khán Náhar	XX	129	
Fine mosque at—	21	130	
Cotila (Muhárakpur), near Delhi-			
See Mubárakpur.			
Kowaya in Mongir District, Bengal-			
Ruins at—	111	156	
Cozonlo Kadphises—			
= Khieu-tsiu-ki of Chinese	11	65, 66	2 2
See Kujula Kara Kadphises,		400	

					Vot.	PAGE.	PLATS	i.
Krakuchanda, the fourth Buddha-								
Birth-place of, near Kapilavástu			*		XII	IV, 177	XIII.	
Krelulendra-								
A name found in an inscription from and perhaps on a Gupta coin	Ghá	zipur •	Distr	rict,	IIXX	97	x.	
Krimila Desa—								
Mentioned in Mongir inscription	(F)		+		VIII	145		,
Krishna, god-								
First mentioned in the Sútras of Pán	ini				XX	45		
Crishna Gupta—								
Inscription of, at cave in Yusufzai		*		4	XIX	115		
Crishna Rájá Ráshtrakúta—								
Silver coins of				-	IX	29	v.	
Cúcherá in Rájputána—								
Stone circles at, constructed for g	game	of t	áhar	or				
ewáro	*:	+	+		XXIII	49		
Cúdawa Nála in Bastí District, NW. P.	_							
= Anoma R. of Buddhist tradition	4)				XII	224		
Cuei-Shwang tribe-					XVIII	3, III		
= Kushán, q.v.						35 111		
Kujula Kara Kadphises, King-				3				
⇒ Khieu-tsiu-ki of Chinese .	4				11	65, 66		
Coins of, found at Mánikyála .	*		+		20	168*	EXV.	
Kulachuri—								
See Kalachuri dynasty.					-			
Kulháras in C. I.—								
Inscribed Sati pillars at-	*				29	302		
Kuliles—								
= Jagdispur near Nálanda .					1	29		
Culindrine of Ptolemy-								
= Kuninda (Kulinda) country, 1,1,,	Kuiu,	&cc.			XIV	138		
Cumára Gupta (Early or Imperial Gupta	чунк	ку)—			14			
Inscription of, at Bihar					1	37		
on bricks at Bhitari		*			29	97	XXX.	

^{* 1}e pp. 65, 66, Kujula, or Kujulaka Kadphises, is identified with Khieu-tslu-kl and Kozoulo Kadphises, but at p. 165 Rubata Kara Kadabiasa is described as the successor of Kozola Kadabias.

	Vot.	PAGE.	Pi	ATE.	
to the second second second					
Kumára (Gupta Early or Imperial Gupta dynasty)—contd.	111	.55	XX.		
Inscription of, at Garhwá	X	9, 10	v.		
pear Bithá		7	IV.		
at Bilsar	XI	18	VIII		
Perhaps referred to by Chinese author in A.D. 222-					
280		153			-
Gold coins of—	1	40, Note			-
	XV	116, 117			
Silver ditto	IX	24	v.		
umára Gupta (Later Gupta dynasty of Magadha)—					
Took title of Kramáditya	XVI	81			
Coins of—	III	137			*
Defeated Isana Varmma	IX	28	-		-
omáril Bhatta, Mimánsaka philosopher—					
Instigated persecution of Buddhism in (?) 6th or 7th					
century A.D.	XX	103	4	*	-
contary state.					
unála, eldest son of Asoka—					
Stepa in memory of, at Kurmál, SE. of Sháhdheri					
	111	149			
(Taxila)	-				
andalpar in Damoh District, C. P					
50 Jain and two Brahmanical temples at-	XXI	166, 167	XLII	L,	
Inscription of Chhatarsál at	VII	58	*	*	- 0
	XXI	166			-
undilpur—					
Ancient name of Ahár in Bulandshahr District, NW.					
Provinces	XII	27	4		
unet race of Punjáb Hilis-		III. Decorate			
Connected with the Khasias and Kols	XIV	125, 133	*	*	+
Distribution of—	27	126	*	+	+
Also called Mowa, or Mon, or Motan	89	127	*	•	
= Kulindas or Kunindas of early Hindu history .	19	129	*		-
Three tribes of—	325	130			-8
Origin of—	22	101		*	
Language of—	. 27	131		•	
uninda (Kulinda) country-		134			
= Hwen Thsang's kingdom of Srughna	.36	135			
Mentioned in the Mahábhárata	39	131			
= Kulindrine of Ptolemy .	22	138			
Identified with Kulu and other territories now occupied	pá.	129	-		
by Kunets	10	65,134, 138	XXX	i.	
Coins of Amogha Bhúti, King of	.05	02:134: 130	-0.00	ide:	

	V04-	PAGE.	PLATE.	
Sunwára in Ráipur District, C. P.—				
Jain and Brahmanical temples at—	XVI	32		1
Curaporina of Ptolemy—				
Perhaps = Khajuráho	XXI	58, 91		
Kurkihár in Gayá District, Bengal-				
Topes, &c., at	1	1.4	xxt.	
Inscriptions of circa A.D. 800-1000 found at		15	XIII.	
Suggested derivation of name of	XV	6		
Buddhist legends of—	1	15		
	XV	4		
turmál, near Sháhdheri (Taxila) in Ráwalpindi District,		-		
Panjáb—				
Chief stupa at, = that built in memory of Kunala, elder				
son of Asoka	11	149	4 9	
Other Buddhist remains at	10	150		
Curu-kshetra battle-field, near Thánesar in Umballa (Am- bála) District, Panjáb—				
Position and limits of—	20	213		
	XIV	87	XXVI.	
Holy sites in	21	90, 97		
Mediaval history of—		95		
Terra-cotta figures from—	77	98, 102	XXVII.	
Kuságarapura—	1			
A name of Rájagriha	III	140		
Kusapura (Kasapura) of Hwen Thsang-				
= Sultánpur, în Oudh	1	313		
was the sales				
Kushan, or Khushan tribe				
= Kuei-Shwang of Chinese authors, and also known as				
Gushán, Korsou, Korsea, Khoransu, Korano, and	2.00			
probably = Asiani of Trogus	V	43, 64	* *	
Kanishka, &c., belonged to	- 10	**		
Kusinagara—				
= Modern Kasiá, 35 miles east of Gorakhpur .	1	76-85	XXVI.	
and the same of th	XVII	55		
Position of, according to Fa-Hian and Hwen Thsang	1	80		
		81		
Almost deserted in time of Hwen Thsang	10	9.4		

	Vot.	Page,	P	LATE.	
Cusinagara—contd.					
Prominent share of Aniruddha in the obsequies at	1	82, 84			
Stupes built by Asoka at-	29	,, 85			
Pillar recording history of nirvána formerly existed at-	22	22			
Occupied by the Mallian kings		av.			
Ajátasatru removed relics of Buddha írom-	XVIII	75	+		
Hwen Theang's list of sacred sites at-	29	88			
Discussion as to site of Coronation hall and palace of	- 1	-			
Mallian kings at—		91		14	
Secular and religious cities of-	10	94		*	
Susumapura—					
A name of Patna (Pátaliputra)	VIII	1		/*	
Cuth Minar at Delhi-					
Controversy as to Hindu or Muhammadan origin of-	1	189			
Is a purely Muhammadan building with Hindu details.	IV	x, xv			
Dimensions of—	I	195			
English repairs to-	29	199			
Inscriptions on-	30	200			
Builder of—	38	203			
Kuth Mosque at Delhi—					
Cost of—	30	175			
Hindu pillars in	49	176	XX	XVII	
Date of—	11	185	4	4	
Description of—	10	186			
Additions to, by Iltitmish and Alá-ud-din Khiljí	. 17	187, 188			
Built under Muhammadan supervision out of mate-					
rials of 27 temples	17	v		*	
Kntb-ud-din Aibeg-					
Built Kuth Mosque and Mindr at Delhi	1	185, 202		*	
Kutb-ud-din Chishti—					
Governor of Bihár under Jahangir	XI	2		*	
Kóthará—					
See Náchná.					
Intwár, north of Gwáliár, C. I,	-				
Also named Kuntalpuri and Kamantalpuri	11	398	*		
	XX	112	-		
Most ancient capital of Gwáliár	11	398			
Probably = Kántipurí of the Puránas	20	308			
Inscription of the Tomara Rájá Kírtti Sinha Deva,	100				
dated A.D. 1465, at	XX	113	4		

				Vot.	Page.	PLAT	re.
Labokla of Ptolemy —							
= Lahore							
Labyrinth-		•		11	205, Note		
At Indor Kherá						1	
Takan Mata a salah a		•		XII	58		
Lahore (Láhor), capital of the Panjáb— = Labokla of Ptolemy							
Named Mahmúdpur by Mahmúd of Gha	· ·		+	11	205, Note		
Museum at-	2112	*	1	XIV	67		
* #		٠	-	V	55, Note		
Láhor, near Ohind in Pesháwar District, Panjá	b						
= Ancient Sálátura (So-lu-to-lo), q.v.	+	*		11	95		
Lákhanú in Alígarh District, NW. P					-		
Buddhist remains at-	*			XII			
Labhicarai in Manufa Division				All	1	1 2	
Lakhisarai in Mongir District, Bengal— Ancient sites near—							
Inscribed statue of Ganesa at—			7	111	153	u .	
			1	VIII	118		
Lakhnautí—							
A name of Gaur (Gauda) city, q.v.				XV	43		
Lakhnor in Bengal-					43	, ,	
Perhaps=Kánkjel, q.v.							
	*		1	31	44	P	
Lakhnor (Sháhábád), in Rámpur State, Rohilich	and-						
The capital of the Katahriya clan			+	I	257		
Lakhuria—							
See Náchná.							
Lakshmana Sena, King of Bengal-							
Died in A.D. 1106 .				77.7			
	*			XV	167		
Lakshmana era—				- 1			
Began in 1107 A.D.					160		
alitpur in Lalitpur District, NW. P				-	100	7 .	
Legend of—				***			
Old mosque at-			-	XXI	175		
alitpur District-		*	-	э.	176		
				100	-		
Temples of, wrongly ascribed to Gonds			-	IX.	152		

					Vot.	PAGE	PLATE.
Lálkot at Delhi-							
Identification and description of-					1	180	
Lameta Ghát, near Jabalpur, C. P				Ì			
Perhaps = Malaita of Ptolemy.				-	IX	57	* * *
Láphá in Biláspur District, C. P							
Great fort at	*			-	VII	215	
Temple at—			-	-	23-	273	XX, XXI
Lapis Lazuli—							
Found at site of Taxila and at Baoti	Pind				11	317, 141	* * *
Lassen, Professor—					- 1	Inte, xit	
Archæological work of				-	11	85	r 10 0
Lát in Patna District, Bengal-							
Monolith at	4	a.			VIII	47	
Latyá in Gházípur District, NW. P							
Monolith of Gupta period at-					111	61	
Lauri—							
See Lokhri in Bándá District, NW	. P.						
Lauriyá-Araráj in Champáran District, B	enga	-				4.	- 111
Edict pillar of Asoka at-		*	-		1	67	
Lauriyá-Navandgarh in Champáran Dist	rict,	Beng	al-				
Fort at-			1.4		- 50	68	
					XXII	40	
Ruins at, extensive and peculiar	-	L	*		1	69	XXIV
Not visited by Fa-Hian, or Hwen T	hsan	g		-	1981	71	
Three frows of sepulchral earthen	tumi	ili or	barr	OW5		6	
at					49.	69-72 104, 108	A. 14.
					XVI	42, 48	
					XXII	49	
Tumuli at, are the chetiyas of the V	rijis	*			33		
Earthen steps cased with brick at-		1		-	JP.	37	1
Seal of black earthenware with	Cup	ta (marac	ters	. 1	71.	1
found in one tumulus at-	100				XVI	106	XXVIII
Inscribed lamp found near-	to add	ote d	nd m	ince	211		1
Lion-pillar at, inscribed with Asoka inscriptions	3 66	16-10-E	KIINA HH	Manage	1	73	
inscriptions			,	- 1	XVI	4 4 1	XVII
Liako Kusuluko, Satrap-							
Inscription of, at Shahdheri (Taxila) .		101	10	11	132-134	LIX
					V	67	

	Voc.	PAGE.	P	LATE	
Lichchhavi family—			-		
Vaisáli, the capital of—	XVI	16			*
Little Yuchi—					
See Yuchi, Little.					
Lodí dynasty—					
Made Agra their capital	IV	98		•	*
ohában, near Mathurá—					
Statue at—	XX	46			*
ohárú in Panjáb—	6				
Worship of a dog at	XXIII	26			*
o-in-ni-lo of Hwen Thsang-					
Either Rajaona (Kiyul), or Nongarh in Mongir Dis-					
trict	XV	153, 155, 160			4
okhri (Lukhri or Lauri), in Bándá District, NW. P	-XV	15	P	*	
Sculptures at—	X	15		-	
.ok-kál era—					
Used in Káshmír	V	181	+		*
.uckeesarai—					
See Lakhî sarái.					å
umbini garden, near Kapilavástu-					
Identified	XII	208	1		4
unde—	-	7.5			
A name of the Takari character	11	9			
M					
dacedonian months—					
Mentioned in Ariano-Pali inscriptions	I	Intr. x			т
fláchárí in Alwar State, Rájpotána-					
Anciently named Sanchari	VI	77	7		
Inscription dated Samvat 1439, Saka 1304 = A.D.					
1382, at—	49	79	XI.		
1515 = A.D. 1458 at Traditions of Rájá Vena (Ben) Chakravard at	7.1	81		÷	
Ancient temple at-	89	85		7	*
Ruined palace at-	- 11	197	1X, 2	X	
Aboriginal tomb near-	22	87	4	*	
1 and States Could here as a second	110	88			

	Vo.,	Paul.	PLATE.
fachchhakanda, Rájá—			-
Traditional founder of Nágar in Jaypur State	VI	162	
fackenzie, Col. Colin-			
Collection of MSS., inscriptions, &c., of S. India		Torre are	
made by—	1	Intr. vt,	4 4
Madan Mahal '—			
At Jabalpur, C. P	VII	54	
adan-Banáras—			
Old name of Zamánia in Gházípur District	111	63	
Iadana Pála Deva—			
Inscription of, at Baijnáth	XIX	30	NI.
Indana Varmona Dana Chandal King-			
A powerful monarch	11	454	
Kálanjar inscriptions of—	XXI	34	
adanpur in Lalitpur District, NW. P			
Temples and inscriptions at-	X	98, 100	XXXII.
remples and inscriptions at-	XXI-	173	
Inscriptions of Prithi Ráj Chauhán at	X	98	XXXIII
Iadár, Sháh	XXI	193	-)
Shrine at Makanpur of—	XVII	102	
	1		100
ladáwar (Mandáwar) in Bijnor District, NW. P		23	1 .
= Madipur (Mo-ti-pu-lo) of Hwen Thsang	n	231	
	1	249	XLII,
Ruins and traditions of—		251	
Probably the country of the little		250	9 7
Site of Sanghabhadra's monastery at-			
Iádhava Gupta—		1 0-	
Seems to be mentioned in inscription at Eran	X	89	
fadhuban-Biodrában in Champáran District, Bengal-			
Ruins at-	XXII	57	
fadhyamikáya coins—		201, 203	
Described	XIV	146	xxxt.
Fall of the II on lat of thouse Thouser.			
dadipur (Mo-ti-pu-lo) of Hwen Thsang-	T	248	

	Vola	Pags.	PLATE,
Madra, tribe—		-	
Occupied 'Madra-desa,' situated between Biás and			
Jhelam, or Biás and Chenáb, or Jhelam and Ráví .	11	14, 196	
Also called Jártika and Báhika		195	
		1	
Magadha—			-
Also known as Udandapura-desa= modern Bihár	XI	185	
Outline of history of, from 500 B.C. to 1200 A.D.	1111	138	
Five kings of, mentioned by Hwen Thsang preceded			
the Guptas	1	Intr. XL	
Buddhism survived in, up to Muhammadan conquest .	111	95	
buddinsin survived in, up to intinantial conquest	91	119	
Magadha, Eastern-			
Later Gupta dynasty of—		106	
	χν	136	
Magadha, Western—	1	-	
Varmma or Maukharf, dynasty of—	111	135	
	XV	78, 165	
Magardhwaja Jogí—			
Inscriptions of, in eight places	IIIX	8, Note, 99	
in Central Provinces	1X	146	
	XVII	36, 44,	XXII
at Baijnáth	XIX	31	X.
Maghar in Basti District, NW. P-			
Birth-place (sic) of Kabir	XXII	72*	
The second secon	752511	12	
Mahában in Mathurá District, NW. P		1	
Inscription of Ajaya Pála Deva Yáduvansí, dated 1207			
A.D. at—	XX	42, 46	×.
Assi Khamba mosque at-	99	42-44	vii-ix.
Tomb of Sayyid Yahia at-	- 44	44	
Mahában hill in Yusafzai, Panjáb	1		
Visited by Hwen Thsang	· II	98	
Probably not = Aornos		111, Note	
Mahábhárata, war of—			
Abstract of story of—	*****		
Tablact of and to -	XIV	91	
Mahádeopur in Sháhábád District, Bengal-			
Curious brick temple at-	ACTURE		
	XIX	62	XX.
Mahá Kántara—	AIA	14	111.
See Kántára, Mahá, of Samudra Gupta.		i	
A L C Minate		1	
Mahá Kosala—	1		
See Kosala, Mahá,			

^{*} Kabir died at Mahar, but was not born there. In the test Maghar is wrongly described as situated in the Gorakh-

		Voc.	Page.	P	LATE-	_
Máhánadi R.—		******	6			
= Suktimatí R. of Mahábhárata		XVII	69 70		•	
Mahásamand in Ráipur District, C. P.— Mediæval temples at—		VII	159			
Mahására—		111	66			
Masár in Sháhábád District, Bengal		***	00	ľ		
Mahásthán in Bastí District, N. W. P Site of stépa of Chandaka at-		XXII	111, 5		+	
Mahásthán in Bogra District, Bengal—			-			
Description of rains and sculptures at-	*	XA	104-100		tx-	
Identified with Paundra Varddhana, q.v			102, 110	4	ir.	
Nothing Buddhist found at	2	10"	109	1		
According to tradition capital of Varendra, q.v.	1	3.5	111			*
Identified with Tagma Metropolis of Ptolemy .		3e	114		*	
Coins of Chandra Gupta II, and Kumara Gupta fou	na	100	116			
Coins of kings of Bengal found at—		9	117			-
Mahávira, last Jáin hlerarch—						
Buried at Pawá; was named Nirgrantha Jnáti-putra Died in 527 B.C.		XI	170	*	4	
Mahendra Pála Deva, Rájá-			-			
Son of Bhoja Deva	+	x	102		*	*
Mahendra Pála Deva, King of Bengal-						
Two inscriptions of-	4	I XV	154		*	
and the second s			-34	1		
Mahendragiri of Samudra Gupta— Perhaps = Mahiyar (Máihar) in Baghelkhand .	0	IX	01,	-		-
Mahipala, King of Bengal and Magadha-		XV	162	١.		
Extent of dominions of—		XI	177	XX	un.	
Date of—		38	181			
Ir on of, dated S. 1083 = 1026 A.D.	,	1	114			
7F 58 68, dated 5. 1003 — 1004		XI	181			
Mahípála Deva Tomar, Rájá of Delhi and Kanauj-		1	-			
Built temple at Badaon		90	1	1		-
Inscription of, at Ahar		XI'	36	-	4	

					Vol.,	Page.	PLATE	
Mahipálpur, near Delhi—								
Tombs of reign of Iltitmish at-	(A)	è	4		XX	142-146	XXXII.	
Mahirkul—								
See Mihirkul.				ы				
Mahiyar (Máihar) in Bagheikhand—								
Perhaps = Mahendragiri of Samud	ra Gu	ipta	-		IX	to		
Temple of Sáraswatí (Sárddá Deví)	at-	4.			VII	51		
					IX	33		
Inscribed sati pillar near-	4				12	34		
Mahmud of Ghazni—								
Conquest of Gándhára by-			4		v	84		
Found great treasure at Kángra								
-						155		
Mahmodpur—	10			-				
Name given to Lahore by Mahmud	of Gh	jagni	- 4		XIV	67	4 4	
fahoba in Hamírpur District, NW. P.	_			-			-	
Extent of town		in .	9		II	439	XCIX.	
Palace of Parmál at					10	440, 443		
Temple at Ráhilya near-	ż	+		4	10	441		
					VII	26	111.	
Kakra temple at-			-		11	441		
Madári "		*	9		94	442		
Inscribed Jain statues at— .	*		-	- *	28	446	* 1	
Buddhism at—					20	2.2		
Perhaps = Empalathra of Ptolemy			*		X	99		
Legends of—					XXI	58, 92	4 4	
Degunds of—			*	-	VII	445	* *	
				- 1	XXI	13		
Inscriptions of Chandel period at-					II	70		
, and produce the second			,		XXI	448	XXI-XX.	
						2.		
fahodha in Nágpur District, C. P								
Curious sati monument at-	*		4	-	XVII	1		
Mahwan in Mathurá District, NW. P	_							
Buddhist sculpture at					XX	41	v.	
(áibar—						-		
See Mahiyar in Baghelkhand.								
The state of the s								
Maira in Salt Range, Panjáb-								
Arian inscription in well at-	2				V	93	XXVIII.	

-				20.00		Di com	
			Vol.,	Page,		PLATE	
Majholi in Jabalpur District, C. P			rv				
Varéha statue at	•		IX	48			
dakanpur in Farrukhábád District, NW. P							
Shrine of Shah Madar at		-	XVII	102	*		
Visit of Aurangzeb to	*	- 1	20	105			
Makarbái in Hamírpur District, NW. P		i					
Temple at			VII	26		٠	
Makhdám Jahániya, Saint—							
Tomb of, dated A.H. 881 = A.D. 1476 at Ka	nauj	-	1	289		*	
Makundpur in Rewa State, Baghelkhand-							
Sculptures at—		-	XIII	4			
Inscription, dated S. 772 from-			39	5, Note	-4	-	
Malaita of Ptolemy-							
Perhaps = Lameta Ghat near Jabalpur .			IX	57			
= Multai, NE. of Jabalpur		4	XXI	93			
Malamantos R. of Arrian-							
= Chalpání R		4	V	3			
	- 1						
Málava country—			20111				
Extent of-			XIV	151			
Coins of inscribed Jaya Malavana	1.0	4	VI	165. 173-			
			XIV	150	XX	X1	
Máldah in Máldah District, Bengal-							
Mosque and inscriptions at	+		XV	77	*	* 1	
Curious minds at-		*	**	78	-		
dálhar in Biláspur District, C. P							
Inscription from, removed to Biláspur .		-	VII	204		*	
		1					
Malla country in Bengal-			VIII	12, 146			
Rájás of—	*	1		307 - 3			
dalla, era in Bengal-			-				
Initial point of, is Saka plus 612		4	20	204			
Malli, tribe—							
Perhaps represented by the existing Bála tribo			II v	35			
Capital city of, is now Multan	4	-	V	129			
dallian kings of Kusinagara-							
Palace of—			I	82	*		
			XVIII	91	-9	*	

		Vol.	Page.	P	LATE	
(allot (Malot) in Salt Range, Jhelam District, Panjáb-	-					
Ruins at—		V	86-90	XXV-	-xx	F1
= Singhapura (Seng-ho-pu-lo) of Hwen Thsang	-	11	192	100	-	
		V	85	*	-	
the Class Batt of Contille						
fán Singh, Rájá of Gwáliár— Glorious reign of—			.0.			
Giorious reign oi—		11	387	*		
land or Mind—		-				
An alias of the Medi or Mer tribe, q.v.	- 4		46			
An agas of the meat of mer tribe, q.v.	*	19	53			
landar hill in Bhagalpur District, Bengal-						
Antiquities at, described by several writers .		VIII	130		4	
Temples, &c., at-		71	131		+	
Remarkable rock-sculpture at-		"	131			
Two rude rock-inscriptions at-	,	45	133			
Gigantic sculptured head at	4	25	134	+	41	
Short ancient inscription at		41	136			
Sketch of—				II.		
Two inscriptions of Aditya Sena Deva at-	-	10	134		+	
		XV1	65, 79	1.0	*	
fandháta, Rájá—	- 1					
Central India and Rájputána traditions of-		VI	162			
fandi State in Panjáb—				-		
Inscription of doubtful date in temple at Nirmand in	-	XIV	130			
Sutí pillars of Rájás of		48	123	XXI	K, X	×
A HEL WALL OF THE		1				
fandlá in Mandlá District, C. P.—		2000				
Fort at—	*	VII	103		-	
fandol in Mewar State-						
An old Mina village		VI	253			
rate for F. Harmon and Late						
dander in Jodhpur State, Rájputána—		orano.				
Numerous gardens at—	-	XXIII	7.3			
Cenotaphs at—		.09	74	Townson or		
, of Rao Gangá at	*	19	75	XV	i, Xv	E
Ceremony of building a cenotaph at—	*	91	77			
Masons' marks in Júnágarh fort near-	-	94	83	T.		
Colossal late rock-sculptures at		**	8,			
		1	23	1		
Manex—				1		
A town and pargana at junction of Son and Gange	-	VIII	22	1		

	Vot.	PAGE,	PLATE.
Access of D. Albin Israed			
faneya of Buddhist legend-			
Identified with ruins near Tama (Tameswar Nath) in	4.00		
Basti District	XII	223	7 7
	XVIII	12, 22	2 4
	XXII	2	
lanigal, Satrap—			
Father of Zeionises (Jihonia)	TI	152, 167	
Perhaps founder of Mánikyála	XIV	5	P a
lánikyálá (Mánikiálá) in Ráwal Pindí District, Panjáb			
Also known as Mánikpur or Mániknagar	11	100	
Maps of ruins at—		152	LXII.
transfer or region or	V15/		
Excavations at—	XIV	7 7 3	II.
manufactions of	XIV	75-79	XXI-XX
Legend of Rasálu connected with	II	3	IIL
Scene of Buddha's 'body-offering' to the seven hungry	II.	153	
tiger-cubs	12	154	2 4
Numerous religious buildings but no large city at-	19	157	* 1 *
Destroyed by fire at time unknown	-11	158, 164	
Described by Hwen Thsang	111	11	
Great Tope at, described	89	159	7 .
	V	76-78	
Two Ario-Pálí inscriptions from Great Tope No. 2, or General Court's Tope, = stápa of Buddha's	11	160	LXIII.
'body-offering'	.51	162	
Monastery, &c., at	File	164	
Topes Nos. 3-14 at	29	165-166	
Sonála Pind mound at	211	166	LXIV, LX
Pari-ki-dheri	.,	168	LXIV.
Mounds Nos. 17, 19, 20 at-	++	160	
18, 21, and 22 at—	**	170	
Remains of gilding on buildings at		157, 171	
Bronze statuettes from mound No. 22 at-	**	171	
At least 15 topes and as many monasteries known to			
have existed at		172	14.
Probably first occupied in time of Satrap Manigal .	XIV	5	
Coins of Satrap Jihonia, Kuzula Kara Kadphises, and		J.	
Kanishka found at-	II	152, 167	
	XIV	6	4
Minor antiquities from	79		TV.
anipur in Biláspur District, C. P.—			
Formerly capital of Mahá Kosala	IX	55	
aniyagarh in Chhatarpur State, Bundelkhand—			
An ancient Chandel fort	XXI	69	-
The second second second is a second	42424	9	

	Vot.	PAGE,	PLATE.
Mankuár—			
See Bithá and Deoriyá in Alláhábád District, NW. P.			
Manorhita, Buddhist Saint-			
Author of Vibháshá Sástra	II	332 89	
Mantras—			
See Charms.			
Márá in Rewá State, Baghelkhand—			
Saiva cave temples at- · · · · ·	XIII	20-31	v-ix.
Márkanda in Chándá District, C. P			
Group of temples at-	1X	143	XXVI.
Sati pillars at -	n	144	
Temple of Yama at-	99	148	
Das Avalár temple at	.00	**	XXVIII.
Inscribed monoliths at-	10.	149	XXX.
Márphá in Bándá District, NW. P			
A great fortress	XXI		
Late inscriptions at-		19	XVIII.
Was first settlement of the Baghels	11	103	
Martin, Montgomery-			-
See Buchanan-Hamilton, Dr.			
Márttand in Káshmír—			
Earliest example of Indo-Doric architecture at-	v	196	
Masaon Dih near Saidpur-Bhitarí in Gházípur District, NW. P			
Inscription with name Krelulendra found near-	XXII	97	IX, X.
Also named Dhanáwar	98	98	
Coins with name of (7) Dhana Deva in Asoka alphabet			-
found at-	n	99	
Stone implements found in excavation near	-10	100	
List of ancient coins obtained at	29	103	
Masár in Sháhábád District, Bengal-			
= Ancient Mahására	III	66	
Changes in course of Ganges near	21	67	
Hindu remains at—	12	68	XXIII.
Jain inscriptions dated S. 1443 = A.D. 1386 at-	79	17	XXIV.
Modern Jain inscription mentioning English rule at-	10	70	39
	60	71	1

	Vot.	Page.	PLATE.
a sons' marks—	v	72	
Are trustworthy proofs of age	1	12	* *
At Nálanda			
	1	-30	
At Bairánt	111	101	A STATE OF
In Arian characters at Jamálgarhi	XXII	118	
	V	64*	
fasúdí, geographer—			
Found four great kings in India in 915 A.D			
	1	146	
fáthá Kuar, fort of—	i		
At Kasiá (Kusinágara), q.v	- 1		
	11	78, 82	
fathae of Megasthenes-			
Probably inhabitants of Madáwar in Bijnor District,			
NW. Provinces	**		
	"	251	
fathiahpillar—			
See Lauriyá-Navandgarh in Champáran District, Bengal			
A great Buddhist centre in time of Chinese pilgrims,			-
A.D. 400 and 634	191	232	
Site of Upagupta's monastery at	32	233	XXXIX.
	XX	32	
Kesava Rai's great temple at, destroyed by Aurangzeb,		3-	
in A.D. 1669	1	235	
Control of the contro	XX	39	
Plundered by Mahmud of Ghazní A.D. 1017	1	236	
Buddhism disappeared from, between A.D. 634 and		-0-	
1017		237	
Site of Huvishka's monastery at	in	238	0 4
	XVII	107	
Statues of Buddha at	1	240	
Statue of dancing girl at	39	21	XL.
Buddhist railings at	19	241	
	111	23	viii-x.
	XVII	110	XXXI.
Group supposed to represent Silenus, &c., from-	1	242	
Greek influence shown in sculpture from-	99	243	
Excavations in 1871 at—	III	13	I.
Græco-Bactrian coins found at	92	14	1 .
Copper celt found at—	10	16	13.
Jain and other remains from Kankálí mound at-	nt.	19	v-vIII.
	28	25	VI, VII, 3
Dress of female figures at ,	2.0		
	79	27	XII,

^{*} It has not been thought necessary to refer to every passage that mentions masons' marks.

		Vot.	PARE.	P	LATE.	
Mathurá in Mathurá District, NW. Pcontd.		-				
Abundant Jain remains of early date at-		III	45			
Suggested identification of sites at-		**	28			
Suggested Identification of Sites at		XX	31, 45	II.	•	
The manufactory for Buddhist sculpture		XI	75			
Named Islámábad by Aurangzeb	1	XX	39			
			31			
			7.00	*		
Sculptures in museum at—		10	34	HI,	IV.	
Short inscriptions at, dated 57 and 62 S.		18	36, 37	٧.		
Series of ancient coins found at-		32	37		*	
Muhammadan persecutions at—		29	38		*	
Sculpture of Herakles strangling Nemzean lion	found					
at—		XVII	109	XXX	4	
Discussion of Hwen Thsang's topography of-		79	111		4	
fathurá District—						
Early history of—		XX	3-5		•	
latsya-desa —						
Extent of-		11	244			
		XX	2		4	
Ianas—						
See Moga, King.						
fankhari—		-				
Tribal name of Varmma kings of Magadha		XV	165			
Perhaps the same as Maurya		29	166	100		
laukhari dynasty of Magadha—						
Opposed to later Guptas		XVI	78, 80			
aurya dynasty—						
Alluded to by Euphorion and Hesychius .		1	Intr. XLI.			
Relations between Antiochus the Great and-		11	41			
			4.		•	
láyána (Máyápura) in C. I						
Inscribed sati pillar at		**	302			
láyápura, or Máyúra—						
An ancient town close to Haridwar in Saharanpe	e Die.					
trict, NW. P.	1543		232			
layúradhwaja—						
A king of Ayodhya and Srávastí						
A king ut Ayounya and Stavasti		1	329			
Cities where to a fact in Dahill-hand		Xi	98	1 .		
Gives name to a fort in Rohilkhand		1	330, Note		4	
Sre Moradhwaj, Rájá.			- 1	1		

		Vot.	PAGE.	1	LATE,	
Medi, or Med tribe-						
Probably a branch of the Su or Abár horde Settled along the Hydaspes (Jhelam) in time of Peuti	in-	11	53	,		
gerian Tables, i.e., before 250 A.D.			52, 53			
In tenth century settled in Sindh		22	53			
— Modern Mer tribe of Aravali Range, Kathiáwár, a Beluchistán	nd	,,				
Seem to have been the first Indo-Scythian conquere	ors					
of the Panjáb Probably followers of King Moga or Moas		29	54			
Mediæval Brahmanical period—			-			
Remains of—		111	5			
***************************************			J			
Medo-Scythians—						
Probably preceded Aryans in NW. India .	-	1X	160			
Megalize of Pliny—						
Perhaps represented by Meos		XX	28		*	
Megarsus R. of Dionysius Periegetes-						
= Satlaj R		11	12	14		
Megasthenes —						
Mentions tumuli as Indian form of sepulchre ,		1	76, Note	-		
Megs-						
A tribe in the Jammú hills, Panjáb		11	11-13	-		
Probably Mekei of Arrian	-	.11	11			
Seem originally to have been located on Satlaj .	-	287	13	*		
Mekala—						
The mountain range in which the Narbadá rises .		XVII	85			
Mekhala, Kingdom of-						
Kshemavatí capital city of, identified with Khemrájp	ur					
ruins in Basti District	*	XII	183		*	
Menander, King-						
Advanced to Ganges		11	41			
Meo race—						
Forms bulk of population of Mewat		XX	22			
Of Hindu origin		20	29			
Sub-divisions of →		39	23	+	*	
Connected with aboriginal Minas	-	19	25, 27			
Customs and legends of—		29	25-29		*	

		Vol.	Page.	1	PLATE	
Meo race—contd.		-		_	_	_
Todar Mal belonged to	1	. XX	26			
May represent the Megallæ of Pliny			28			
Turbulent character of		- 80	20			
Cruelties of Muhammadan rulers to-		n	29, 30			-4
Meteorite—						
Worship of—		. XVI	32			7
Mewát—						
Described by Bábar		. xx	Y			
Formed by Akbar into the Sarkars of Alw	ar an	d	19	*	N.	*
Tejára		* 10	21		+	
Meos form bulk of population of—	4	* 30	22			
Pacified by English Government		* 10	30	4		*
Tejára and Sarhata, capitals of— History of—	*		117, 118			
Invaded and ravaged by Ulugh Khán (Ball	ban) i	n e	10-22		•	
A.H. 658			13, 29			
Severities of Fíroz Tughlak in-			14			
Ihau-maidán in Rájputána—						
An ancient city	+	. п	293	,		
Mihirkul (Mihirakula)—			70			
King of Sangala, contemporary with Báládity:	II.	E				
Magadha		. 31	197		-	
dilinda		1				
Yavana, King of Sangala, and opponent of the B	uddhis	st				
Nágasena	*					
Mill, Dr.—						
Translated several important inscriptions .		. 1	Intr. vii			
dills—						-
Sometimes inscribed						
		. 111	1X		•	
Miná race—						
Former extent of power of-		. VI	113			
Formerly intermarried with Meo race .	+	· XX	25, 27			
linár—						
One only, to each early mosque		. 17	tx			
dinnagara of the Erythræan Periplus-		1				
Probably = Thatha in Sindh ,		1	3			
Perhaps = Calamina of Saint Thomas legend	*	- 11	47	9.		ė
The state of the s		2 N	60	-	-	

	Vot.	PAGE,	1	PLATE	-
Mithabel in Gorakhpur District, NW. P				_	-
An ancient site	XVIII	52			
An ancient site	27.8.111	52		7	
Mithila or Videha-					
Comprised Champaran District and greater part of					
Darbhangá	XVI	34			
Janakpur ancient capital of—	.10	11		4	
Mitra dynasty—					
One coin of, found at Bairát in Alwar State	11	210			
Coins of, found at Kosam in Alláhábád District	X	249	II.	,	
found at and near Bhuilá Díh in Bastí District	XII	153, 165,	111		
toute at any man Dilata On in costs of the	2444	169		-	
from Bairant in Benares District	XXII	115			
Meden Derbornied anded					
Modern Brahmanical period— Remains of—	111	6			
Kemans of—	111	0	15	,	
Moga (Muga, Moa, Moas, Mauas) King-					
According to tradition was a Saka	П	54			
Perhaps first established Indo-Scythian rule in Panjáb		59		+	
Succeeded by Vonones, Azes, &c		54			
Coins of,	19	59, 187		+	
Founded Mong (Mung, Mog) his chief mint city .	19	187	+		
Mentioned in Taxila inscription of the Satrap Liako					
Kusulako	34	134, 187	LIX.		
Also known as Rájá Sankhár	Je.	187	-10	4	
flogalána, Mahá—		-			
Born at Kulika (= Jagdispur), near Nálanda	- 1	29			
logaliputra—		late waste	1		
Distinguished from Mogalána		Intr. xxxix			
Presided at Buddhist synod in reign of Asoka	0	21 .11		0	
lokand-dwára in Kotá State, Rájputána –					
Early temples and short inscriptions at	XXIII	131		4	
Ion (Motan, Mowa)—	2137	200			
Names of the Kunet race	XIV	127	*	*	*
long (Mung) in Gujrát District, Panjáb-					
Founded by Rájá Moga or Muga	II.	187			*
= Nikaea	19	184, 187			
Coins of the 'nameless king' very abundant at-	b	187, Note	101	-	*
longir (Monghyr, Mungir)—		100			
Ancient names of—	χV	15		4	
Speculations as to derivation of modern name		18			
4 Country of the Management of the Country of the C	-				

							Vos.	PADE,		PLAT	E.
Mongir Monghyr, Mungir-	-conti	d.									
Identified with Hwen	Thsar	1g's /-	lanno	-Po-t	n-ta		3237				
Legends of Karna and	l Vikr	ama a	t—				XV	10		7	
Mongir District-											
Hot springs at— .			7					App.			-
Morá Mountain, near Budo	lha Ga	yá—								-	
Contains Prágbodhi ca	ive of	Hwen	Ths	ang			111	105	1.		
Morá Town, in Jaypur Sta	te-										
An ancient site .					- 2		VI	227			
Morá Village, near Mathur.	6							/		.*	*
Inscription of son of Sa		Rajub	ul at-	٠.			XX	.0			
Moradhaj (Mayúradhwaja)	le Di	lana B					A.A.	48			4
Great Fort at-	in Bi	mor D	ISTRIC	, N	W. P.	_					
Ruins of (?) stupa at-			+	+		- 4	11	237			
History unknown of-		-			4	15	19	233			
The state of the s			7		91		- 10	ar.			
Moradhwaj, Rájá-											
Traditions of-at Hasv	zá în E	Tatebe	me Di	induction.							
Rájputána traditions of	_	dienip	MI LA	SEFFE	*		XVII	93			-1
See Mayuradhwaja.				*			VI	227			+
Mori—											
A Rájput clan in Mewa	ir .						10	208, 232, 234			
Moriyas, City of-							"	200, 232, 234		,	
Identified with Rajdhar	nf or i	Lodh:	i eilor	n the	Com	1.1					
pur District . ,		o hatte	MATERIA I	1) LEPE	Ciora	KO-	*******				
2						-	XVIII	31	11.		
Morvi inscription dated in G	upta e	ra—					AAII	3.7	*	*	
Discussed	+	4		+			IX	16			*
Mubárak Sháh—											
Tomb of, near Delhi		140	*	×			XX	153	XXX	W.	
Muhárakpur (Kotila), near I	Delhi-							-33	20.04.75	**	
Tomb of Mubarak Shah	at-						Ca Ca				
Muga-								29	•	*	
See Moga, King.											
Mughal (Early) architecture-											
Described	-										
		+	*			1	III	12		2	-

					Vol.	Page.	PLATE.
Mughal (Late) architecture—							
Described	*	*	*	-	III	12	
Mugháls							
Resemblance of traditions of, to the	se of	the G	onds	-	IX	158	
Muhámmád Tughlák, Emperor-							
Tomb and Forts of, at Delhi .	à.		*		1	217	
Multái, NE. of Jábalpur-					XXI	00	
Perhaps = Malaita of Ptolemy			*		AAI	93	
Multán in Multán District, Panjáb-					v	114	XXXVI.
Topography of-			- T1	-		115	
= Meu-lo-san-pu-lo (Mulasthánipu	rra) of	Hwe	n I hs	ang.	99	114	
Captured by Raja Chach of Sindh	*		*	*		115	
Ditto by Muhammad bin Kasi	m	*			20	115-120	
Temple of Sun at-		7	(*)	* 1	29	217	
Captured by Mahmud of Gharni	*		100		23	121	XXXVII.
Coins of—	2		*		10	125	
Stone rings at-	*	+	*			126	
Buildings of, were built of brick			*	- 1	**	127	
Archæological well at	*		+	16	89	129	
Was the capital city of the Malli			*	4	59.	n	
Temple of Pahladpuri at			¥		2.0	,,,,	
Ancient name of, was Kasyapapur	ra, =	Kasp	apuro	5 of			
Hekatacus, = Kaspaturos of H	erodo	tus, 2	and F	1.35+	11	69	
peira of Ptolemy			2.11	- 4	v	129	
A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH						130	
Muhammadan tombs at-					- P1	132	xxxvm.
Rokn-i-Alam tomb at	*	7		*/	33	133-136	
Legends and customs of— .		*		- 5	80	133	XXXIX.
Tile mosaics of—	*				96	-33	anaini
Munde-					II.	o	
A name of the Takari character			4	+	1.1	- 1	
Munga-							
See Umga (Munga) in Sháhábád Dist	trict.						
Mungir—							
See Mongir.							
Murmári in Bhandárá District, C. P					XVII	2	
Worship of deceased English lady at	-	14			AVII		
Murpe, in Ráipur District, C. P					VII	347	
Temples at-				+	VII	147	

		Vol	PAGE.	PLATE
N				1
Nabhakas and Nabhamatis, or Nabhapantis-				
Peoples mentioned in Asoka's edicts			1	
		V	20	
Náchná or Kúthará in Ajaygarh State, Bundelkhand-				1
Site of an ancient city				
Curious Gupta temple at-	*	XXI	95	
Inscription of Prithivi Sena and Vyaghra Deva at-		53	96	XXV, XXV
Temple of Mahadeva at-	*	38	97	XXVII.
* * *		20	98	
Nadolá in Jodhpur State, Rájputáná-				
Legend of—				100
Late temples at-	. 2	IIIXX	92	
Early Khetla-ká-sthán temple at-		20	94	
	*	39	95	XIX.
Nadabandagar of Ptolemy-			1	
Perhaps = Narwár				
	*	IXX	58, 92	
Nága—				
Synonymous with Karkota and Takshaka				
See Snake-worship,		VI	167	
- water-worsmp,			1	1000
Nágar or Karkota Nágar in Jaypur State, Rájputána-				
Said to have been for the batter, Hajputana—				
Said to have been founded by Rájá Machchhakanda Probably at one time held by Nágas		21	162	
		22	166	
Legend of destruction of—			100	
Traces of volcanic action at—		10	168	
Description of 6		in	170	
Description of 6,000 ancient coins found at-		**	165,173-183	
			-3,1,3,103	
Gems and miscellaneous antiquities found at-				
Description of site of—		23.	183	
Short mediaval inscriptions at-	*	99	184	XXIL
Temples at—		33	185	
Ancient embankments at—		.02	186	XX, XXII.
Traditional extent of—		19	190	
Thousands of Malayana coins obtained at-	1 ,	űv	195	
		VI V	150	XXXI.
lágar—				
An ancient site in Basti District	1			
	. 3	113	83	
ágarí or Tambavatí Nagarí, near Chitor, in Mewár-	1			
Pounded by Rájá Hari Chand				
Great numbers of punch-marked coins found at-	1	VI	196	
- is build suite and cours tound at-				

	Vot.	PAGE.	PLATE,
lágari or Támbavati Nágari, near Chitor, in Mewár—contd.			
Stúpa at—	VI	198	XXIV.
Analysis of 145 ancient coins found at-		200	
Madhyamikaya coins of Sibi country found at		201	
madifyamikaja coma de one anea j	XIV	146	XXXI.
Probably the Takshak-Nagara of Tod	VI	208	
Extent of ruins of—	- 10	210	
Vágárjuna—			
Controversy between King Milinda and	11	197	4 6
Mongol legend of residence of, in a cave in Magadha .	VIII	43	
Nágárjuni Hills in Gayá District, Bengal			
Described	1	44	KVIII.
Three caves in—	34	98	XIX.
Inscriptions of Dasaratha, grandson of Asoka, &c., in			
the caves of—	99	49	XX.
Minor pilgrims' records of Gupta and later age in caves of-		50	xx.
Caves of, successively occupied by Buddhists and			
Brahmans		51	. 1
Variation in names of the caves of—	29	52	
Legends relating to—	92	43	
Nagarkot—			
Another name for Kángrá fort	V	155	
Nágas, dynasty of nine-			
Reigned at Padmávatí = modern Narwár	11	307	
Date of—	.n.	309	* *
Extent of dominions of	.09	308	
List of—	21	310	
Six coins of, found at Nágar in Jaypur State	VI	178	* .
Nágaudh (Nágod) State, in Bághelkhand-	***		
Also called Uchahara, q.v.	IX	5	- 1
Probably = Sagabaza of Ptolemy	XXI	92	
lágaur in Jodhpur (Márwár) State, Rájputána-			
Legends of—	XXIII	50	
Walle of-	ap	53	
Fountain of Akbar's reign, and other buildings in fort	39	55	
at— Temples of Mahádeo and Murlídhar, and of Barmáyan		-	
	20	56-58	XIII, XIV
at 7	10	58	
Cave at—		60	

				Vot.	Page,	PLATE.
Nágaur, in Jodhpur (Márwár) State, Rájput	ána				-	
List of mosques at-	41184	conta.				
Inscribed private houses at-				XXIII	61	
Tanks at—	+			.00	20	
Minor inscriptions at-		4		93	63	
Shams mosque at-				29	64	
Gateway of Atarkin at, with inscription	e del	. i.	11	20	65	XII.
630	13 (754)	cou z	LII.		60	W
Warner to Grand Barrier				89	oy.	X1.
Nagor in Sántál Parganas, Bengal— Great fort of—						
Great fort of—	*		-	VIII	146	
Nágpur, capital of C. P						
Antiquities in museum at-				vII	115-118	
Maria to Maria and a maria					*13 -110	
Náin in Jáypur State, Rájputána-						
An ancient Mina stronghold			-	VI	100	
Nákodár in Jálandhar District, Panjáb-				1	-	
Tombs of time of Shah Jahan and Jahan						
Tomos or time or Shan Janan and Jahan	girat	-	+	XIV	59	XX.
Nala Rájá—				1		
Narwar legend of				2000		
		*	1	VII	95-101	* * 0
Válanda—						
Said to have been residence of Bimbisar.	n.			1	28	
Certainly = Barágaon in Patna District,	, Beng	gal		**		
Description of ruins of— . Sáriputra and Mogalána, born near—				21	20	XVI.
Great temple of Báládítya at	*	+				
orest tempte of balduitya at			-		34	
				111	94	
Nameless king,' the-						
Speculations concerning identity of-						
Coins of, abundant at Mong				III	39, 44	
	*			11	187, Note	
anaguna R. of Ptolemy-						
= Tapti R.				Was .		
		*	-	IX	151	
andchand, 40 miles E N E. of Damoh in C.	P					
Temples at—				VVI		
				XXI	160	XL, XLL
andinagara—						
A town mentioned in Sanchi inscriptions				x	F0.	,
ara Singha Deva, King of Chedi-					59	
Inscription in Rewa State of-					1	
superspecion in trews State of-				IXX		

		Vot-	PAGE.	Pi	ATR.	
Nára Sinha, town, of Hwen Thsang— Ránsi, 25 miles west of Lahore, Panjáb.		11	202			¥
Naráyana city—	1	XIV	47	*	•	
Capital of ancient kingdom of Bairat	*	11	243		•	
Naráyana Kanwa, King—	1	v	140			
Perhaps = Vishnu Tushára						
Náráyana temple, of Hwen Thsang— Perhaps = Naráyanpur in Gházípur, NW. P.—		XXII	76	٠		
Naráyanpur in Ráipur District, C. P.—		VII	103	XIX.		
Temples at—			194			
Statues at— · · · · · ·	1	.33	-94		,	
Narbadá R.—						
Legends connected with-		IX	74			
Narendra Gupta, King—						
Another name of Sasángka	1	**	157		0.0	
Nárnaul in Patiála State, Panjáb-						
Early Muhammadan buildings at-	*	XXIII	97		+	
Na. od-						
See Ranod in Central India.						
Narwar in Gwallar State, Central India-		11	207			
Ancient Padmávati, capital of Nága Kingdom .		XXI	307 58, 92			
Perhans = Nadubandagar of Proteins		11	300	*		
Coinc of Naga Kings found at-	1		312			7
Inscription dated S. 1177 = A.D. 1120 at-		12	314			
Held by Rájá Cháhada Deva in 1251 A.D	-	11	316			
List of Rájás of-	to	99	0			
Held by Tomar dynasty of Gwáliár from A.D. 1398		10	317			
A.D. 1506 Afterwards held by Kachhwahas of Amber			111	1		
Described by Bhávabhúti in eighth century A.D.			308, 318			
Description of fortress of—	-	99	319			1
Roman Catholic chapel and cemetery at-		**	322			
Large mutilated inscription at-	+	40	323		+	
Inscribed 'column of victory 'at		22	324-	1	- 20	
Inscribed Báori and Sati pillars at-		99	13		*	,
Iron works at-	4	- 10	325	3	-	-
Bridges at—	-	44	91		*	-
Gipsy legend at—		- 50	327		*	
Legend of Rájá Nala at-	+	VII	95-101			

		Vos.	PAGE,	PLATE	w
Náthdwára in Udaipur (Mewár) State, Rájputána-	-				-
Great temple of Náthjí at—		XXIII	100	*	
Navadevakula of Hwen Thsang— — Newal and Bángarmau in Oudh		XI	47		
Nawagaon in Ráipur District, C. P.— Group of temples at, built of materials from Arang		xvII	22	xII, XIII	1.
Nephthalites—					
= Ephthalites, = White Huns, q.v.					
Ner in Gayá District, Bengal—					
Ruined temple at		VIII	65		
Newal and Bángarmau in Cawnpore District, NW. P	- 1			-	
= Navadevakula of Hwen Thsang		XI	47		
Legend of— Sites of Buddhist and Brahmanical buildings at—		29	48		
Terra-cotta figures from—		13	50 52	TVIII.	
likumbha race—			100		
Identical with Raghuyansi race		XX	0, 10		
Early history of—		**	8-10		
Founded Alwar		39	120		
límsár (Nímkhár) in Sitápur District, Oudh-					
Ancient fort at		1	350		
límtor in Rájputána—				-	
Temple and inscription dated S. 1027 at-	-	XXIII	124		
lirgrantha Jnáti potra—					
Proper name of Mahavira the last Jain hierarch .	-	XI	170		
Jirvána—					
Great stúpa of, at Kasiá	*	XVIII	63, 73, segq.	v, vi.	
Date of, discussed	4	VIII	34		
lirvána, era of—	1				
Inscription at Gayá dated in-		III	1, 3		
lográm—		11.1	120	ALLY.	
See Ránigat.					
longarh in Mongir District, Bengal-					
Perhaps = Lo-in-ni-lo of Hwen Thsang		39	160		
Stupe and statue at	+	19	161	XLVII.	
		VIII	118, 119	* *	

	Vot.	PAGE.	Pı	ATIL	_
Norris, Mr.— Deciphered Sháhbázgarhi Inscription of Asoka	v	8			
Numerals, ancient Indian—					
Deciphered by Stevenson, Bháu Dájí and Cunning-					
ham	1	Intr. XXXIII		1	
Suhaniya slab showing	11	401	4		4
In Arian alphabet in Yusufzai	v	61		*	*
Nárábád, near Gwáliár, C. I.—					
Muhammadan buildings at→	111	397		•	•
Núrmahal in Jálandhar District, Panjáb→					
Sarai built by Núr Jahan at	XIV	62		*	
Nérpur Tahsil in Kángrá District, Panjáb—					
Anciently named Dahmeri or Dahmbeori, = Audum-		116			
pathánkot (Pratishthána) was capital of—.	12	**	*		4
Rájás ol— , , , , , ,	19	118	-	٠	*
0					
Obelisks, sculptured-					
In Málwá, Mirzápur District, and Central Provinces . At Daraulí in Sháhábád District	XIX	132 25	:	*	
Obolus, coin-					
Represented by Indian boddika	XI	176		*	
Obscene sculptures—		1	1		
On temples at Khajuráho · · · ·	H	420			*
Odonbeores of Pliny-		+			
= People of Kachchh	XIV	155 136	1		
Odumbara—					
See Audumbara.		-			
Ohind on Indus in Yusufzai (Pesháwar District), Panjáb-					
Said to have been founded by Alexander the Great	· III	95			
Indo-Scythian coins found at-	OF .		1		
U-to-kia-han-cha, = Udakhanda, = Hund, = Hind, = Waihand, = (?) Ora, = Kârajáng, = Bith					

	Voc.	Page.		PLATE	L.
Ohind on Indus in Yusufzai (Pesháwar District), Panjáb-					0
contd.	****				
Was capital of Gándhára up to 1026 A.D. Probably = Embolima or Ekbolima of Greek writers.	XIV	93, 94			
Sometimes called Ambar-ohind	. 49	101-103	*		1
Distinguished from Ohind on Jhelam	20	103			-4
Inscription dated S. 6i from	V	58			
Okhala village near Deihi-					
Inscribed tombs of reign of Iltitmish formerly existing					
at	XX	160			
Ongari, a village in Patna District, Bengal-					
Inscription said to exist at—	VIII				
	****	74			,
Ooemo—					
See Wema Kadphises, King.					
Ophiolatry—					
In Káshmír	11	10			
See Naga and Snake.		10		*	*
Orai, in Jalaun District, NW. P		4			
Supposed site of battle between Parmál and Prithi					
Ráj	VII	20		-	
no.					
Orissa— Sculptures of Navagraha common in—	20.52				
Ancient sites in Native States of—	XIII	110	3.	*	
Gupta dynasty of-	XVII	17, 85, 87	+		
0		1/1 031 07			
Otantapora-					
A name of Bihár city	XI	75			-
Oudh—	14.	185, 191		*	*
See Ayodhya, kingdom.					
O-yu-to of Hwen Thsang-					
Perhaps = Pátan-Bihár in Unao District, Oudh	62	**			
		55	*		*
Ozoabis of Ptolemy—					
Perhaps = Asirgarh	IX	121	*		*
P					
Pachet, in Bankurá District, Bengal-	1	- 4			
Inscriptions of 17th century at-	VIII	10-	4		
	5111	180	+		

	Vot.	Page	PLAT	E.
Pachran, in Gonda District, Ouon-				
Copper-plate inscription found at	XI	100		*
Padaraoná (Parauná), in Gorakhpur District, NW. P				
Perhaps = ancient Páwá	1	74		
Remains of (?) stúpa at	**	75		-
Pádham, in Mainpari District, NW. P				
Series of coins from—	XI	38	XIII.	
Padmávatí—		1		
Capital of Nága kingdom = modern Narwár	II	202		
Described by Bhavabhúti in 8th century A.D.	**	307 308—318		
Pahárpur in Dinájpur District, Bengal-				
Ruins of great temple at—	xv	117	XXXII.	
	12.5	,	anali,	
Painám—				
A name of Sunárgáon, q.v		137		*
Paintings, rock-				
Of animals, &c., at Ginja Hill	XXI	110	XXX.	
Inscription in, near Bank Ghát in (?) Chutiá Nágpur .	XIII	55		
Pákbirra, in Singhbhám District, Bengal-				
Iain remains at-	viii	102-105		
Also called Ponchá	107	193-195		
Pakkulaoti—	1			
= Pushkalávatí, q.v.				
Pákna-Bihár in Farrukhábád District, NW. P				
Site of great monastery at-	XI	31	X.	
Indo-Scythian inscription at		32	XII.	
Carved bricks and seals from	0	35	XI, XII.	
blance blanced C Adena and Clash		404	any name	
Pakores, king of S. Ariana and Sindh— Probably of Parthian origin				
a tourn or a manual dright ,	11	47		
'ála dynasty of Magadha and Bengal-				
Rose in 8th or 9th century A.D	111	135		
Probably of Bhuinhar caste	XV	148		-
Professed Buddhism	29	116, 147		-
Ruled from Benares to mouths of the Ganges	111	119	7 .	
Genealogy of—	XVI	1		
	IH	134		
	XI	178		
	XV	149		+

					Vot.	PAGE.	Pi	ME.	
Pála dynasty of Magadha and Bengal-	—соні	d.							_
Corrected chronology of-			-		XI	181			
Inscriptions of—			-		III	1120			
					XV	113—118,			
					AY	120, 121	1.0	*	1.4
Vikrama Samvat used in only two	inscri	intions	s of-		XI	150		*	*
Succeeded in Bengal by Sena dyr						177		*	
ry A.D.				_	111	4764	-		
			-		XV	134	100	-	
Pálí, in Biláspur District, C. P					AY	155		*	
Temples at					VII	215			
Inscriptions of Jájalla Deva at-			- 3		1	217	1		
Pilgrim's record at					**				
Two inscriptions said to have exist	ed at	-			9	210			
					31	219			
Pálí, in Gayá District, Bengal-									
Temple in Gupta style at-					VIII	61			
				-	XVI	52	1	*	,
Pálí, in Jodhpur State, Rájputána—					35.1	3-	,	•	1
Hindu temples at-		+			XXIII	86			
Naulakha Jain temple at	*				97	Sq	XVIII		
Inscription at-						qi, Note			
Pálí Kherá, in Mathurá District, NW.					1000				
Bacchanalian group and other scul	ptures	at-	-	4	XX	47	III.		
Palibothra—									
The Greek form of Pataliputra, g.v.									
The Greek form of Patanputta, 9.5				1					
Palodheri, in Yusufzai (Pesháwar Distri	ct). P	aniáb		- 9					
(?) = Po-lu-sha of Hwen Thsang	//				n				
Scythian inscription in cave at-		*	*		11	91			- 01
		1		-	32	92		*	- 4
Panassa of Ptolemy-									
Probably a town on Banás (Parnás:	al R	in C	P	- 77	IX	44			
a remark a remark to the contract of the contract	aj zas	111 121			11	57		*	1
anchála (Northern) kingdom-									
Abichhatra, capital of-					1	977			
						255			
itto (Southern) kingdom-									
Kampil, capital of-					Vi				
armiput suprim m	-		*		XI	11			*
ándrá, in Máobhúm District, Bengal-									
Mediæval temples at					VIII				
2 average tempted at		*		-	A 111	155	Al' XI	V.	
and a security to reduce product pro-	gal-								
angua (Congra), in riugii District. Heni									
anduá (Chhotá), in Húglí District, Ben Mehammadan buildings at-			-		3737		and a later to		
Muhammadan buildings at— Mindr at—					XV	123 126	XXXX		

							Vol.	Page.		PLATE	-
Panduá (Hazrat), in Málda	h Distri	ict. B	eno al								
A capital of the Muhar			_		al		xv				
Also named Fírezábád		-		2000				80, No te		,	
Abandoned by Mahmi							37	81		- 2	.0
Now in deep jungle							.19	,,,			
Four groups of ruins a							29	82			
Description of building		inscr	iption	s at—			10	82-94	XXI	v-x	XVI
Pandya (Panda) country-							1	-	-		
Mentioned in Sháhbáz	garhi i	nscrij	ption				V	20			
Pánini, grammarian-						Ш					
Born at Sálátura .		*		*	*	*	11	95			
Panj Pahárí, near Patna-											
=Hill of Upagupta			*				VIII	111	21		
Panjáb—								10			
Ethnology of-			1.0				H	2			
Turanian tribes of-								6, 22		,	•
Aryan tribes of-			+				20	13		9	
Greek art in-							v	5			
Ancient cities on banks							**	5			
Capital of, at Taki or A	sarur,	9. 0.	in A.	D. 6	33		11	200	-		
Finally annexed to Gha			pire, A	. D.	1026	+	29	42			
Tákari alphabet largely	used i	n-	*	*	*			9	*		
Panjkara R. in Yusufzai-											
=Garaios R. of Arrian		*	(*)	٠		*	V	3	*		
Panjor (Panchapura) in Pati				-							
Notices of, by Muhamn	nadan l	histor	rians	4	10		XIV	70			
Inscriptions at-			*		*		99	71	XXI	II.	
Panjpir, a hill in Yusufzai-											
A possible position for .	Aornos		(w		2		11	106	4		
Panjtar in Yusufzai-											
Inscription dated 122 fr	om-	¥	4				V	61	v		
Panná State, Bundelkhand-											
Legend of diamond-min	es in-	-			*	*	VII	49, 50	9		*
Pantaleon, King-	11.										
Coins of, copied from Ir	idian o	rigin	als	1	ib.		XIV	19	X,		

		Vot.	PAGE.	PLATE
Párá, in Mánbhúm District, Bengal—				1
Inscriptions and temples at—		VIII	162-166 167	
Paraini on Ken R.—			107	
Statue of boar at—		*****		
Statue or boar at— , , , ,		XXI	158	
Paramárddi Deva (Parmál) Chandel, King-				
History and traditions of-		II	100	
Kálanjar inscription of—		XXI	455 36	
		1	200	
Páranagar, in Alwar State, Rájputána-				
Ancient capital of Bargújar Rájás		XX	124	
Colossal rock-cut figure at—		ži.	de	
Temple of Nilkanth Mahadeo at		*1	116	XXIX.
Inscription dated S. 1010 = A.D. 953 at	*	79	in	
Paraoli, in Cawnpore District, NW. P				
Early brick temple at—		VI		
today brick delipte at—	-	XI .	46	
Parapiotae of Piolemy-				
A people in Central India		IXX	93	
Description of the second second				
Parasuá kot, in Pilibhít District, NW. P				
Ruins of great temple at—		1	357	
Parasuráma, Rájá of Mahásthán—				
Legend of—		XV	10(
			100	
Parauná—				
See Padaraona.	- 1	- 0	1-	
Parávalí, 16 miles N. of Gwáliár, Central India-			- 1	
More than 100 temples near		XX	10.	XXIV.
Fine early Hindu temple at	-	.0	108	XXV.
Sundry short inscriptions at		210	100	
Temple of Gupta period and Chana-kuá at-	2	39	9	XXVL
Inscription of the Tomara Rájá Kírtti Sinha Dev	a,			
dated Samvat 1528 = A.D. 1471, at-		20	110	
Description of minor temples near— . Short inscription dated Samyat 1107 = A.D. 1050 a		FP L		XXVI.
. Smart inscription dated Samvat 1107 = 7.13. 1050 a	ţ-	4.6	112	
Párbati, near Giryek, in Patna District, Bengal-				
Identified with Hwen Thsang's 'pigeon monastery'		VV	-	
Seals and seal mould found at—		XV	7	ν,
special and and motiva round at—		-00	30	VI.

	Vot.	PAGE.	PLAYS,
Parihár clan—			
= Poruari of Ptolemy	JX	5. 57	
Claim to have preceded the Chandels and Baghels in Bundelkhand and Rewá	IX	93	
- 44 - 44 - 44		S	
Parihár Rájás of Gwáliár— List of—			
	11	378	
Parkham, in Mathurá District, NW. P.—	1		
Colossal inscribed statue of 3rd century B.C. at	XX	40	vi.
Parnása R.—			
= Banás R	VIII	15	
Pároli in Gwáliár State—			
Small temples in late Gupta style at—	xx	105	XXIII.
at—	19	17	
Famous sandstone quarries at—		106	. 0
Parsarur, in Siálkot District, Panjáb— Coins of Apollodotus, Zoilus, and Indo-Scythians found at—	XIV	47	
Parsháwar—		47	
Of early Muhammadans = Pesháwar, q.v.	11	87	4 4 4
Parthian—			
Tribes confounded in Erythræan Periplus with Sus			
Names of Indo-Scythian Kings, Vonones, &c.	11.	47, 59	
Parvati—			
See Daryápur Párvatí.			
Pasupati, King of Gwáliár—			
Date of—	,,	311	
	"		
Patainí Deví, near Uchahara—			
Temple of (7) Gupta age at	IX	31	VI.
Patál Gangá—			
A sacred stream in Barábár hills ,	I	42, 53	
Vátaliputra—			
= Modern Patna, and was also named Pushpapura and Kusumapura .	viii	1	
	2,245	3	

	Vot.	Pagz,		PLAT	ž.
Pátaliputra—contd.					
Was situated on tongue of land between Ganges and old course of the Sôn	VIII	VI			
Founded about 450 B.C., either by Ajátasatru or	,				
Udayaswa	XI	2			-
Greek and Roman accounts of-	VIII	151		7	*
Circex and Roman accounts di-	XI	4, 27		*	7
Chinese ditto		152		1	*
Mentioned in Gupta inscriptions at Garhwa and Uda-		153			
yagiri	ш	56			
7-9	X	51	1	•	10
Probably deserted at time of the fall of the early	-	3-	-		-
Gupta dynasty	XI	153			
Confluence of five rivers at-	22	163			
Changes of river-beds near-		154			14
Probably has been for most part cut away by the					
Ganges	VIII	24	-		
Restored as Patna by Sher Sháh	115	10-	-	+	
	XI	156			
Identification of sites at-	VIII	27			
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	XI	157	XLI	t_	
Position of Asoka's pillar at	10	159		4	
Pátan-Bihár, in Unao District, Oudh—					
Perhaps = O-yu-to of Hwen Thsang	29	55			
Pathánkot in Kángrá District, Panjáb—					
A very ancient site	V	153			
Coins of Zoilus, Vonones, &c., and of Audumbara found at-		154	É	ľ,	Ĺ
IDMINA MATERIAL PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF TH	XÏV	116			*
Pathárí, in Bhopál Agency, Central India—	221.4	****			-
Extensive ancient remains at—	VII				
Extensive ancient remains at-	X	64	AIII	-x1	
Monolithic pillar inscribed in Gupta character at-	VII	69	*	*	*
Montene hum inserted in only custacter at-	X	67	*	*	
'Gadarmal' temple near-	VII	70			*
Statue of Máyá Devi and infant Buddha at-		69-75		*	
Sundry ruins near-		76-80		*	*
	x	100			
Patna, in Patna District, Bengal-		71		*	
= The ancient Pátaliputrapura, also named Pushpapura					
and Kusumapura	VIII	1			
Founded on present site by Sher Shah	99	28			
	XI	156		9	
Mosque of Sher Shah at	VIII	28			

-4-	Vot.	Page,	P3	ATIL	
Patna in Patna District, Bengal-contd.	VIII	20	16		
Two other mosques at- · · · ·		31, 33			0
Ruined citadel of—		0.700			
High mounds in the fort of-	**	34			
Named Azimábád by Muhammadans	XI	155	-		
Seals, gems, &c., found in Ganges under-	XV		111.		
- 101 - 115-401	XI	163			
Buddhist stone stools found at- · · · ·	XV	3	111.		
111-1-15-	XI	162			
Akbar's visit to-	n	157	XLI.		
Identification of ancient sites at-					
Two colossal Buddhist statues from in grounds of Asiatic Society of Bengal	XV	1	11		
Patna State, attached to Sambalpur District, C. P					
Patna State, attached to Samparpar	XIII	126	*	IF.	
Ancient remains in-					
Pattharghatta, in Bhagalpur District, Bengal-					
Patthaighatta, in bhagaspar Sistern - S	XV	36		4	
Hindu rock sculptures at-					
Paundra-Desa—					
A name of Eastern Gauda or Varendra, q.v.	19	111.		2	*
A tiguity of Estates					
Paundra Varddhana of Hwen Thsang-		011 000			
Identified with Mahásthán in Bogra District	88	102, 110			*
Derivation of came	10	112		+	-
Capital of Paundra-Desa = Varendra = Eastern					
Gauda — Mahá Kántára	89	111, 112			4
Under a petty Rájá at end of 8th century A.D.	in.	A			-
Citati a batch such					
Panravas—					
Anciently occupied valley of Ganges above Delta	11	15	-		-
Name of, probably preserved in classical Porus-	39	17			-
traine on prosent from		1.0			
Páwá, site of a relic Stúpa of Buddha-					
Identified by Cunningham with Padaraona in Gorakh-	Lan I				
nur District NW. P.	1	74			
Identified by Carlleyle with Fázilnagar and Cheti-			1		
yaon in same District	XVIII	102		- "	
			1		
Páwá (Páwápori, or Apápapori) in Patna District, Bengal-	*****				
The burial-place of the Jain hierarch Mahavira	VIII	170		-	
	AL	-10	1-		
		T 10 10			
Peacock—	IX	70	1.	+	
Emblem of the Sáraswati R.	1	22			
On Gupta and Saurashtran silver coins	35	-			

	Vot.	PAGE.	PLATE.
Pehoa (Prithudaka) in Ambála District, Panjáb-			
Inscription of Rájá Bhoja Deva, dated Samvat 226			
= probably A.D. 882, at— . Other inscriptions at—	11	224	* + *
	XIV	225 to1	
Places of pilgrimage near—	ij.	102	
Peppé, Mr.—			
Photographed antiquities in Bihár	vii	- 63	
Persian architecture—			
Compared with Indo-Persian , ,	v	-0-	200
		187	XLV.
Persian Empire— NW. India a satrapy of, under Darius			
	V	185	
Pesháwar City, in Pesháwar District, Panjáb-			
Little Yuchi kingdom of, in 5th century A.D.	11	64, 73	
First mentioned by Fa-Hian in A.D. 400 as Fo-leu- sha	- 1	-46.12	
Noticed by Sung-Yun in A.D. 520	11	87	
Described by Hwen Theang as Pushesha and Is	22	10	
Parkhana by Masúdi, Abú Rihán, and Bábar as		51	
Present name of, given by Akbar	n	n	
Stripa of the alms-bowl of Buddha ar-		89	
Great stupa and monastery of Kanishka at-	29	88, 80	
Pesháwar District—		1	
Ancient sites in-	XIX		
Inscriptions said to exist in neighbourhood of-	AIA	92	4 4 9
Peukelaotis—		93	
= Pushkalávatí, q,v.			
	11	90	
Phrastes, King of Taxila—			
Mentioned by Apollonius of Tyana	10	83, 113	
Phullitæ of Ptolemy—			
= 'Leaf-clad' Gonds			
Probably = Savara tribe	XVII	151	11 1 4
	XXI	93	
Piáwan in Rewá State, Baghelkhand-		30	
= Jhirná of Mr. Garrick	XXI	113	
Pillars—	3/1		
Usual number of, in Hindu temples			
	1	177	

	Vot.	PAGE.	PLATE.	
Pilo-molo, capital of Gurjara in time of Hwen Thsang-				
= Bálmer in Jodhpur State	. 11	70	. ,	
Pi-lo-shan-na of Hwen Thsang—		-		
Identified (wrongly) with Atranji Kherá	XI	26g 15		
Pimprama of Alexander—				
= Modern Asarur, q.v.	- 11	200		
Pir Khána, S. of Lahore, Panjáb-	XXIII			
Old Muhammadan buildings at-	AAIII			
Pithaora in Uchahara (Nagaudh) State—	IX	10		
= Prishtapuraka of Samudra Gupta	1A	10		
Pithora Rái				
See Prithi Ráj Chauhán.				
Pitinka people—				
Mentioned in Shahbazgarhi inscription	V	20		,
Plaster statues—				
At Sháhdheri (Taxila) From Rokarí in Bannú District	XIV	69	XIV.	
Pliny— Sources of information recorded by, are obscure.	. 11	83		
	-	-3		
Po-lu-sha of Hwen Thsang— Identified with Palodherf in Yusufzai	. 11		1	
Identified with Sháhbázgarhi in Yusufzai	. v	91		
Ponchá—				
See Pákbirra.			15-	
re-call				
Poruari of Ptolemy— Parihár clan	. IX	5, 57		
	IXX	93		
Porus, King- Site of battle between Alexander the Great and-	. 11	173-187	LXVII.	
Site of Datue Detween Alexander the Great and		1/3-10/	247111	
Po-shi-po of Hwen Thsang—	****	122	1	
Identified with Bhásu-Bihár in Bogra District .	. xv	102		
Pottery, glazed—				
Found at Bhilsá and other ancient sites	III	51		

	Vot.	PAGE,	PLATE,
Prabhákara Vardhana—			
Father of King Harsha Vardhana	IX	1	
Prabodha Chandrodaya of Krishna Misra—	1.5	154	
Refers to Kirtti Varmma Chandel and Karna Deva,			
King of Chedi	11	453	
Mentions Brahman mediæval persecution of Bud- dhism		433	
	XX	104	
Prayág—			
Ancient name of Alláhábád, q.v.	1	296, 300	
Pret-Silá, near Buddha Gayá—			
A place of pilgrimage	-		1000
	XVI	4	
Rude stone circles at-	VIII	50	
Prinsep, James—	ATTI	00	
Archæological discoveries of—	1	Intr. VII,	
		XVIII	
Prishtapuraka of Samudra Gupta-		1	
= Pithaora in Uchahara			
	IX	10	
Prithi Ráj (Prithiví Rájá) Chauhán—			11111
Was son of Someswara, and grandson of Arnna Celebrated in Chand Ráesa	X	99	
Defeated Parmál Chandel	1	159	
Fort at Delhi of—	11	455	
to the second of	1	160, 183	
Prithiví Sena of Vákátaka—			
Inscription of—	17171		- Harrison
	XXI	97, V	XXVII.
Prithudaka—			
See Pehoa.			
Ptolemy—			
Geographical work of, dates between 140 and 169			
			Welle
Identification of localities mentioned by-	II	83	
udumyi and Yadnya Sri—	·XXI	90	XXIV.
Date of inscriptions of—			
	1	Intr. xxm	
ujáripali, in Sarangarh State, C. P.—			
Undeciphered inscription at-			
	IIVX	68	

	Vol.	PAGE.	PLATE.
Pulinda people— Mentioned in Sháhbúzgarhi Inscription	v	20	
In Katha-Sarita-Sagar synonymous with Savara and Bhilla	xvII	139	
Punáwa, in Gayá District, Bengal— Budhokhar and Káramár tanks at— Buddhist remains of circa A.D. 1000 at—	1	13 14	Kif.
Punch-marked coins— See Coins, punch-marked.			
Puralya, in Manbhum District, Bengal— Ruined temples at—	VIII	182	
Púrna Varmma, King of Western Magadha— Last descendant of Asoka, renewed Bodhi-drám about 610 A.D.	111	81, 135	
Purushadata— Coin of, found at Bhuilá Dih	XII	164	
Pushkalávatí— — Peukelaotis, = part of Hashtnagar on Swát R. in Yusufzai	11	go	
Great stapa of the 'eyes-gift' built by Asoka at-	V	90 90	11
Pushpamitra, King of Magadha— Persecuted Buddhists of Sákala	I	Intr. XXXI	
Pushpávatí— Former name of Bilhari, in C. P	ix	34	
Pushapuran— A name of Pátaliputra [VIII	1	
Páta— Ancient name of citadel of Jhelam	11	18, 174	
Putwár— The region between the Indus and Jhelam	11	153	
Ráát— A misspelling for Ráth, q.v.			
Raghuvansi race— Identical with Nikumbha	xx	9, 10	

	Vot.	Page.	PLATE.
Ráhatgarh, in Ságar District, C. P.			
Fort, &c., at-			
	· VII	60-62	1
Inscription of Jaya Varmma Deva, dated 1312 S. at-	- x	31	1000
Ráhilya, near Mahobá, in Hamirpar District, NW. P		3.	
Temple at—	11	411	
	VII	26	1
Railings, Buddhist-	1		111.
At Buddha Gayá			
	. 1	10	vii-xi.
	111	86, 98	XXVI, &
			xxviii-
Described .	0.	-	XXX.
At Sháhdheri (Taxila)	29	23	
, , ,	. 11	135	
	V	75	100
Ráipur (Ráyapura), in Ráipur District, C. P			
Fort and temples at-			
Tanks and sculptures at-	· VII	165	1
Inscriptions in Museum at—		166	
Places with ancient remains near—	1 11	167	1 1 1
Genealogy of Haihaya Rájás of—		168	
Farly conner plate in Rajas of—	XVII	80	1 1 1
Early copper-plate inscriptions from-	4	10	4 4 4
Dilliant.	1 "	55- 59	XXVI,
Rájágriha—			XXVII.
Modern Rajgir, q.v., in Patna District, Bengal	. 1		
Carica Rusagarapura by Mwan Thomas		20	
= Girivraja , the capital of Isstendit		21	
I ne second city of, built by Dimbigger	D	10	* * *
was capital of Saisunaga dynasty	in	23	* * 4
Identification of Sattapáni cave at-	-	140	KLT.
Vaibhara cave and Jarásandha's house as	24	141	XLIII.
Chinese pilgrims' topography of,	13	142	XLH.
	T	22	
Rájam—	ATIT	90	
See Rájim, in Rájpur District, C. P			
Rajaona, in Mongir District, Bengal-	-		
Probably = Loginanislo of Harras The			
Buddhist and Hindu statues and inscriptions at-	111	153	
at a statues and inscriptions at-	. ,		XLV.
Data tapers a constant		*34	ALY.
Rajaori (Rájápuri) State in Panjáb—			
History and Rájás of—	. XIV	106-	
Rájapodor in Orissa—			
Temples at-			
	XIII	120	

	You.	PAGE.	PLATE.
ájápur, in Gwáliár State, Central India—			
Nearly perfect stape at—	IXX	178	
ájavásiní—	XXI	16	
Old name of Rásin, in Bándá District, NW. P.	AAI		
ájdháni, or Updhaolia, in Gorakhpur District, NW. P	*******		17.
Identified with the city of the Moriyas	XXII	3.17	114
Ruins at, described	XVIII	34-40	111, 17.
ájgarb, in Alwar State, Rájputána-			
Said to have been founded in S. 202 = A.D. 145	XX	121	
Jain statues at	le .	122	1
	100		
lájgarh, in Chhatarpur State, Bundelkhaud-	VII	42-45	
Fort, &c., at	8.55	44 40	
lájgarh, in Chándá District, C. P	-		
Saiva temple at—	IX	141	KXVII.
lájgír, in Patna District, Bengal—		- 1	
Cine bills surrounding	1	21	
Identification of Baibhar (Webharo) hill and of Son-	-		
bhandár and Sattapáni caves at-		21, 25	
	VIII	-VIII, XIV,	
Contract of the Contract of th		xv1, 86	
Other caves at—	**	80	
Hot springs at-	. 1	27	
Existing remains not numerous at—		2.4	14.
		79	
Another stupe and statues at	. 11	26	
		27	
Small stupe at—	. VIII	KAIII	* *
Inscriptions of Son-bhandar cave at-	· I	25	XIII.
Inscription dated 1007 Samvat in well at-	. VIII	86	
Long rock inscription in shell characters at-	10	87—89	XXII.
Cit Cat litted or stores are	5 89	99	
Artificial lake near	. 13	100	
Legend of the Kahárs at—	1 13		100
Detroit Palana District C P			
Rájim in Ráipur District, C. P.—	. XVII	7	
Principal group of temples at-	. VII	148	
Little Day Kronb of Fembres at	XVII	9	IV.

	Vol.	PAGE.	1	PLATE.	
tájim in Ráipur District, C. P.—contd.					
Peculiar plan of oldest temples at—	XVII				
Bais Rájpút attendants at great temple of-		9		*	1
Temple of Rájiva-lochana at—	34	29	*	*	
Minor temples at-	19	10	V.		
Inscription mentioning Mahárája Bhoja at	- 21	13			
Probable origin of name of	12	15			
Copper-plate inscription of Rájá Tivara Deva at-		17	Ers.	-vII	
Long inscription mentioning Prithivi Rájá at-	19	18	IX.		184
Inscription of Jaga or Jagat Pála at	36		3.00		
Pilgrims' inscriptions at	16	10	-		
THE THE THE PARTY OF THE PARTY	39	19	X.		
ajjána (Rajjhána or Rajjaona), in Mongír District, Bengal-					
Identified with Lo-in-ni-lo of Hwen Thsang	XV	15			
Buddhist statues at	347	14			
Inscribed statue of Párvatí at	VIII	118	1.6		
ájputána—					
Boundaries and divisions of—	xx	1			
			1		
ájputána, Eastern—	de.				
Geography of—	VI XX	I	I.		
Summary of General Cunningham's tour in	"	i-vi	T.		
tajubul (Ranjubula), Buddhist Satrap-					
Probable tarbas of Sandára	***				
Probably facilet of Saudisa	111	40			
Two classes of coins of-	XII	43		- 3	
Fetant of dominions of-	111	40		19	
Inscription of son of at Mora more Marhauf	37.32	41	+	-	
W 1	XX	48		14	
found at Padham	XI	25		-	
13 coins of, from Sultanpur in Jalandhar District .	47	38			
13 coms of, from Sustanpur in Jalandnar District .	XIV	57	- à		
lájya Pála, Prince of Kanauj-					
Grant dated S. 1199 = A.P. 1142 of, from Gagahá in					
Gorakhpur District					
and the second s	XXII	59		-	
ájyasrí—					
Sister of King Harsha Varddhana	157				
to the same of the	IX	155		-31	
ájya Varddhana—					
Brother of King Harsha Varddhana, killed by Gupta					
King of W. Gauda	100				
	"				
lákshi R.—					
= Ancient Drishadvatí R.	XIV	88	1		

	Vol.	PAGE.	PLATE.
Rámudata, Buddhist Satrap			
Coins of—	XII	43	
	70.1	10	
Rámagráma, site of relic stúpa of Buddha—			
Identified with Koraun Dih in Basti District	22	217	
Rámpur Deoriya in Bastí District .	XVIII	4	
Ráma-ká-dheri, in Ráwal Pindi Distrcit, Panjáb-	XXII	2, 111	11.
Site of the blood-offering stepa	XIV	-	
Probably burnt by Mahmúd of Ghazní	n n	8	
Rámánand, Hindu reformer—			
Date of—	II	206	
		-3.	0.000
Rámáyana, story of—			
Partly based on Buddhist Játakas	XXI	11	
Rámgarh, in Kotá State, Rájputána-			
Undescribed remains at—	XXIII	137	
Rámgarh Hill, in Sirguja State, Chutiá Nágpur, Bengal-			100
Rock sculptures at	XIII	34	
Inscription of Asoka's age at-	11111	31	
Temple at—		35	
Scratched inscription at-	10	41	
Identified by Mr. Beglar with the Chitrakuta of			
Rámáyana	.00	50	х.
Rámnagar, in Barelí District, NW. P			1
See Ahichhatra.			
			-
Rámnagar, in Mandlá District, C. P.—			
Inscription dated S. 1724 = A.D. 1667, giving genea-		779	
logy of Gond Rájás at—	VII	106	
	XVII	46	
Rámpurwa, in Tarái of Champáran District, Bengal—			
Edict pillar of Asoka discovered by Mr. Carlleyle at-	XVI ·	A111' 110	XXVIII.
	XXII	51	VI, VII.
Rámtek, in Nágpur District, C. P			
Inscription at	VII	112	
Hindu and Jain remains at		113	
Ruins at, ascribed to Hemádh Pant		114	
Ancient names of, Sinduragiri and Tapogiri		9	
Ránigat, in Yusufzai, Panjáb—			-
Ruined fortress at, described	11	107-111	10 101
	v		LV, LVE
	1	55	

Ranjubula— Sre Rajubul, Buddhist Satrap. Ranod, In Gwáliár State— Ancient palace with inscription of Rájá Somesvara at— Inscription dated S. 1234 = A.D. 1177 at— Rápmatí of Málwa— Songs composed by— Ránsi, 25 miles west of Lahore, Panjáb— — Ancient Nara Sinha Coins of Gondophares found at— Kár in Cawapore District, NW. P.— Early brick temples at— Karly Rádha) province— Boundaries and chief cities of— Rásálu, Rájá— Panjáb legends of— Ráshtrakúta dynasty— Intermarried with Kalachuris Rásin, in Bándá District, NW. P.— Extensive ruins at— Two short inscriptions at— Two short inscriptions from— Capital of northern section of Chedí Genealogy of Haihaya Rájás of— Ráth, in Hamírpur District, NW. P.—					Vot.	PAGE.	PLATE.
Identified by some with Aornos	Ránigat in Yusufzai, Panjáb-contd.						
Identified by some with Aornos Ránípur-Jurál, in Patna State, C. P.*— Great group of ancient temples at— Sre Rajubula— Sre Rajubul, Buddhist Satrap. Ranod, In Gwáliár State— Ancient palace with inscription of Rájá Somesvara at— Inscription dated S. 1234 = A.D. 1177 at— Inscription dated S. 1234 = A.D. 1177 at— Inscription dated S. 1234 = A.D. 1177 at— Rápmatí of Málwa— Songs composed by— Ránsi, 25 miles west of Lahore, Panjáb— — Ancient Nara Sinha Coins of Gondophares found at— Rár in Cawapore District, NW. P.— Early brick temples at— Rárh (Rádha) province— Boundaries and chief cities of— Rasálu, Rájá— Panjáb legends of— Intermaried with Kalachuris Rásln, In Bándá District, NW. P.— Extensive ruins at— Two short inscriptions at— Two short inscriptions from— Capital of northern section of Chedí Genealogy of Haihaya Rájás of— Ráth, in Hamírpur District, NW. P.—		agrái	m .		v	55, 56	
Ránípur-Jurál, in Patna State, C. P.*— Great group of ancient temples at— Sre Rajubula— Sre Rajubul, Buddhist Satrap. Ranol, in Gwáliár State— Ancient palace with inscription of Rájá Somesvara at— Inscription dated S. 1234 = A.D. 1177 at— Inscription dated S. 1234 = A.D. 1177 at— Rápmatí of Málwa— Songs composed by— Ránsi, 25 miles west of Lahore, Panjáb— — Ancient Nara Sinha Coins of Gondophares found at— Early brick temples at— Early brick temples at— Rár in Cawapore District, NW. P.— Early brick temples at— Rárh (Rádha) province— Boundaries and chief cities of— Ráshtrakóta dynasty— Intermarried with Kalachuris Rásln, in Bándá District, NW. P.— Extensive ruins at— Two short inscriptions at— Two short inscriptions from— Capital of northern section of Chedí Genealogy of Haihaya Rájás of— Ráth, in Hamírpur District, NW. P.— Ráth, in Hamírpur District, NW. P.— Ráth, in Hamírpur District, NW. P.—	Identified by some with Aornos .	*			11		
Great group of ancient temples at—					V	56	
Great group of ancient temples at—	Ránipur-Jurál, in Patna State, C. P.*-						
Ranjubula— See Rajubul, Buddhist Satrap. Ranod, In Gwáliár State— Ancient palace with inscription of Rájá Somesvara at— Inscription dated S. 1234 = A.D. 1177 at— Répmatí of Málwa— Songs composed by— Ránsi, 25 miles west of Lahore, Panjáb— = Ancient Nara Sinha Coins of Gondophares found at— Kár in Cawnpore District, NW. P.— Early brick temples at— Kár (Rádha) province— Boundaries and chief cities of— Rasálu, Rájá— Panjáb legends of— Ráshtrakáta dynasty— Intermarried with Kalachuris Rásin, in Bándá District, NW. P.— Extensive ruins at— Two short inscriptions at— Two short inscriptions from— Capital of northern section of Chedí Genealogy of Haihaya Rájás of— Ráth, in Hamírpur District, NW. P.—			+	T-	XIII	128-137	xı—xvı.
See Rajubul, Buddhist Satrap. Ranod, In Gwáliár State— Ancient palace with inscription of Rájá Somesvara at— Inscription dated S. 1234 = A.D. 1177 at— Répmatí of Málwa— Songs composed by— Ránsi, 25 miles west of Lahore, Panjáb— = Ancient Nara Sinha Coins of Gondophares found at— Kár in Cawnpore District, NW. P.— Early brick temples at— Kárh (Rádha) province— Boundaries and chief cities of— Rásálu, Rájá— Panjáb legends of— Ráshtrakúta dynasty— Intermarried with Kalachuris Rásln, in Bándá District, NW. P.— Extensive ruins at— Two short inscriptions at— Capital of northern section of Chedí Genealogy of Haihaya Rájás of— Ráth, in Hamírpur District, NW. P.— Ráth, in Hamírpur District, NW. P.— Ráth, in Hamírpur District, NW. P.—	Danishula						
Ranod, In Gwâliâr State— Ancient palace with inscription of Rájá Somesvara at— Inscription dated S. 1234 = A.D. 1177 at— Répmatí of Málwa— Songs composed by— Ránsi, 25 miles west of Lahore, Panjáb— = Ancient Nara Sinha Coins of Gondophares found at— Kár in Cawnpore District, NW. P.— Early brick temples at— Rárh (Rádha) province— Boundaries and chief cities of— Rasálu, Rájá— Panjáb legends of— Ráshtrakáta dynasty— Intermarried with Kalachuris Rásln, in Bándá District, NW. P.— Extensive ruins at— Two short inscriptions at— Ratanpur in Biláspur District— Sculptures and inscriptions from— Capital of northern section of Chedí Genealogy of Haihaya Rájás of— Ráth, in Hamírpur District, NW. P.— Ráth, in Hamírpur District, NW. P.—	THE CONTRACT OF THE CONTRACT O						
Ancient palace with inscription of Rájá Somesvara at— Inscription dated S. 1234 = A.D. 1177 at— 11 304 1.xxxv. Rápmatí of Málwa— Songs composed by— 289 Ránsi, 25 miles west of Lahore, Panjáb— 203 1.xxi. Coins of Gondophares found at— 203 1.xxi. Coins of Gondophares found at— 203 1.xxi. Rár in Cawnpore District, NW. P.— 203 1.xxi. Rár in Cawnpore District, NW. P.— 203 1.xxi. Rárh (Rádha) province— 203 1.xxi. Rárh (Rádha) province— 203 1.xxi. Rárh (Rádha) province— 203 1.xxi. Ráshi, Rájá— 203 1.xxi. Ráshi, Rájá— 203 1.xxi. XIV 47 1.xxi. XIV 47 1.xxi. XIV 46, 47 1.xxi. Ráshi, Rájá— 203 1.xxi. XIV 46, 47 1.xxi. XIV 47 1.xxi. XIV 49 1.xxi. XII 46, 47 1.xxi. XIV 48 1.xxi. XIV 49 1.xxi. XIV 40	man a seed reserved management membership						
At							
Inscription dated S. 1234 = A.D. 1177 at— Rúpmatí of Málwa— Songs composed by— Ránsi, 25 miles west of Lahore, Panjáb— = Ancient Nara Sinha Coins of Gondophares found at— Kár in Cawnpore District, NW. P.— Early brick temples at— Rárh (Rádha) province— Boundaries and chief cities of— Rasálu, Rájá— Panjáb legends of— Intermarried with Kalachuris Ráshtrakúta dynasty— Intermarried with Kalachuris IX Rásln, in Bándá District, NW. P.— Extensive ruins at— Two short inscriptions at— Capital of northern section of Chedí Genealogy of Haihaya Rájás of— Ráth, in Hamírpur District, NW. P.— Ráth, in Hamírpur District, NW. P.— Ráth, in Hamírpur District, NW. P.—		já So	omesv	ara			
Rúpmatí of Málwa— Songs composed by— Ránsi, 25 miles west of Lahore, Panjáb— = Ancient Nara Sinha Coins of Gondophares found at— Rár in Cawnpore District, NW. P.— Early brick temples at— Early brick temples at— Number of Sondophares and chief cities of— Rárh (Rádha) province— Boundaries and chief cities of— Panjáb legends of— Ráshtrakúta dynasty— Intermarried with Kalachuris Rásht, in Bándá District, NW. P.— Extensive ruins at— Two short inscriptions at— Sculptures and inscriptions from— Capital of northern section of Chedí Genealogy of Haihaya Rájás of— Ráth, in Hamírpur District, NW. P.— Ráth, in Hamírpur District, NW. P.—		-			11	7.00	LXXXV.
Songs composed by— Ránsi, 25 miles west of Lahore, Panjáb— — Ancient Nara Sinha Coins of Gondophares found at— Rár in Cawnpore District, NW. P.— Early brick temples at— Rárh (Rádha) province— Boundaries and chief cities of— Rasálu, Rájá— Panjáb legends of— Intermarried with Kalachuris Ráshtrakúta dynasty— Intermarried with Kalachuris IX Rásh, in Bándá District, NW. P.— Extensive ruins at— Two short inscriptions at— Capital of northern section of Chedí Genealogy of Haihaya Rájás of— Ráth, in Hamírpur District, NW. P.— Ráth, in Hamírpur District, NW. P.—				1	112	300	
Ránsi, 25 miles west of Lahore, Panjáb— — Ancient Nara Sinha Coins of Gondophares found at— Rár in Cawnpore District, NW. P.— Early brick temples at— Rárh (Rádha) province— Boundaries and chief cities of— Rasálu, Rájá— Panjáb legends of— Intermarried with Kalachuris Ráshtrakúta dynasty— Intermarried with Kalachuris IX Rásla, in Bándá District, NW. P.— Extensive ruins at— Two short inscriptions at— Sculptures and inscriptions from— Capital of northern section of Chedí Genealogy of Haihaya Rájás of— Ráth, in Hamírpur District, NW. P.— Ráth, in Hamírpur District, NW. P.—	The state of the s						
= Ancient Nara Sinha Coins of Gondophares found at— Rár in Cawnpore District, NW. P.— Early brick temples at— Boundaries and chief cities of— Rasâlu, Rájā— Panjāb legends of— Intermarried with Kalachuris Ráshtrakāta dynasty— Intermarried with Kalachuris Rásln, in Bándá District, NW. P.— Extensive ruins at— Two short inscriptions at— Sculptures and inscriptions from— Capital of northern section of Chedí Genealogy of Haihaya Rájás of— Ráth, in Hamírpur District, NW. P.— Ráth, in Hamírpur District, NW. P.— Ráth, in Hamírpur District, NW. P.—	Songs composed by					289	
= Ancient Nara Sinha Coins of Gondophares found at— Rár in Cawnpore District, NW. P.— Early brick temples at— Boundaries and chief cities of— Rasâlu, Rájā— Panjāb legends of— Intermarried with Kalachuris Ráshtrakāta dynasty— Intermarried with Kalachuris Rásln, in Bándá District, NW. P.— Extensive ruins at— Two short inscriptions at— Sculptures and inscriptions from— Capital of northern section of Chedí Genealogy of Haihaya Rájás of— Ráth, in Hamírpur District, NW. P.— Ráth, in Hamírpur District, NW. P.— Ráth, in Hamírpur District, NW. P.—	Ránsi, as miles west of Lahore, Paniáh						
Coins of Gondophares found at— Rár in Cawnpore District, NW. P.— Early brick temples at— Extensive rules at— Early brick temples at— Early b					1000		1.000
Coins of Gondophares found at— Rár in Cawapore District, NW. P.— Early brick temples at— Rárh (Rádha) province— Boundaries and chief cities of— Rasâlu, Rájā— Panjáb legends of— Il 153 XIV 49 Rāshtrakūta dynasty— Intermarried with Kalachuris IX 80 Rásla, in Bándá District, NW. P.— Extensive ruins at— Two short inscriptions at— Sculptures and inscriptions from— Capital of northern section of Chedi Genealogy of Haihaya Rájás of— Ráth, in Hamírpur District, NW. P.—		*		*	YIV	-	LXXI.
Rár in Cawnpore District, NW. P.— Early brick temples at—	Coins of Gondophares found at-						
Early brick temples at—	Diele Common Diele W W D					-	
Rárh (Rádha) province— Boundaries and chief cities of— Rasálu, Rájá— Panjáb legends of— Il 153 XIV 49 Ráshtrakúta dynasty— Intermarried with Kalachuris IX 80 Rásln, in Bándá District, NW. P.— Extensive ruins at— Two short inscriptions at— Sculptures and inscriptions from— Capital of northern section of Chedí Genealogy of Haihaya Rájás of— Ráth, in Hamírpur District, NW. P.— Ráth, in Hamírpur District, NW. P.—							
Boundaries and chief cities of— XV 37, 146 Rasálu, Rájá— Panjáb legends of— 11 153 XIV 49 Ráshtrakúta dynasty— Intermarried with Kalachuris 1X 80 Rásin, in Bándá District, NW. P.— Extensive ruins at— XXI 15 vi, vii. Two short inscriptions at— XXI 18 xiv, xvii. Ratanpur in Biláspur District— Sculptures and inscriptions from— VII 214 Capital of northern section of Chedí XVII 72 Genealogy of Haihaya Rájás of— 78 Ráth, in Hamírpur District, NW. P.—	Early brick temples at		*	*	XI	46, 47	
Rasálu, Rájá— Panjáb legends of— Ráshtrakúta dynasty— Intermarried with Kalachuris IX 80 Rásln, in Bándá District, NW. P.— Extensive ruins at— Two short inscriptions at— Sculptures and inscriptions from— Capital of northern section of Chedí Genealogy of Haihaya Rájás of— Ráth, in Hamírpur District, NW. P.—	Rárh (Rádha) province—						
Panjáb legends of— Ráshtrakúta dynasty— Intermarried with Kalachuris Rásh, in Bándá District, NW. P.— Extensive ruins at— Two short inscriptions at— Sculptures and inscriptions from— Capital of northern section of Chedí Genealogy of Haihaya Rájás of— Ráth, in Hamírpur District, NW. P.—	Boundaries and chief cities of-				XV	37, 146	
Panjáb legends of— Ráshtrakúta dynasty— Intermarried with Kalachuris Rásh, in Bándá District, NW. P.— Extensive ruins at— Two short inscriptions at— Sculptures and inscriptions from— Capital of northern section of Chedí Genealogy of Haihaya Rájás of— Ráth, in Hamírpur District, NW. P.—	Pasálu Pálá						
Ráshtrakúta dynasty— Intermarried with Kalachuris Rásh, in Bándá District, NW. P.— Extensive ruins at— Two short inscriptions at— Sculptures and inscriptions from— Capital of northern section of Chedí Genealogy of Haihaya Rájás of— Ráth, in Hamírpur District, NW. P.—					-11		
Ráshtrakúta dynasty— Intermarried with Kalachuris				1			
Rásln, in Bándá District, NW. P.— Extensive ruins at— Two short inscriptions at— Sculptures and inscriptions from— Capital of northern section of Chedí Genealogy of Haihaya Rájás of— Ráth, in Hamírpur District, NW. P.—	Ráshtrakúta dynasty—					49	
Rásln, in Bándá District, NW. P.— Extensive ruins at— Two short inscriptions at— Ratanpur in Biláspor District— Sculptures and inscriptions from— Capital of northern section of Chedí Genealogy of Haihaya Rájás of— Ráth, in Hamírpur District, NW. P.—	Intermarried with Kalachuris				1X	80	
Extensive ruins at— Two short inscriptions at— Ratanpur in Biláspur District— Sculptures and inscriptions from— Capital of northern section of Chedí Genealogy of Haihaya Rájás of— Ráth, in Hamírpur District, NW. P.—	Péris la Péréé District N. IV. D.				100		
Two short inscriptions at— Ratanpur in Biláspur District— Sculptures and inscriptions from— Capital of northern section of Chedí Genealogy of Haihaya Rájás of— Ráth, in Hamírpur District, NW. P.—				1			
Ratanpur in Biláspor District— Sculptures and inscriptions from— Capital of northern section of Chedi Genealogy of Haihaya Rájás of— Ráth, in Hamírpur District, NW. P.—		*	*			-	
Sculptures and inscriptions from—					29	10	TIA' ZAII.
Capital of northern section of Chedi Genealogy of Haihaya Rájás of— Ráth, in Hamírpur District, NW. P.—							
Genealogy of Haihaya Rájás of—	Sculptures and inscriptions from—			*		214	
Ráth, in Hamírpur District, NW. P.—							
	to the second se		*	-	10	78	
	Rath, in Hamirpur District, NW. P						
Hindu pillars at— VII 22	Hindu pillars at-			9	VII	-	

^{*} In the Introduction this place is said to be in the Karun d (Korond or Kalahandi) State,

	Voc.	Page.	P	LATE.	
Ráthor dynasty of Kanauj-			-	-	_
Founded by Chandra Deva	1	150		4	
Ráwal Pindi, in Ráwal Pindi District, Panjáb—					
	11	20, 152			
= Ancient Gajnipur or Gájipur		151			
Remains of stupes at— Bactrian, Roman, and Indo-Scythian coins at—	11	148, 152			
Oil lamp of classical shape with Ario-Pálí inscription	21	adol she			
found at-	22	152	Ť.		*
Ráyapura (Ráypur)—					
See Ráipur in C. P.—					
Ráypur, in Kothi State, Baghelkhand-					
Inscription at—	XXI	76, 156		-	
Reparl, in Agra District, NW. P					
Idgáh of Alá-ud-dín Khiljí at-	IV	217	,		*
Rewá (Ríwá) city in Rewá State, Baghelkhand—					
Ancient sculptures from Gúrgí-Masáun at	XXI	144		vi-	
			XXX	VII.	
Kalachuri and Chandel copper-plate inscriptions at	39	145	+	74	
= Ptolemy's country of the Bolingæ	**	92			*
Early history of—	9.5	103, 153		*	*
Chroniclers' list of Baghel Rájás of-	22	106			*
Later history of—	26	107			
Known to Muhammadan historians as Bhath, Bhattah,		110, 154			
or Bhath-ghorah	ıx	113			
Rise of Baghel dynasty of, in 12th century A.D.	1A	**3			
Rishis' caves in Bándá District, NW. P					
Described	XXI	7			
Rithi, in (?) Damoh District, C. P	1				
Temples at—	10	160			
Rithorá, in Bándá District, NW. P					
Small early temples at—	99.	4			
Riwá-					
See Rewá.					
Set News.					
Roads, ancient—					
Importance of tracing	VII	140	10		,
4 (44)	VIII	48	1		
In Bihár	36	48-51	1		
Leading to port of Tamralipti (Tamlúk)	WIII	50	1		
In Central Provinces	VII	140	1	1	

						Vos.	Pags.	1	PLATE.	
Rohilkhand—										
Formerly named Katehar						1	352, 356			
						XI	1	-	*	
Rohini river of Buddhist tradition-										
Identified with Rawai river in l	Basti D	ISTRIC				XII	190, 207	"	*	
Rohtak, in Rohtak District, Panjáb	_				- 1	1				
Ancient sites near						XVI	136, 139			
							0, 0,	,		
Rohtás (Rohtásgarh), in Sháhábád		, Ben	gal-			1		-0		
Rock-cut seal of Sasángka at-						VII	VI		-	
Rokn-i-álam tomb—										
At Multán					-	v	2.50	***	XVIII	
and traditions						V	132	AA.	V × 411	*
Rokri, in Bannú District, Panjáb-										
Buddhist plaster figures from-						XIV	29	XIV		
						100				
Rudra Sinha (Sena) Swami, Satrap	of Sur	ashtn	1-			-				
Discussion of date of-			,			X	127	- 4	-9	
Rudrapur, in Gorakhpur District, N	tir p					XV	30	-9		
Identified with the town of Hw			hore	ital	, In					
Brahman						XVIII	41			
General Cunningham's objecti-				atio	on	19	42			
Great fort of Sáhankot No. 11						.88	44	Del		
Ruins nearly all Brahmanical						89	46		*	
Short inscription, dated 1161 S	amyat i	at—				71	48		- 5	
Rúpbás in Bharatpur State, Rájputi	ina-									
Deserted town near-						VI	17			
Monoliths near							18			
4-1						XX	98			
Colossal statues at-						VI	20	1.0		
Répnáth, in Jabalpur District, C. P.	_									
Edict of Asoka at—						VII	2.			
appeared to a suportion day.	, ,				-	IX	59 38	4		
						100	20			
								-1		
S										
Sabanna of Ptolemy-							- 6.7			
= Town of Zhobi, west of Ind	lus ,					11	32	14		
							3-			
athern of Dralamer								1		
Sabaræ of Ptolemy— = Saura (Savara) tribe .					1	XVII				

	Vot.	PAGE.	PLATE,
Sabasarpes—			
An alias of Abisares	. 11	32	
iadan—			
A hill tribe east of the Jhelam	. ,,	13	
Saddo in Suwát-			
Mutilated inscription at—	. v	62	
ádhora (Sádhaura) in Ambála District, Panjáb-			
Mosques, &c., at—	· XIV	73	XXIII.
agabaza of Ptolemy—			
Probably = Nágaudh in Baghelkhand	· XXI	92	
iagela or Euthymedia— See Euthymedia.			
ágar in Ságar District, C. P.—			
Perhaps = Agara of Ptolemy		93	
ágar Dih in Champáran District, Bengal— Stápa, &c., at—	. xvi	19	vr. vir.
acade materially of Bust		*9	11, 1111
ageda metropolis of Ptolemy— Probably = Chitrangadapura, ancient capital of Ched = Sirpur, or Sripura in C. P.	. XVII	69, 70	: :
áhankot, No. 1—			
Part of the Rájdhání group of ruins in south of Gorak pur District, NW. P.	h. XVIII	40	455
áhankot, No. 2—		4.	
At Rudrapur, in Gorakhpur District		44	
stade with in Process		44	
aharia tribe in Gwáliár— Identified with Saura (Savara) tribe	. xvII	110	
ahaspur in Biláspur District, C. P.—	Avii	113	
Inscription dated Chedi S. 934 = A.D. 1183 at-		43	XXII.
shegarh in Aligarh District, NW. P		75	
Mounds at-	VIII		
Indo-Scythian coins found at-	· XII	9	

Statue of Buddha at—	PAGE,	PLATE.
= Srávastí, q.v. Extent of ruins at— Identification of sites at— Colossal inscribed statue of Buddha of Indo-Scythian period at— Jetavana monastery at— Further excavations at— Seals of various kinds found at— Buddhist creed inscription of 7th or 8th century A.D. at— Octagonal well at— Named Chandrikapuri about 800 A.D. Sahri-Bahlol in Yusufzai, Panjáb— Ruins at— Sculptures, &c., in Lahore Museum from— P City of Rishi Ekasringa of Hwen Thsang Inscribed bowl found at— Coins found at— Sahria race— See Savara race. Sáhsarám (Sásserám) in Sháhábád Dístrict, Bengal— Inscriptions of Asoka and Pratápa Dhavala at— Tombs of Sher Sháh and his family at and near— Saidpur-Bhitarí— See Bhitarí in Gházípur District, NW. P. Saka era— Speculations as to origin of— Sákala (or Sángala)— Capital of the Báhikas in time of Mahábhárata See Sángala. Sakas— Alleged battle at Kahror between Sáliváhana and— Apparently = Su horde of Chinese writers Alder tribe Alder tribe 111	_	
Extent of ruins at— Identification of sites at— Colossal inscribed statue of Buddha of Indo-Scythian period at— Seals of various kinds found at— Buddhist creed inscription of 7th or 8th century A.D. at— Octagonal well at— Named Chandrikapuri about 800 A.D. Sahri-Bahlol in Yusufzai, Panjáb— Ruins at— Sculptures, &c., in Lahore Museum from— P City of Rishi Ekasringa of Hwen Thsang Inscribed bowl found at— Coins found at— Sahria race— See Savara race. Sáhsarám (Sásserám) in Sháhábád District, Bengal— Inscriptions of Asoka and Pratápa Dhavala at— Tombs of Sher Sháh and his family at and near— Saidpur-Bhitarí— See Bhitarí in Gházípur District, NW. P. Saka era— Speculations as to origin of— Sákala (or Sángala)— Capital of the Báhikas in time of Mahábhárata . V See Sángala. Sakas— Alleged battle at Kahror between Sáliváhana and— Apparently = Su horde of Chinese writers Alfer tribe Alfer tribe III	220	
Identification of sites at— Colossal inscribed statue of Buddha of Indo-Scythian period at— Jetavana monastery at— Further excavations at— Seals of various kinds found at— Buddhist creed inscription of 7th or 8th century A.D. at— Octagonal well at— Named Chandrikapuri about 800 A.D. Sahri-Bahlol in Yusufzai, Panjáb— Ruins at— Sculptures, &c., in Lahore Museum from— F City of Rishi Ekasringa of Hwen Thsang Inscribed bowl found at— Coins found at— Sahria race— See Savara race. Sáhsarám (Sásserám) in Sháhábád District, Bengal— Inscriptions of Asoka and Pratápa Dhavala at— Tombs of Sher Sháh and his family at and near— Saidpur-Bhitarí— See Bhitarí in Gházípur District, NW. P. Saka era— Speculations as to origin of— III Sákala (or Sángala)— Capital of the Báhikas in time of Mahábhárata . V See Sángala. Sakas— Alleged battle at Kahror between Sáliváhana and— Apparently = Su horde of Chinese writers Alder tribe Abfer tribe	330	L
Colossal inscribed statue of Buddha of Indo-Scythian period at— Jetavana monastery at— Further excavations at— Seals of various kinds found at— Buddhist creed inscription of 7th or 8th century A.D. at— Octagonal well at— Named Chandrikapuri about 800 A.D. Sahri-Bahlol in Yusufrai, Panjáb— Ruins at— Statue of Buddha at— Dhamámi tope at— Sculptures, &c., in Lahore Museum from— P City of Rishi Ekasringa of Hwen Thsang Inscribed bowl found at— Coins found at— Sahria race— See Savara race. Sáhsarám (Sásserám) in Sháhábád District, Bengal— Inscriptions of Asoka and Pratápa Dhavala at— Tombs of Sher Sháh and his family at and near— Saidpur-Bhitarí— See Bhitarí in Gházípur District, NW. P. Saka era— Speculations as to origin of— III Sákala (or Sángala)— Capital of the Báhikas in time of Mahábhárata . See Sángala. Sakas— Alleged battle at Kahror between Sáliváhana and— Apparently = Su horde of Chinese writers — Alder tribe — Alder tribe — Alder tribe — Alder tribe	331	
Jetavana monastery at— Further excavations at— Seals of various kinds found at— Buddhist creed inscription of 7th or 8th century A.D. at— Octagonal well at— Named Chandrikapuri about 800 A.D. Sahri-Bahlol in Yusufzai, Panjáb— Ruins at— Statue of Buddha at— Dhamámi tope at— Sculptures, &c., in Lahore Museum from— = P City of Rishi Ekasringa of Hwen Thsang Inscribed bowl found at— Coins found at— Sahria race— See Savara race. Sáhsarám (Sásserám) in Sháhábád Dístrict, Bengal— Inscriptions of Asoka and Pratápa Dhavala at— Tombs of Sher Sháh and his family at and near— Saidpur-Bhitarí— See Bhitarí in Gházípur District, NW. P. Saka era— Speculations as to origin of— Sákala (er Sángala)— Capital of the Báhikas in time of Mahábhárata . See Sángala. Sakas— Alleged battle at Kahror between Sáliváhana and— Apparently — Su horde of Chinese writers — Ahár tribe — Ahár tribe	337	
Jetavana monastery at— Further excavations at— Seals of various kinds found at— Buddhist creed inscription of 7th or 8th century A.D. at— Octagonal well at— Named Chandrikapuri about 800 A.D. Sahri-Bahlol in Yusufrai, Panjáb— Ruins at— Statue of Buddha at— Dhamámi tope at— Sculptures, &c., in Lahore Museum from— = P City of Rishi Ekasringa of Hwen Thsang Inscribed bowl found at— Coins found at— Sahria race— Sée Savara race. Sáhsarám (Sásserám) in Sháhábád District, Bengal— Inscriptions of Asoka and Pratápa Dhavala at— Tombs of Sher Sháh and his family at and near— Saidpur-Bhitarí— See Bhitarí in Gházípur District, NW. P. Saka era— Speculations as to origin of— III Sákala (er Sángala)— Capital of the Báhikas in time of Mahábhárata . V See Sángala. Sakas— Alleged battle at Kahror between Sáliváhana and— Apparently = Su horde of Chinese writers = Abár tribe	339	
Further excavations at— Seals of various kinds found at— Buddhist creed inscription of 7th or 8th century A.D. at— Octagonal well at— Named Chandrikapuri about 800 A.D. Sahri-Bahlol in Yusufzai, Panjáb— Ruins at— Statue of Buddha at— Dhamámi tope at— Sculptures, &c., in Lahore Museum from— = ? City of Rishi Ekasringa of Hwen Thsang Inscribed bowl found at— Coins found at— Sahria race— See Savara race. Sáhsarám (Sásserám) in Sháhábád District, Bengal— Inscriptions of Asoka and Pratápa Dhavala at— Tombs of Sher Sháh and his family at and near— Saidpur-Bhitarí— See Bhitarí in Gházípur District, NW. P. Saka era— Speculations as to origin of— III Sákala (or Sángala)— Capital of the Báhikas in time of Mahábhárata See Sángala. Sakas— Alleged battle at Kahror between Sáliváhana and— Apparently = Su horde of Chinese writers = Ahár tribe = Ahár tribe	84, 86	
Seals of various kinds found at— Buddhist creed inscription of 7th or 8th century A.D. at— Octagonal well at— Named Chandrikapuri about 800 A.D. Sahri-Bahlol in Yusufzai, Panjáb— Ruins at— Statue of Buddha at— Dhamámi tope at— Sculptures, &c., in Lahore Museum from— = ? City of Rishi Ekasringa of Hwen Thsang Inscribed bowl found at— Coins found at— Sahria race— See Savara race. Sáhsarám (Sásserám) in Sháhábád Dístrict, Bengal— Inscriptions of Asoka and Pratápa Dhavala at— Tombs of Sher Sháh and his family at and near— Saidpur-Bhitarí— See Bhitarí in Gházípur District, NW. P. Saka era— Speculations as to origin of— III Sákala (or Sángala)— Capital of the Báhikas in time of Mahábhárata . See Sángala. Sakas— Alleged battle at Kahror between Sáliváhana and— Apparently — Su horde of Chinese writers — Ahár tribe — Ahár tribe	79	XXIV.
Buddhist creed inscription of 7th or 8th century A.D. at— Octagonal well at— Named Chandrikapuri about 800 A.D. Sahri-Bahlol in Yusufzai, Panjáb— Ruins at— Statue of Buddha at— Dhamámi tope at— Sculptures, &c., in Lahore Museum from— = P City of Rishi Ekasringa of Hwen Thsang Inscribed bowl found at— Coins found at— Sahria race— See Savara race. Sáhsarám (Sásserám) in Sháhábád Dístrict, Bengal— Inscriptions of Asoka and Pratápa Dhavala at— Tombs of Sher Sháh and his family at and near— Saidpur-Bhitarí— See Bhitarí in Gházípur District, NW. P. Saka era— Speculations as to origin of— III Sákala (or Sángala)— Capital of the Báhikas in time of Mahábhárata See Sángala. Sakas— Alleged battle at Kahror between Sáliváhana and— Apparently — Su horde of Chinese writers — Ahár tribe — Ahár tribe	82	xxv-xxx
Octagonal well at— Named Chandrikapuri about 800 A.D. Sahri-Bahlol in Yusufzai, Panjáb— Ruins at— Statue of Buddha at— Dhamámi tope at— Sculptures, &c., in Lahore Museum from— = P City of Rishi Ekasringa of Hwen Thsang Inscribed bowl found at— Coins found at— Sahria race— See Savara race. Sáhsarám (Sásserám) in Sháhábád Dístrict, Bengal— Inscriptions of Asoka and Pratápa Dhavala at— Tombs of Sher Sháh and his family at and near— Saidpur-Bhitarí— See Bhitarí in Gházípur District, NW. P. Saka era— Speculations as to origin of— III Sákala (or Sángala)— Capital of the Báhikas in time of Mahábhárata . See Sángala. Sakas— Alleged battle at Kahror between Sáliváhana and— Apparently = Su horde of Chinese writers = Abár tribe	89	XXVIII.
Octagonal well at— Named Chandrikapuri about 800 A.D. Sahri-Bahlol in Yusufzai, Panjáb— Ruins at— Statue of Buddha at— Dhamámi tope at— Sculptures, &c., in Lahore Museum from— = P City of Rishi Ekasringa of Hwen Thsang Inscribed bowl found at— Coins found at— Sahria race— See Savara race. Sáhsarám (Sásserám) in Sháhábád District, Bengal— Inscriptions of Asoka and Pratápa Dhavala at— Tombs of Sher Sháh and his family at and near— Saidpur-Bhitarí— See Bhitarí in Gházípur District, NW. P. Saka era— Speculations as to origin of— III Sákala (or Sángala)— Capital of the Báhikas in time of Mahábhárata . See Sángala. Sakas— Alleged battle at Kahror between Sáliváhana and— Apparently = Su horde of Chinese writers = Abár tribe		
Named Chandrikapuri about 800 A.D. Sahri-Bahlol in Yusufzai, Panjáb— Ruins at— Statue of Buddha at— Dhamámi tope at— Sculptures, &c., in Lahore Museum from— P City of Rishi Ekasringa of Hwen Thsang Inscribed bowl found at— Coins found at— Sahria race— See Savara race. Sáhsarám (Sásserám) in Sháhábád District, Bengal— Inscriptions of Asoka and Pratápa Dhavala at— Tombs of Sher Sháh and his family at and near— Saidpur-Bhitarí— See Bhitarí in Gházípur District, NW. P. Saka era— Speculations as to origin of— III Sákala (or Sángala)— Capital of the Báhikas in time of Mahábhárata . See Sángala. Sakas— Alleged battle at Kahror between Sáliváhana and— Apparently = Su horde of Chinese writers = Abár tribe	92	
Sahri-Bahlol in Yusufzai, Panjáb— Ruins at— Statue of Buddha at— Dhamámi tope at— Sculptures, &c., in Lahore Museum from— = P City of Rishi Ekasringa of Hwen Thsang Inscribed bowl found at— Coins found at— Sahria race— See Savara race. Sáhsarám (Sásserám) in Sháhábád District, Bengal— Inscriptions of Asoka and Pratápa Dhavala at— Tombs of Sher Sháh and his family at and near— Saidpur-Bhitarí— See Bhitarí in Gházípur District, NW. P. Saka era— Speculations as to origin of— Sákala (er Sángala)— Capital of the Báhikas in time of Mahábhárata . See Sángala. Sakas— Alleged battle at Kahror between Sáliváhana and— Apparently = Su horde of Chinese writers = Ahár tribe Ahár tribe	93	XXIX.
Ruins at— Statue of Buddha at— Dhamámi tope at— Sculptures, &c., in Lahore Museum from— = ? City of Rishi Ekasringa of Hwen Thsang Inscribed bowl found at— Coins found at— Sahria race— See Savara race. Sáhsarám (Sásserám) in Sháhábád District, Bengal— Inscriptions of Asoka and Pratápa Dhavala at— Tombs of Sher Sháh and his family at and near— Saidpur-Bhitarí— See Bhitarí in Gházípur District, NW. P. Saka era— Speculations as to origin of— III Sákala (or Sángala)— Capital of the Báhikas in time of Mahábhárata . See Sángala. Sakas— Alleged battle at Kahror between Sáliváhana and— Apparently = Su horde of Chinese writers = Ahár tribe	98	
Statue of Buddha at— Dhamámi tope at— Sculptures, &c., in Lahore Museum from— P City of Rishi Ekasringa of Hwen Thsang Inscribed bowl found at— Coins found at— Sahria race— See Savara race. Sáhsarám (Sásserám) in Sháhábád District, Bengal— Inscriptions of Asoka and Pratápa Dhavala at— Tombs of Sher Sháh and his family at and near— Saidpur-Bhitarí— See Bhitarí in Gházípur District, NW. P. Saka era— Speculations as to origin of— Sákala (or Sángala)— Capital of the Báhikas in time of Mahábhárata . See Sángala. Sakas— Alleged battle at Kahror between Sáliváhana and— Apparently = Su horde of Chinese writers = Abár tribe 111		
Dhamámi tope at— Sculptures, &c., in Lahore Museum from— = P City of Rishi Ekasringa of Hwen Thsang Inscribed bowl found at— Coins found at— Coins found at— Sahria race— See Savara race. Sáhsarám (Sásserám) in Sháhábád District, Bengal— Inscriptions of Asoka and Pratápa Dhavala at— Tombs of Sher Sháh and his family at and near— Saidpur-Bhitarí— See Bhitarí in Gházípur District, NW. P. Saka era— Speculations as to origin of— III Sákala (or Sángala)— Capital of the Báhikas in time of Mahábhárata . See Sángala. Sakas— Alleged battle at Kahror between Sáliváhana and— Apparently = Su horde of Chinese writers = Abár tribe	36-45	XI, XII.
Sculptures, &c., in Lahore Museum from— = P City of Rishi Ekasringa of Hwen Thsang Inscribed bowl found at— Coins found at— Coins found at— Sahria race— See Savara race. Sáhsarám (Sásserám) in Sháhábád District, Bengal— Inscriptions of Asoka and Pratápa Dhavala at— Tombs of Sher Sháh and his family at and near— Saidpur-Bhitarí— See Bhitarí in Gházípur District, NW. P. Saka era— Speculations as to origin of— III Sákala (or Sángala)— Capital of the Báhikas in time of Mahábhárata . See Sángala. Sakas— Alleged battle at Kahror between Sáliváhana and— Apparently = Su horde of Chinese writers = Abár tribe Abár tribe	37	
= P City of Rishi Ekasringa of Hwen Thsang Inscribed bowl found at— Coins found at— Sahria race— See Savara race. Sáhsarám (Sásserám) in Sháhábád District, Bengal— Inscriptions of Asoka and Pratápa Dhavala at— Tombs of Sher Sháh and his family at and near— Saidpur-Bhitarí— See Bhitarí in Gházípur District, NW. P. Saka era— Speculations as to origin of— III Sákala (or Sángala)— Capital of the Báhikas in time of Mahábhárata . See Sángala. Sakas— Alleged battle at Kahror between Sáliváhana and— Apparently = Su horde of Chinese writers = Abár tribe	. 43. 46	
Inscribed bowl found at— Coins found at— See Savara race. Sahria race— See Savara race. Sahsarám (Sásserám) in Sháhábád District, Bengal— Inscriptions of Asoka and Pratápa Dhavala at— Tombs of Sher Sháh and his family at and near— Saidpur-Bhitarí— See Bhitarí in Gházípur District, NW. P. Saka era— Speculations as to origin of— Speculations as to origin of— Capital of the Báhikas in time of Mahábhárata . See Sángala. Sakas— Alleged battle at Kahror between Sáliváhana and— Apparently — Su horde of Chinese writers — Ahár tribe Ahár tribe	42	a /4 5
Coins found at— See Savara race. Sée Savara race. Sáhsarám (Sásserám) in Sháhábád District, Bengal— Inscriptions of Asoka and Pratápa Dhavala at— Tombs of Sher Sháh and his family at and near— Saidpur-Bhitarí— See Bhitarí in Gházípur District, NW. P. Saka era— Speculations as to origin of— Sákala (or Sángala)— Capital of the Báhikas in time of Mahábhárata . See Sángala. Sakas— Alleged battle at Kahror between Sáliváhana and— Apparently — Su horde of Chinese writers — Abár tribe Abár tribe	23, 42	4 4 4
Sahria race— See Savara race. Sáhsarám (Sásserám) in Sháhábád District, Bengal— Inscriptions of Asoka and Pratápa Dhavala at— Tombs of Sher Sháh and his family at and near— Saidpur-Bhitarí— See Bhitarí in Gházípur District, NW. P. Saka era— Speculations as to origin of— Capital of the Báhikas in time of Mahábhárata . See Sángala. Sakas— Alleged battle at Kahror between Sáliváhana and— Apparently — Su horde of Chinese writers — Abár tribe Abár tribe	44, 63	A 4
Sée Savara race. Sáhsarám (Sásserám) in Sháhábád District, Bengal— Inscriptions of Asoka and Pratápa Dhavala at— Tombs of Sher Sháh and his family at and near— Saidpur-Bhitarí— See Bhitarí in Gházípur District, NW. P. Saka era— Speculations as to origin of— Capital of the Báhikas in time of Mahábhárata . See Sángala. Sakas— Alleged battle at Kahror between Sáliváhana and— Apparently = Su horde of Chinese writers Abár tribe Abár tribe Abár tribe	45	
Sáhsarám (Sásserám) in Sháhábád District, Bengal— Inscriptions of Asoka and Pratápa Dhavala at— Tombs of Sher Sháh and his family at and near— Saidpur-Bhitarí— See Bhitarí in Gházípur District, NW. P. Saka era— Speculations as to origin of— Speculations as to origin of— Capital of the Báhikas in time of Mahábhárata See Sángala. Sakas— Alleged battle at Kahror between Sáliváhana and— Apparently — Su horde of Chinese writers — Abár tribe Abár tribe Abár tribe		
Inscriptions of Asoka and Pratápa Dhavala at— Tombs of Sher Sháh and his family at and near— Saidpur-Bhitarí— See Bhitarí in Gházípur District, NW. P. Saka era— Speculations as to origin of— Sákala (or Sángala)— Capital of the Báhikas in time of Mahábhárata		
Tombs of Sher Sháh and his family at and near— Saidpur-Bhitarí— See Bhitarí in Gházípur District, NW. P. Saka era— Speculations as to origin of— Speculations as to origin of— Capital of the Báhikas in time of Mahábhárata See Sángala. Sakas— Alleged battle at Kahror between Sáliváhana and— Apparently = Su horde of Chinese writers Abár tribe		
Tombs of Sher Sháh and his family at and near— Saidpur-Bhitarí— See Bhitarí in Gházípur District, NW. P. Saka era— Speculations as to origin of— Capital of the Báhikas in time of Mahábhárata . See Sángala. Sakas— Alleged battle at Kahror between Sáliváhana and— Apparently = Su horde of Chinese writers Abár tribe Abár tribe	133	
See Bhitarí in Gházípur District, NW. P. Saka era— Speculations as to origin of—	*33	XXXIX.
See Bhitarí in Gházípur District, NW. P. Saka era— Speculations as to origin of—		
Speculations as to origin of—		
Speculations as to origin of—		
Sákala (or Sángala)— Capital of the Báhikas in time of Mahábhárata . V See Sángala. Sakas— Alleged battle at Kahror between Sáliváhana and— . II Apparently = Su horde of Chinese writers		7
Capital of the Báhikas in time of Mahábhárata	45	
Capital of the Báhikas in time of Mahábhárata	-11	
See Sángala. Sakas— Alleged battle at Kahror between Sáliváhana and— Apparently = Su horde of Chinese writers = Abár tribe		
Alleged battle at Kahror between Sáliváhana and— . Apparently = Su horde of Chinese writers	149	
Alleged battle at Kahror between Sáliváhana and— . Apparently = Su horde of Chinese writers		
Apparently = Su horde of Chinese writers		
= Abár tribe	21	
	45	
	48	
Sakastene—		
= Parts of Kipin, or Drangiana and Arachosia .	45, 51	

[.] Sahet-Mahet is partly in the Gonda and partly in the Dahrasch District,

	Vos.	Page.	P	LATE.	
láketa—					
Early Hindu name of Ayodhya City, q.v	1	317			
šakhrabasti					
= Modern Sakhra or Sakha, 24 miles NW. of Jhe-					
lam	13	172			
Perhaps = Udinagar of tradition, and Euthymedia or				*	
Sagala of Ptolemy	, Are	153			
iakri R. in Patna District, Bengal-					
(P) = Saktimati R. of Mahábhárata	32131	1			
Formerly flowed past Rájgír	VIII	125			
a state of state of the state o		127 Note			
saktimati R. of Mahábhárata—					
(P) = Sakri R., in Patna District, Bengal	10	125			
iákya maidens—					
Legend of massacre of—		1			
Supposed site of massacre of, near Bhuilá Dih	XII	332, 347	+	4	
The state of the purity of the state of the	211	172	*	*	
álár Masaúd—					
Fanatical expedition of—	1	330 Note			
šálátura (So-lu-to-lo)—					
= Láhor, 4 miles NW. of Ohind, in Pesháwar Dis-					
trict, Panjáb	H	595		-	
The birth-place of Pánini	24	9-			
sales Rájá					
Legend of—	XVI	28			
Salingarh—		20			
A part of old Delhi	100				
	1	223	100	1	
šáliváhana (Sataváhana), Rájá—					
Panjáb and Jesálmer traditions of	п	21, 22			
Capital of, at Sálbáhanpur = Siálkot	10				
Rasalu, son of—	10	12			
Bais Rájputs claim descent from—		280			
Perhaps = Gotamiputra Satakarni	V	20	-		
Temple at Sonátapan, near Bánkurá ascribed to-	VIII	201			
alt Range in Panjáb—					
Cailed Mount Jud by early Muhammadans	4	79			
Antiquities of—		79-85	-		
	XIV	33			

	Vot.	Page.	PLATE.
Salt Range inPanjáb—contd.			
Coins found in	v	93	
Tributary to Káshmír in 631 A.D	22	83	
Sáma-Játaka—			
The basis of legend of Sarwan	XXI	42, 44	
Sámanta Deva, King of Gándhára-			77.1
Coins of, common in Yusufzai and elsewhere	v	45, 83	
Samatata province—	-		
Also known as Bágdi or Bháti	xv	146	
Sambhal in Morádábád District, NW. P			
Jámi Masjid with inscription of Bábar at	XH	IV, 26	111, 17.
Sambhalpur (Sambalpur), in Sambalpur District, C. P			
Sarabhapura, probably ancient name of	XVII	57	-
Inscription of Mahásu Deva Rájá from	,,,	57	
Legends of—	n	59	1 1 1
Samráon (Simráun or Samangarha), in Champáran District, Bengal—			
Former capital of Tirhút, taken by Emperor of Delhi 1324 A.D.	3/3/1		
Mr. Hodgson's description of ruins of-	XVI	2, 3	
Samudra Gupta, King-			
Was sovereign of Mahá Kántára, q.v			The .
Long inscription of, at Eran	XV	112	
Mathurá inscription giving genealogy of-	X	89	
Corrections in readings of Allahabad pillar inscription of-		15, 37	XXI.*
Supposed copper-plate inscription of, formerly at Ben-	IX	10	
ares	XIX	60	
Samvat—	100		
See Era.			
Sanabares, King-			
Preceded Gondophares	11	61	
Sanakánika—	1		
Name of the country round Bhilsa in Gupta period .	x	50	
Sanchánkot (Sujánkot) in Hardoí District, Oudh-			
Fort and stape at—	XI	53	

[.] This inscription belongs to the reign of Chandra Gopta II , successor of Samudra Gopta.

	Voc.	PAGE.	P	LATE.	
Sánchárí—				_	_
Ancient name of Máchárí, g.v	VI	77			1
Sánchi in Diwánganj Tahsil of Bhopál State, C. I.—					
Date of buildings at-	1	Intr. xxiii			
	v	180	1		
Inscribed Buddhist railing at-		57, 58			
Inscriptions of Chandra Gupta II., dated Samvat 93,		-			
and of Hariswami, dated S. 131 at-	99	59			4
Pillar of Swámí Gosura at—	32	62	XXI	14	
Sanctum—					
Excentric in brick temples at Konch and Buddha					
Gayá ,	VIII	67			
stone temples at Pathári and Gyárispur.			1	3	,
Sandal wood-					
Material of statues of Buddha at Kosámbi and Srá- vastí					
vasu	1	340		*	
Sandrabatis of Ptolemy—					
Probably = Chandrávatí in Kota (Kotah) State, Ráj					
putána	II	264		*	,
Perhaps = Jejákabhukti, = Bundelkhand	XXI	58, 91		+	6
Sandracottus of Greek writers—					
= Chandra Gupta Maurya	- 100	40.00			
- Chandra Gupta maurya	I	Intr. 1	*		-
Sanga, Rájá—					
Great battle between Bábar and-	XX	93			
Sangabhadra—		30	-		
Monastery of, at Mandáwar		1			
, i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	1	250			
Sángala (Sákala, Ságal) of Alexander-					
= Sángla-wála Tiba, in Jhang District, Panjáb	п	102	LXV	in.	
In ruins in Hwen Thsang's time	10	193		*	
Stupa of Asoka at-	-39.	195		4	
Was the capital of the Madras (or Jártikas, or Báhikas,					
according to Mahábhárata) Buddhist legends of—	19	10			4
Was capital of Yavana King Milinda)	39	197			4
Later subject to Mihirkul	19	39	1		
Noticed by Arrian, Curtius, and Diodorus	19	**		*	19
Wrongly placed by Arrian and Curtius	(3)	192, 200		*	19
Of home to Alfred Divide N. Co.		-30,000		*	
Sánkara in Aligarh District, NW. P					
Sundry remains at— Inscription said to exist at—	XII	TS, 24	er.		
rustribuou salu to exist at	10	24		*	4

						Vos.	PAGE.	Pa	ATE,
Sankaráditya, King-									
Date of—						ш	95		
							90		
Sankaragana—									
Name of two kings of Chedi	•				-	IX	80, 85		
Sankhár Rájá—									
A Panjáb name for Vikramádi	tya,	and ;	also fe	or Me	oga.	-11 -	173, 187	-	
Sankisa in Farrukhábád District, N.	.127	p _							
A famous place of Buddhist pil					- 1				
Nága's tank at—	e	-B-	*		*	1	271		
Elephant pillar at-	1		1		*	10:	274	*	
Brahman settlement at-						11	277	XLVI.	
Discovery of base of Asoka pills	ar at			*		XI	279		•
Traditions of -					- 1		22	12	7
Series of coins from-						3.7			
Seals and carvings from-						27	25 26	1x.	
Sankshoba, Rájá of Uchahara—									
Inscriptions of— , ,						IX	7	IV.	
Santále—									
Known as Sauras in Rájmahál						XVII	122		
								100	
Sántí Varma— A misreading for Isána Varma,	-								
	d no					-			
Santipur—									
An old name of Vijayamandirg	arh					VI	54		
Sapaleizes-									
Indo-Scythian silver coin of-					-	n	30		
Saparnus R. of Arrian-						11000			
= Either Zhobi or Gomal R. to	wes	t of I	ndus			21	32		
Statement (Contained) - C. b. 34	- 0	1-0							
Sápharan (Supharan), or Subanrikh Bengal-	a st.	10 (DUCIA	Magi	pur,	-			
Perhaps = Kirna Suvarna of I	Iwer	Ths	ang			AIII	189, 191		
Sapt-Rishi Kál—									
A synonym of Lok-kál used in	Kásł	mír				XXI	136		
arabhapura—								6	
Probably ancient name of Samb	hala	we è	D.			353553			
a soundly ancient name of Samt	maip	rate C	74 3			XVII	57		

	Vol.	Page,	PLA	TE.	
Sárangarh State, C. P					
Ruins in—	XIII	143			*
Saranges R. of Arrian-					
Probably = Satlaj R.	11	-11		ě.	
Sárangpur-Khokra in C. I.—					
Ancient punch-marked and cast coins found at-		288			٠
Story of Báz Bahádur and Rúpmatí of	н	289			*
Sáraswatí R.—					
Peacock, the emblem of—	IX	70	*	•	*
Sárdula Varmma, King of Magadha-					
Placed Hindu images in Barábár caves	1	52			
Sarhata in Alwar State, Rájputána-					
Capital of Mewar before Muhammadan conquest .	XX	118		9	*
Mosque at-		119	XXVI	II.	
Sarhind (Sirhind) in Patiála State, Panjáb-					
Made capital of a district by Firoz Tughlak, A.D. 1360	11	205	*	ě	
The most easterly possession of Brahman kings of					
Kábul	AP.	206		*	
Legends concerning—	3.0	208	,		
Prosperous in Muhammadan times till A. D. 1709 . The scene of murder of family of the Sikh Guru Go-	**	200		•	+
vind		14	+		*
Destroyed by Sikhs in 1763, but now recovering .		209		*	
Muhammadan buildings at-	11	209, 212			
Chiefly Muhammadan coins found at		212	*		*
Sáriputra—	XVIII	68			-
Mentioned in inscription at Kasiá	I	29	1	,	
Sárnáth— See Benares (Sárnáth) and Dhamek.					
Sárongarh, in Champáran District, Bengal-					
An ancient Dusád fort	XVI	26		*	9
Sarsáwa—					
See Sirsawa in Saharanpur District, NW.P.					
Sarvanáth, Rájá of Kári-Talái-	1				
Inscriptions of—	IX	0	IV.		

			1
	Vat.	PAGE.	PLATE,
Sarwan and Sánwal—			
Legend of-	XXI	41	
Sasan, King-			
A relative of Gondophares, reigned in Panjáb	1 1		
Coin of, found in No. 15 mound at Mánikyála	11	167	LXV.
Sasángka, King-			
Ruled country named Kirna Suvarna	VIII	***	
Destroyed Bodhi-drim about 600 A.D.	VIII	191	
	III	5, 10	
Gold coins of—		80	
Called Narendra Gupta in Jain books	ïx	138	
Seal of, on a rock at Rohtás	VII	157 VI	3 14 4
Tank named after, at Bhásu Bihár, in Bogra District,	VIII	AI	
Bengal	xv	204	
	AV	102	
Sasángka, King (II)—			
Perhaps a late Chandel or Baghel prince ,	XXI	88, 156	
Sassanian coins—			
See Coins, Indo-Sassanian,			
Sásserám—			
See Sábsarám, in Sháhábád District, Bengal.			
Sástrí era—			
A synonym for Lok-kál of Káshmír	10	136	
Satadru R.—		130	
= Satlaj R.	-		
	11	12	
Satanwara, in Gwaliar State, C. I			
Satí pillar, dated 1016 Samvat, at	VII	94	
Sati-			
A hill tribe west of the Jhelam	11	13	
Satí pillars—			
Historical value of—	***		
Usually face the east	III	10	
After 9th century sculptured on one face only	XXI	101	
Very early inscribed, at Bálod	X	75	
Satlaj R.—			
The state of the s			
Probably = Zaradrus R. of Ptolemy	11	12	

					Vol.	Pagil.	P	LATE.	
atmás in Agra District, NW. P									
Sepulchral cairns near				*	VI	33			
atrap—									
A title frequently used in India		*			I	Intr. XL	4		
atraps —									
Of Taxila	٠	*		-	11	113, 133	*	¥.	
atraps, Buddhist-									
Coins of, at Inder Kherá See Saudása, Rajubul, = Manigal, an	d 10	ionia.			XII	41—43	٠	٠	
Sattapáni cave—									
Probably = Son-bhandár cave at Rá	jgir				VIII	viii, xiv	*		
Scene of first Buddhist synod .	-	*	+		111	142			
atya, or Saya Mitra-									
Coins of, found at Bhuila Dih .	*		*		XII	171	4		
audása, a Buddhist Satrap-									
Son of Rajubul					111	40			
					XII	43			
Mathurá inscription and coins of-					111	39	XII	1.	
Coins of, follow same type as a didra	chm	of A	ilises		м.	39, 40			
found at Sankisa .					XI	25			
Pádham .	*	7			-39	38			
aura (Savara) race—									
Extension of eastern section of-				-	XVII	119			
Known as Suirs, Seories, and Suirai					32	118			
Vocabulary of—	***	.1	- 0		27	122			
of Pliny	FU	nemy,	- 3	muss T	IX	100			
	*				XVII	157			
					XXI	94		•	
Perhaps = Phullitze of Ptolemy					10	93	1		
In Rájmahál identified with Santáls					XVII	122, 125	1		
						136			
Mentioned in Aitareya Bráhmana					IX	157			
					XVII	125		*	
Mentioned by Varáha Mihira, &c.					39	127		-	
Probably the dominant race of	abori	gines	both						
west and east					.00.	131			
Apparently of same race as Bhuiy.	as, h	Tusah	ars,	and					
Rájwars, also cognate to Kurkús tribes	and	other	Kola	rian		112/200			
tribes	*			+	XVII	117, 133			

2	Vol.	PAGE.	PLATE.
Saura (Savara) race-contd.			
Estimated numbers of, and of cognate tribes Habits and religion of—	. XVII	137	
Name of, in early writers seems to include all Kolarian		20	
Name of, in Katha Sarita Sagara used vaguely as	39	139	
Extension of, westward	1 "		
Identified with Saharias of Gwáliár		112	
countries of Chamai.	10	113	
Estimate of numbers of western section of-	XX	102	
	XVII	114	
Personal manus.	-39	117	
According to Verthe May		118	
According to Varáha Mihira conquered Cheros (Kols) in Sháhábád and Benáres, A.D. 499, and ruled to 989 A.D.	"		
Very few now in Shahabad	20	131, 132	
Photographs of eastern consists	34	39	
Buildings in Sháhábád and Bihár ascribed to	39	132	XXXII,XXXIII
C	20		
Saurai, in Lalitpur District, NW. P Temples			
Sapráth in Death	XXI	170	
Sauráth, in Darbhangá District, Bengal-	1		
An ancient site	NEED		
Sauvira—	XVI	94	2 2 4
= Plains between Indus and Jhelam			
o	11	14	
Savara (Sabara) race— Ses Saura (Savara) race.			
Savaripura—			
Ancient name of Sirpur in C. P.	****	- 40	
	VII	168	
Sáwai-Dher in Yusufzai—			
Rut-			
ayyidpur—	٧	55	
See Saidpur. Bhitari.			
See Saldpur-Bhitari.			
Sculpture—			
Art of, introduced into India by Greeks	IH	97	
Seal—		97	
From Harapá in Montgomery District, Panjáb, engrav- ed with foreign characters			
Of black earthenware found at Lauriyá-Navandgarh	V	to8 .	
cals—	I	71 IX	
Found at Taxila	-		
ar raxing	XIV	14.15	

						Vot.	PAGE.	F	LATE.	
Seals, Buddhist-						145				
Findspots of—					*	IX	4		14.	
Found at Bakror	4	4	60		-9	1	12		+	*
Buddha Gayá and K	Gyul					111	158	XLV	11.	
Giryek · ·			*			1	17	*	*	* ,
Kasiá · ·	*	+	*			XVIII	70		-	
Pákna-Bihár .		*		+	-4	XI	35	XII		
Sáhet-Máhet -	4	-		*	*	D.	89		AIII'	
Sankisá · ·			15		+	39	26	IX.		
Sárnáth				*	14	1	119, 129	*	*	*
Sehwá in Ráipur District, C. P										
Group of temples at-			×	l.		VII	145		*	
Inscribed slab at-			*	2	+	10	146		- 52	*
Sena dynasty of Bengal-										
Capital of at Gaur (Lakhnaut	0	+				XV	39			
Succeeded Pála dynasty -		-			*	91	156			
These inscriptions known of-					4	30	2.9			
Debn Rajendralála Mitra's er	TOTS	in chi	ronolo	gy cf-		19	157 . seq.q.			
Tablet were of Lakshmana Ser	in cri	a user	d by-			n	158			
According to tradition kings	oi, t	peton;	ged t	o vai		77	162			
Probably descended from Adi	tva S	Sena	Deva	of Ma	ıga-	1			ā	
dha	· .			-	- 1	20	163	10		
In religion staunch Brahmani	sts				+	21				
Genealogies of - · ·						10	167			
Ended about 1300 A.D					19		168			
Seopur in Mirzápur District, NW	. P	_								
Ruined temple at-	+				+	XXI	130		*	
Seori—						15-3				
Another name of the Saura (S	Sava	ra) tr	ibe .	-		XVII	118			-
Seori- (Savari) Náráyan in Biláspe	ır Dis	strict,	C. P			1				
Probably = Sora Arcati Regi	s of	Ptole	my			IXX	94	+		
A place of pilgrimage	4					VII	196		*	
Investigated statue dated 808 Ka	alach	uri S	amva	t at-	-	- 11	197		×	
Long inscription dated 979	1	ditto		at-		99	199	14		*
Brick temple with sanctum or	eire	ular	plan a	it—		33	91	1.5		
Seosarra, in Basti District, NW.	P _					1		-		
Inscribed copper-plate said to	exist	t at-		*		XVIII	27			
						1				
Serpent— See Snake.								1		
C. Elmalan								1		

			Vot.	Page.	PLATE.
Serpent worship—					
Mr. J. Fergusson's erroneous theory of-			1	Intr. xxiv	
Sha-chi of Fa-Hian-					1
= Ayodhya City					
and the second s			25	417	
Shahabad District, Bengal-					
Anciently called Kárusha Desa				1	1
the same of the sa	*	14	111	70	
Dominion of Cheros and Sauras in-			XV	155	
Three famous shrines in-	*	*	XVII	131, 132	
	*		XVI	59	
Sháhbázgarhi in Yusufzai, Panjáb—				1	
Ancient and modern names of -				1	
Ruins at-	*	*	V	9, rs, 18	
Edict inscription of Asoka at-			21	ro-rs	III, IV.
		*	19	8, 18-22	V.
háhdheri (Deri-Sháhán) in Ráwal Pindi District, P	Daniet	_			
= Ancient Taxila, q.v.	anjar	,-		-	
	-	1	11	II2 segg.	
Ruins at, or near, comprise at least 55 stupes, 25			V	66	
teries and g temples	5 moi	nas-			
		*	11	112, 151	LIV, LVII.
Six distinct divisions of ruins at-		- 1	XIV	* * *	v
Ario-Pálí inscriptions on vase from tope No.	***	-3	11	116	
on copperplate from tope	No.	ind.		-	
at—		14			
on gold plate from-		*	39	124-5	LIX.
of Coton I take 12					
or Satrap Liako Kusuluko	from	-	16.09	130	LIX.
of Satrap Liako Kusuluko	from	-	20	132	LIX.
on silver plate from	from	-	v	132 67	
on silver plate from Valuable gold plate found at.	from	Ţ.	v H	132 67 135, Note	
on silver plate from—. Valuable gold plate found at— Great stépa of Sháhpur at—	from		V H	132 67 135, Note 131	LIX.
on silver plate from—. Valuable gold plate found at— Great stépa of Sháhpur at— Broken inscribed monolith at—	from		Ÿ H	132 67 135, Note 131 123	
on silver plate from—. Valuable gold plate found at— Great stépa of Sháhpur at—	:		V H	132 67 135, Note 131 123 126	LIX.
on silver plate from—. Valuable gold plate found at— Great stépa of Sháhpur at— Broken inscribed monolith at— Burnt clay colossal statues at—	:		V H	132 67 135, Note 131 123 126 127	LIX.
on silver plate from—. Valuable gold plate found at— Great stépa of Sháhpur at— Broken inscribed monolith at— Burnt clay colossal statues at— Attic column found at—	:		" V H "	132 67 135, Note 131 123 126 127 74	LIX.
on silver plate from—. Valuable gold plate found at— Great stépa of Sháhpur at— Broken inscribed monolith at— Burnt clay colossal statues at—	:		" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	132 67 135, Note 131 123 126 127 74 129	LIX.
on silver plate from— Valuable gold plate found at— Great stépa of Sháhpur at— Broken inscribed monolith at— Burnt clay colossal statues at— Attic column found at— Buddhist railings at—	:		" V H "	132 67 135, Note 131 123 126 127 74 129 135	LVIII
on silver plate from— Valuable gold plate found at— Great stépa of Sháhpur at— Broken inscribed monolith at— Burnt clay colossal statues at— Attic column found at— Buddhist railings at— Anomalous building at—	:		V H " " " V II " V	132 67 135, Note 131 123 126 127 74 129 135 75	LYIII
on silver plate from— Valuable gold plate found at— Great stépa of Sháhpur at— Broken inscribed monolith at— Burnt clay colossal statues at— Attic column found at— Buddhist railings at— Anomalous building at— 'Tiger' monastery and strees at—	:		V H " " V H I " " V H I " " " V H I " " V H I " " V H I " " V H I I " " V H I I " " V H I I I " V H I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	132 67 135, Note 131 123 126 127 74 129 135 75	LVIII.
on silver plate from— Valuable gold plate found at— Great stépa of Sháhpur at— Broken inscribed monolith at— Burnt clay colossal statues at— Attic column found at— Buddhist railings at— Anomalous building at— 'Tiger' monastery and stápa at— Buddhist temple (vihár) of Jonic order at	:		V HI " V III " V " " " " " " " " " " " " "	132 67 135, Note 131 123 126 127 74 129 135 75 74	LYIII
on silver plate from— Valuable gold plate found at— Great stápa of Sháhpur at— Broken inscríbed monolith at— Burnt clay colossal statues at— Attic column found at— Buddhist railings at— Anomalous building at— 'Tiger' monastery and stápa at— Buddhist temple (wihár) of Ionic order at— Second Ionic temple, probably of second Ion			V H " " V H	132 67 135, Note 131 123 126 127 74 129 135 75 74 68, 69, 190	LVIII.
on silver plate from— Valuable gold plate found at— Great stupe of Shahpur at— Broken inscribed monolith at— Burnt clay colossal statues at— Attic column found at— Buddhist railings at— Anomalous building at— 'Tiger' monastery and stupe at— Buddhist temple (vihár) of Ionic order at— Second Ionic temple, probably of sun, at— Ruins of large vihár on Little Ibandidle			V HI " V II V " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	132 67 135, Note 131 123 126 127 74 129 135 75 74	LVIII.
on silver plate from— Valuable gold plate found at— Great stapa of Shahpur at— Broken inscribed monolith at— Burnt clay colossal statues at— Attic column found at— Buddhist railings at— Anomalous building at— 'Tiger' monastery and stapa at— Buddhist temple (vihár) of Ionic order at— Second Ionic temple, probably of sun, at— Ruins of large vihár on Little Jhandiála mound. Monasteries, &c., on Meri hill at—			V HI " V II V " XIV	132 67 135, Note 131 123 126 127 74 129 135 75 74 68, 69, 190	LIX, LVIII, XIX, XXX, VII, VII,
on silver plate from— Valuable gold plate found at— Great stapa of Shahpur at— Broken inscribed monolith at— Burnt clay colossal statues at— Attic column found at— Buddhist railings at— Anomalous building at— 'Tiger' monastery and stapa at— Buddhist temple (vihár) of Ionic order at— Second Ionic temple, probably of sun, at— Ruins of large vihár on Little Jhandiála mound. Monasteries, &c., on Meri hill at— Scals and minor antiquities from—			V HI " V II V " XIV "	132 67 135, Note 131 123 126 127 74 129 135 75 74 68, 69, 190 9	LIX. LVIII. XIX. XXX. VII. VII.
on silver plate from— Valuable gold plate found at— Great stapa of Shahpur at— Broken inscribed monolith at— Burnt clay colossal statues at— Attic column found at— Buddhist railings at— Anomalous building at— 'Tiger' monastery and stapa at— Buddhist temple (vihár) of Ionic order at— Second Ionic temple, probably of sun, at— Ruins of large vihar on Little Jhandiála mound. Monasteries, &c., on Meri hill at— Seals and minor antiquities from— Lapis lazuli found at—			V HI " V II V " XIV " "	132 67 135, Note 131 123 126 127 74 129 135 75 74 68, 69, 190 9 11	LIX, LVIII, XIX, XXX, VII, VII,
on silver plate from— Valuable gold plate found at— Great stapa of Shahpur at— Broken inscribed monolith at— Burnt clay colossal statues at— Attic column found at— Buddhist railings at— Anomalous building at— 'Tiger' monastery and stapa at— Buddhist temple (vihár) of Ionic order at— Second Ionic temple, probably of sun, at— Ruins of large vihár on Little Jhandiála mound. Monasteries, &c., on Meri hill at— Scals and minor antiquities from—			V HI " V II V " XIV " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	132 67 135, Note 131 123 126 127 74 129 135 75 74 68, 69, 190 9	LIX, LVIII, XIX, XXX, VII, VII,

	Vot.	Pags.	PLA	TH.	
Sháhdheri (Deri-Sháhán) in Ráwal Pindi District, Panjáb -					
Only three gold coins of, known Square copper coins of, current with those of Agathokles	XIV	16	x.		
and Pantaleon		18			
Symbol, probably of city, on coins of	26	19.			
Bilingual inscribed coins of—	21	20			4
Small coins found at	12	21			100
Detailed description of coins found at-	19	21-24			1
Etymology of names of cities Sirkap and Sirsukh in-					
cluded in ruins at- · · · · ·	40	8	*		*
Sháhí—	1.70				
A title of Indo-Scythian kings	111	42			9.
Sháhjabánábád or modern Delhi—					
Described	1	22.1		*	*
Sháhpur, near Bihár, in Patna District, Bengal-					
Hindu images at	XV	11	1.9	*	*
Inscription of King Aditya Sena Deva dated S. 55 (?)at-	91	12, 154	XI.		
	XVI	60, 79			
Sháhpur at Delhi—					
Identified with Siri	1	207	•	4	
Inscription dated 753 A.H. = 1353 A.D. at	XX	153	XXX	i.	
Sháhpur, near Sháhdheri in Ráwal Pindi District, Panjáb-					
Part of the ruins of Taxila	11	123			
Sharki dynasty—					
Mosques built at] Jaunpur, Kanauj, Benares, and					
Etáwah by— · · · · · ·	XI	102			-
Shell characters—					
See Alphabet, ancient Nágri.					
Sher Sháh, Emperor—			١.,		
Tombs of himself and family at Sáhsarám	XI	133	XX	KIX.	
Refounded Patna and built a mosque there, 1541 A.D.	VIII	23			-
	XI	150		*	
Conquered Bengal in A.D. 1537-38 · · · ·	XV	177			
Shergarh at Delhi-		001			
Described	1	221	1.	*	
Shergarh, or Kábar in Barelí District, NW.P					
Named after Sher Sháh	- 10	359		*	- 1

		Vot.	PAGE.	PLAYS	
Sherghátí in Bihár—					
Remains at, described by Kittoe		VIII	64		
Shorkot in Jhang District, Panjáb—					
Ancient fort of		v			
Legends of—		100	97 98		
Coins found at		20			
= (?) Alexandria Soriane		20	99	1 .	,
History in Muhammadan times of		10	20		
Inscribed bricks at—		39	102	: :	
Siálkot, in Siálkot District, Panjáb-					
= Sálbáhanpur according to Panjáb tradition .		п			
Legends of—		XIV	21		-
Coins of Greek Kings, Philoxenes, &c., found at-	- 1		45		
and the same and		39	'23		- 1
Sibi country—	- 7				
Between Lahore and Multán		**	***		
Also territory round Chitor		19	145		
Jayatura capital of latter	. 3	vi	146		
Coins of, from Chitor			205		-
		xïv	146	XXXI.	-
People of, called Sobii by Quintus Curtius		33	145	AAAI,	
Siddhrámpur in Patna District, Bengal-					
= Siddhásrama, the hermitage of Viswámitra .		and the last			
- Statutasiana, the hermitage of Viswamitra .		VIII	V, 11		-
Sikandar Lodi, Emperor—	1				
Built fort of Agra	1	***			
Báradarí oí, at Agra	1	IV	XIV		
Probably buried at Delhi		29	99	XI.	
Mosque of reign of, at Khairpur, near Delhi .		7777	" Note		
Destroyed temples at Narwar, &c		XX	155	XXXVI.	
certain Sharkí buildings at Jaunpur .	100	II XI	353		
		At	115, 117		1
Sikandra in Bharatpur State, Rájputána-					
Old gate at-		VI			
Mosques at		XX	74	* .	
			19	XVIII.	
Sikka—					
A fort opposite old Multan		V	114		
Silabhadra—					
A Buddhist teacher, A.D. 600		2000			
is administration, that you see a see	*	XVI	47		
Cilebbeds					
Silabhadra monastery of Hwen Thsang— Probably = Kauwá Dol in Gaya District, Bengal					
Propably as Kanwa Hollin Gava District Repost		VIII			

	Vos.	PAGE.	P	LATE.	0
Siláo in Patna District, Bengal— Probably = Vikramasila	VIII	75, 84	:		
Silenus— Group at Mathurá supposed to represent	1	242	40		
Simga in Ráipur District, C. P.— Old satí monument at—	xvII	33			
Simra in (?) Damoh District, C. P.— Temples and early saté monument at—	xxı	101, 159			
Simraun— See Samraon in Champáran District.					
Sindh—					
Ták race in—	11	8			
King of, in A.D. 641 a Súdra, perhaps of Bála tribe .	23	34	14	*(-)
Kings of, Brahmans from A.D. 642 to 711 Occupied by Zaths (probably = Játs) and Meds in 7th century A.D.		34			
Singhapura (Seng-ho-pu-lo) of Hwen Thsang-		33			
= Mallot in Salt Range, q.v		103			
Singhbhúm District, Bengal— Find of Roman gold coins at Bámanghatí in—	v xui	35		٠	7
	AIII	72	*		
Singorgarh (Singaurgarh) in Jabalpur District, C. P.— Fort at—	117				
Pillars of victory at-	IX	48	*	*	
History of—	29	49 50			
Singror in Alláhábád District, NW. P		-			
An old site and scene of defeat of Khan Zaman .	XI	62			
Perhaps = Ayumukha of Hwen Thsang	29	69		4	
pirhind— See Sarhind.					
Siri fort at Delhi—					
Identified with Shahpur	1	207			
Sirkap—			P		
A portion of the ruins of Taxila	11	119			
drpur (Sripura) in Ráipur District, C. P.— Probably = Chitrangadapura, = Sageda metropolis of					
Ptolemy	XVII	69,70			
14 m 100 co 10 W	XXI	93	-		1
Anciently named Savaripura	VII	168			4

			Vol.	PAGE,	Pt	ATE.	
Sirpur (Srípura) in Ráipur District, C. P.—contd.							
Extensive ruins at—	*	×	VII	168 23	XIV.	•	
Six inscriptions of Siva Gupta, &c., at-	٠	>	VI	169, 185	XVIII	. XI	, X.
Buildings and sculptures in Gupta style at-	٠		XVII	174 28	XVI.		
Only one Buddhist sculpture found at				31			
Legends of—			VII	171, 192 29, 31			
Sirsá in Sirsá District, Panjáb-			71		1		
Ancient fort at-			XXIII	8			
Sikh relies at-			36	9			
Ancient tank and sculptures at-			n.	10		,	-
Sirsáwa (Sarsáwa) in Saháranpur District, NW. P	_						
Notices of, in Muhammadan authors .		-	XIV	79			
Worship, and legend of Gugá Chauhán at-			19	80			
Sirsukh—							
A portion of the ruins of Taxila		- 4	V	67		4	
Sisupála, Rájá—							
A legendary king of Chedi			IX	76		+	
Sitá-Kund in Champaran District, Bengal-							
Fort and other remains at			XVI	22	VIII.		
Sitámarhi Cave in Gayá District, Bengal-							
Described			VIII	106	v.		
Siva, temples of—							
Often originally dedicated to Vishnu			11	266, 278			
Siva Gupta, King							
Mentioned in certain inscriptions from C. P.	*	*	XVII	17, 85, 87	:		
Síva Sinha Deva, Rájá of Tirhút-							
Copper-plate inscription, dated Saka 1321 :	= A	,D,	XVI	4, 96 and Pref. vi			
Siwálik country—							
Extent of			VI	205			-

	Vot.	PAGE.	PL	ATE.	_
Skanda Gupta, King-					
Description of silver coins of— · · ·	IX	24	V.		
Inscription on Bhitari pillar relating to-	I	38, Note	XVII	, XX	κ.
Inscription on Dintati plant terms 5		97-99, 101			
at Bihár probably of- · · ·		38			*
of at Garhwa, dated 140	X	11	٧.		
Translation of inscription of, at Indor Kherá, dated 146	XII	38	*	٠	•
Skanda Gupta, General—					
An officer of Harsha Vardhana	IX	155	4		
Snake- Ancient cast coins from W. Panjáb with figure of-	11	10			
Ancient cast coins from W. Panjao was agont	VI	167			
Kept by King Abisares in time of Alexander	11	23			
Worship of, at Bhándak in C. P.	IX	131			
in Káshmír	11	10			
Traces of worship in Rájputána of—	VI	208			•
Soamus R. of Arrian— = Suhán R. in Panjáb	11	23			,
Sobii of Curtius and Diodorus-					
= Sibæ of Strabo, = people of Sibi in Panjáb	**	27, 37			
= Store of Strato, - proper of Cast in 1 and	XIV	145	1 .		
Probably also called Sabæ, Ibæ, Chobia, and Silei .	11	39, 40			*
Sohágpur in Rewá State, Baghelkhand-		1			
Inscribed Jain statue at—	VII	240	4		
Large temple at—		240-243	XX	, XXI	
Extensive Jain and Hindu remains at—		244, 245	1	4	
Sohdara in Gujránwála District, Panjáb—					
Mindr of time of Mahmud of Ghazni, formerly existing	3				
at—	VIX .	44			
Sohna in Gurgaon District, Panjáb—		9			
Hot springs at	. XX				
Mosques and tomb at—	. 19	136			4
Sohri Dal, Rájá		-	1		
Oudh traditions of—	1	320			

	Vol.	PAGE.		PLAT	
Son R.—					
Identical with Erannoboas of Pliny and Arrian	VIII	VI, XIII			
Cunningham's views on changes in course of-	79	V1, A111	1.		
Mr. Beglar's views on ditto	23	x-xm	1	-	
	-	and 5-26			
Punpun and Murhar rivers in old course of-	n	8	1.		
Course of, when the Rámáyana and Mahábhárata were					
composed	27	9-13			
Not mentioned by Hwen Thsang		20		4	
Described in ' Mudra Rákshasa'	20	19			
Probably adopted present course shortly before		-			
Muhammadan conquest	20	23			
Effect on Ganges of change in course of-	VIII	XII, 23			- 2
Rises at Son Mundá in Biláspur district, C. P	VII	236	4		
Sonabhadra—					
An old name of the Son R.					
An old name of the Son R.	VIII	v, 7	1.5		
Sonárgaon—					
See Sunárgáon in Dhákka District.	-				
Sonátapan in Bánkurá District, Bengal-					
Brick temple at—					
Temple ascribed to Sáliváhan at—	.10	200			
Old name of, was Hamiradángá	.19	201		*	*
Old hame of, was Hamiradanga	.00	10			
Son-bhandár cave at Rájgír—					
Probably = Pi-po-lo cave of Chinese writers					
Inscriptions of—	1	21, 25			
= Saṭṭapáni cave	79	25	XIII		
- Saliabant care	111	140		*	*
Sonitapura of Vishnu Purána—	VIII	VIII, XIV			+
Identified with Devíkot, near Dinájpur					
recentified with Devikot, near Dinalpur	XV	100	4	4	
ionmayi in Patna district, Bengal-					
Remains at— .					
* * * *	VIII	x			
on Mundá, near Amarkantak in Biláspur District, C. P		4			
Is true source of Son R					
to true routes of gott fet	VII	236			
opeithes, King-	1				
The Kathaci, probably subjects of-					
Territory of, included the Salt Range	H	35			
Capital of on the Hudamer / Ibalana	39	36	19		
Capital of, on the Hydaspes (Jhelum), probably at or near Bhera					
Silver coins of—	.0-	,, 38	*		
Perhaps = Rájá Chobnáth	39	38 Note			
		40		4	

	Vot.	PAGE.	PLATE.
Sophagasenas, Manrya King-			
Made a treaty on Indus with Antiochus the Great .	11	41	
Sophites—			
See Sopeithes.			
Sora Arcati Regis, town of Ptolemy—			
Probably = Seorí-Náráyan in C. P	XXI	94	
Soræ Nomades of Ptolemy—			100
= Savara tribe	70	39	
Sorar in Ráipur District, C. P.—			
Temple of 'Kalal' Rájá at-	VII	137	
Inscribed sati pillar at	**	142	
Soron (Sókara-Kshetra) in Etah district, NW. P			
Pilgrims' inscriptions at-	1	267	
Scávastí—			
= Sáhet-Máhet, in Gonda district, Oudh, q.p.			
Early history of—	36	330	
Chinese pilgrims' accounts of—	de:	332	
Fetavana and connected buildings at-	291	333	
Purváráma monastery of Visákhá at-	.10	334	
Vikramaditya, king of, according to Hwen Thsang . Buddhist revival at, probably in reign of Harsha	XI	345 96	1 : :
Varddhana of Kanauj	37	98	
Mayúra-dhwaja, &c., kings of—		in	: : :
Srenika, King—			
= Bimbisára, King, q.v.			
iringi Rishi (Singi Rikhi) in Mongir district, Bengal-			
Buddhist creed and inscription dated S. 35 at	xv	20	XI.
Srughna, Kingdom—			
Position of—	1	246	
Described by Hwen Thsang	II	227	
= Kuninda (Kulinda)	XIV	134	
rughna, Town—			
= Sugh or Sughan, in Ambálá District, Panjáb	11	222	1.71
Mostly in ruins in Hwen Thsang's time-	22		LXXI.
Great forts at-	39	228	
Ancient Hindu coins numerous at-	27	220	
Included city of Mandar or Mandalpur, which (7) = Mandar or Mandali of Ferishta		229-230	
		*** ****	

	Vota	PAGE.	PL	ATE	
Stevenson, Dr. J.—					
Translated inscriptions in caves of W. India Deciphered some ancient forms of numerals Erroneously supposed Vikramáditya to be referred to	I ***	Intr. XXXI	:		
in Násik inscriptions	50	" xxxii		4	
Stone—					
Art of cutting, according to General Cunningham known to Hindus two centuries before Asoka Ditto, according to Mr. Beglar, introduced into	xxII	1v			
India by the Greeks	VIII	123 143	XLI		ř
Sairly saintenance of the sairly sairl					
Stone circles—					
At Deosá in Jaypur State Constructed in Rájputána for playing the game of	VI	104	KII		
táhar or ewáro	XXIII	49		•	*
See Circles, rade atons.					
Stone implements—					
Found at Deosa and Dhand in Jaypur State	VI	107, 161			*
Masaon Dih in Ghazipur district	XXII	100			
From Bairánt, in Benares district Found in many places in Northern India	22	116			
Stools, stone-					
Found at Patna and other Buddhist sites	XI	163			
	XVII	4			
Found at Bithá in Alláhábád district	111	52			
Straton, King-					
Coins of, imitated by Satrap Rajubul, and found with					
his coins		40			
Cidena Daddilat	}				
Stúpas, Buddhist- Age of, determined by proportion of height to dia-	-				
meter	11	288	100		
Additions frequently made to	1	116			
Erected sometimes as a memorial only		112	1.		
Originally meant 'mound of earth'		ő _o	1		
Of stone or brick in Asoka's time	29	29			
Specimens of earthen, only at Lauriyá-Navandgarh .	85	- 40			
Small votive, at Jamálgarhi and in Burma	V	48			
Su, a Scythian horde—					
Driven from Jaxartes by Yuchi in 163 B.C., and from					
Sogdiana in B.C. 126	11	44			
Identical with the Sakas, and Abars		45, 48			
	1	1	1		

^{*} But see references un dez " Tumuli, or earthen barrows,"

							Vot.	PAGE.	i	LATE	
Suari of Pliny-											
= Saura (Savara) tribe			-	*			XVII	125			
Suastos R. of Arrian -											
= Suwát R	4			*	*		v	3			
Súba-Bihár—							-				
= Tusáran-Bihár, q.v.											
Also Muhammadan	name	of	Bibde	city	(Da	nd.					
Bihár)	*					*	VIII	75			
Subhegarh, in Muzaffarpur d	listric	t, Be	engal—				2 14				
Ancient fort at-		-		1.			XVI	30	IX.		
Legends of	*		,	*			9.6	31			-
Sudána, alias Sudatta-											
See Wessantara.											
Sudhannan Vinz								(47)			
Sudhanwan, King-											
Persecuted Buddhism		•		•	•		XX	103		*	
Súdras—											
Probably represent M	edo-S	cvtl	nians c	ongu	ered	by					
Aryans						-1	7.97				
			-			1	IX	160			
Sue-Ribár—							1X	160	•	•	
Sue-Bihár—			į-		ė						
Sue-Bihár— See Tusáran Bihár.							XI	31			
See Tusáran Bihár. Sugh or Sughan in Ambálá d		, Pa	njáb—								
See Tusáran Bihár.		, Pa	njáb—						LXX		
See Tusáran Bihár. Sugh or Sughan in Ambálá d — Ancient Srughna, 9.0.		, Pa	njáb—				хі	31	LXX		
See Tusáran Bihár. Sugh or Sughan in Ambálá d — Ancient Srughna, 9.0.		, Pa	njáb—				XI II	31 227	LXX		
See Tusáran Bihár. Sugh or Sughan iv Ambálá d — Ancient Srughna, 9,0. Suhán R. in Panjáb— Soamus R. of Arrian		, Pa	njáb—				хі	31	LXX		
See Tusáran Bihár. Sugh or Sughan io Ambálá d — Ancient Srughna, q.o. Suhán R. in Panjáb— Soamus R. of Arrian Suhaniya near Gwáliár, C. I.		, Pa	njáb—				XI II	31 227	LXX		
See Tusáran Bihár. Sugh or Sughan in Ambálá d — Ancient Srughna, q.o. Suhán R. in Panjáb— Soamus R. of Arrian Suhaniya near Gwáliár, C. I. An ancient city		, Pa	njáb—				XI II	31 227	LXX		
See Tusáran Bihár. Sugh or Sughan in Ambálá d — Ancient Srughna, q.o. Suhán R. in Panjáb— Soamus R. of Arrian Suhaniya near Gwáliár, C. I. An ancient city Great temple at—		, Pa	njáb—				XI II	31 227 23	LXX		
See Tusáran Bihár. Sugh or Sughan iv Ambálá d — Ancient Srughna, q.v. Suhán R. in Panjáb— Soamus R. of Arrian Suhaniya near Gwáliár, C. I. An ancient city Great temple at— Sundry inscriptions at—							XI II	227 23 399	LXX		
See Tusáran Bihár. Sugh or Sughan in Ambálá d — Ancient Srughna, q.o. Suhán R. in Panjáb— Soamus R. of Arrian Suhaniya near Gwáliár, C. I. An ancient city Great temple at—							XI II	227 23 399 400	LXX		
See Tusáran Bihár. Sugh or Sughan iv Ambálá d — Ancient Srughna, q.v. Suhán R. in Panjáb— Soamus R. of Arrian Suhaniya near Gwáliár, C. I. An ancient city Great temple at— Sundry inscriptions at—							XI	227 23 399 400 401	LXX	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
See Tusáran Bihár. Sugh or Sughan io Ambálá d — Ancient Srughna, q.o. Suhán R. in Panjáb— Soamus R. of Arrian Suhaniya near Gwáliár, C. I. An ancient city Great temple at— Sundry inscriptions at— Slab with numerical figur	res fro			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			XI	227 23 399 400 401	LXX		
See Tusáran Bihár. Sugh or Sughan io Ambálá d — Ancient Srughna, q.o. Suhán R. in Panjáb— Soamus R. of Arrian Suhaniya near Gwáliár, C. I. An ancient city Great temple at— Sundry inscriptions at— Slab with numerical figur Suir S(uirae)— Other names of the Source	res fro			q.v.			XI	227 23 399 400 401	LXX		
See Tusáran Bihár. Sugh or Sughan in Ambálá d — Ancient Srughna, q.o. Suhán R. in Panjáb— Soamus R. of Arrian Suhaniya near Gwáliár, C. I. An ancient city Great temple at— Sundry inscriptions at— Slab with numerical figur	res fro			q.v.			XI	227 23 399 400 401	LXX		

	Vot.	PAGE.	PLATE,
Sultánganj, in Bhágalpar District, Bengal-			
Ruins of monastery at-	XV	25	
Colossal copper statue of Buddha at-	X	127	
Constant supplies of Date and All Constant of the Constant of	XV	26	
Other antiquities found at-	XV	27	
Excavation of stupe at-	29	28	x.
Coins of Chandra Gupta II. and Swami Rudra Sinha			
found together at	X	127*	
	XV	29	* *
24440			
Sultánkot—			
The Muhammadan name of Bayána, q.v	XX	62	3
sultánpur in Sultánpur District, Oudh-			
= Kasapura or Kusapura of Hwen Thsang	1	313	
Held by a Bhar Rájá in time of Alá-ud-dín Khiljí .	79	314	
altánpur (Dallá), in Jálandhar District, Panjáb-			
Site of the Támasavana monastery	XIV	55	XIX.
Fort at, founded by Daulat Khán Lodi, in reign of		- 55	
Ibráhím Lodí	30	31	
Early coin with name of Buddha from	99	57	
Short Muhammadan inscription at	XXI	134	
Sumer Singh—			
Mentioned in tradition as a Chandel Raja of Mahoba.	X	66	
Sun—			
Images of, rare after oth century A.D.	XIII	2.	
Temple of, at Taxila—	II	63	
Gwáliár		114	
Gayá	III	342, 353	XXXIII.
Multán	V	115-120	-22111
Greek and Hindu representations of	Ш	97	XXVII.
Multán coins of—	V	121	XXXVII.
Worship of, at Indor Kherá in time of Skanda Gupta.	XII	38, 68	
by Káthi tribe in Panjáb	II	34	
in Sháhábád district	XVI	72	
innárgáon (Sonárgáon), in Dhákka District, Bengal—			
Said to have been residence of one of the 12 Bhuinhár			
chiefs	xv		
Capital of E. Bengal under Muhammadan rule		135	
Also known as Painám	10	37	
Map of—		137	Warners
Ruined muslin factory of East India Company at-	35		XXXIII.
Tombs and mosques at-	-	139	William
	39	139-144	XXXV.

^{*} In text the coin is erroncously referred to Chandra Gupta L., and the Swam's some is given as Rudra Seris.

	Vot.	Pack.	PLATE.
anit (Sunet) in Ludhiána District, Punjáb—			
Extensive remains at-	XIV	65	
Analysis of 576 coins from—	29	66	
ong-Yun and Hwui-Seng-	1		
Travelled in Kábul valley and W. Panjáb in A.D. 502	11	84	
Suprabuddha, Rájá—		1111	
Residence of, identified in Bastl district	XII	211	
durahar, in Lalitpur District, NW. P	XXI	176	
Temple at—	2425		
Súrajpur—	IV	222	
A name of Batesar in Agra District	1.	-	
Surasena people—	vv	2	
Belonged to Jádava or Jádovansi race Described by Greek writers	XX	,,,	
Generally adopted Buddhist and Jain religions in		3	
Indo-Scythian times Early history of—	. ,	4	1
Extent of territory of—		2	
Suráshtra, satraps of—	1		
Silver coins of—	· IX	22	
Suror on Ken R.—			
Old sats pillar at-	. XXI	158	
Susima—	1		
Elderbr other of Asoka	. 11	112	
Suvarna coins—			
Mentioned in inscription at Garhwá-	. x	11	
Suwát in Yusufzai—		1	-
Rich in ancient remains	. v		
SuwátjR.			
= Suastos R. of Arrian	"	3	
Swámí Gosura—			
Pillar of, at Sánchi	. x	62	XXL
			1

	Vot.	PAGE.	1	PLATI	i.
Swetámbara Jains—			-		
Legendary origin of—					
Syálapati Deva, King of Gándhára-	X	55			
Also named Kallár— Coins of, common in Yusufzai	v	83			
Conta of Common in Adamsai	10	45			
Synod, Buddhist-					
First held by Ajátasatru at Sattapáni cave at Rája- griha	111	410			
Second held at Vaisáli	I	143 63		1	
		-3			
T					
Tadaka forest—					
Near Bihár, in Sháhábád District, Bengal					
	VIII	12	,	¥	
Tadwa (Tanda), in Bahraich District, Oudh-					
in Io-wai of Fa-Hian	1	7.0			
Remains of stapa containing body of Kasyapa, &c.,		348			-
	ži.	349			
Tagma, metropolis of Ptolemy-	Al	71, 77	XXI-	-XX	EG
Probably = Mahásthán, q.v. May = Dbákka (Dacca)	XV	114			
		127	Š.		
Tahangarh, in Karauli State, Rájputána—					
Captured by Muhammad bin Sám in A.H. 592 = A.D.					
Foundation of, ascribed to the Yádava Rájá Tahan	XX	88			*
Pála Callada A Callada Raja Tahan		00			
Called Islamábád in inscription, dated A.H. 925 = A.D.	23	90	-		*
Inscription of Islam Shah, dated A.H. 953 at-	**	91	XIX.		
Táhar—	"	25	25		
A game played in Rájputána with stone circles					
	XXIII	49			+
Tahora, of Peutingerian Tables-					
Probably = Attak	ti	7			
Táj Mahal at Agra—	-	1	•	*	
Date and cost of—	117				
åk—	IV	159			
An aboriginal race in Sindh					
The state in Singa	11	8			

	Vot.	PAGE.	PLAIN.	
An ancient form of Nágrí used in Panjáb . Used in coins and inscriptions of Káshmír and Kángra,	н	8	4 4	•
and in Rájá Tarangini	v V	182		
Also called 'Mund' or 'Lunde'	n	9		*
Takht-i-Bahi, in Yusufzai—	v	23-36	vi-x.	
Ruins at— Inscription of Gondophares, dated 103 Samvat at—	19	59	1 1	
Taki (Tse-kai) of Hwen Thsang-				
= Asarui, in Gujránwálá District, Panjáb.	111	113		-
Takka race—	n	6		
Probably gave their name to Taxila (Takkasila) . 'Takkadesa,' country of, annexed to Káshmír circa		8		
goo A.D. Present social position of—	27	10	4 04	
Takkál-Bábá, in Pesháwar District, Panjáb—				
Great stéps at—	XIX	133		
Takshak-Nagara of Tod-	VI	208		
Probably Nágarí in Mewár				
Takshaka—		167	-	
Synonymous with Nága	,it	167		
T alao, in Alwar State, Rájputána-	XX	123	XXIX.	
Saiva temple at—	90			
Tamasia of Ptolemy-				
Perhaps = Kálanjar	IXXI	58, 91		
Tambavati—				
An ancient name of Chátsú in Jaypur, and of Nágar in Mewár	VI	197		
Tameræ of Ptolemy-			1	
Perhaps inhabited Varendra, q. v.	. XV	113		
Tamralipti (Tamlúk)—	. viii	50, 142	1	
Ancient routes to	VIII	30, 142	1	
Tandwa— See Tadwa (Tanda), in Bahraich District, Oudh.				
See Tadwa (Tanda), in Bahraich District, Chan-				

	Vot.	PAGE.	1	PLAT	E,
Tánsen, musician—			-		
Akbar's favourite					
Sent to Akbar from Rewá	XXI	370		1	*
Tápti R.—					
= Nanaguna R. of Ptolemy	IX	151			
Tárágarh—					
A fort near Ajmer	XXIII	39			
Tarnáwa near Sháhdheri (Taxila)-					
Buddhist ruins at-	- 11	147			1
Taylor, Colone! Meadows-					
On the Prehistoric Archæology of India	1	Intr. xxx	1		13
Mistakes of, about Pushpamitra		" XXXI			
Taxila—					
Perhaps named from the Takka tribe	11	6			
Situated in Amanda district, according to Pliny .	,,	6, 112			-
Wealth and splendour of, as described by Arrian, Pliny, Strabo, and Philostratus		112, 113		Ţ	
Rebelled against king Bimbisara of Magadha Reduced to submission by Asoka, after failure of	-	112			
Susima					1
Resided in by Asoka and his son Kunála	-	113			
Formed part of the dominions of Eukratides Conquered by Su or Abar Indo-Scythians B.C. 126	ь	in-			12
Kushan Indo-Scythians (Kanishka), and	29			*	
administered by Satraps circa 26 A.D.		200		14	
Apparently visited by Apollonius of Tyana A.D.					
Called Chu-sha-shi-lo (Chutvasira) by Fa-Hian A D	2	24	1	*	~
400, and visited by Sung-yun A.D. 502 Called Ta-cha-shi-lo (Takshasila) by Hwen Thsang A.D. 630 and 643		114			-
Monasteries at, mostly ruinous in Hwen Thsang's	"	n		*	k
Mentioned in vase and copper-plate inscriptions	29	115			+
Identified with modern Shahdheri, q.v.		125, 133	*		*
	"	135			
The name (= Takshasila) of, proves that art of stone-	V	66			
cutting was known to Hindus before Alexander .	11	III			
	XXII	IV			4
tjára (Tijára), in Alwar State, Rájputána—					
Great tomb of Aláuddín Álam Sháh at— Other Muhammadan buildings at—	XX	115	XXVI	F-	
Early history of-	26	117			7
The state of the s	240	-		+	-

					Vos.	PAGE.	P	LATE.	
Tej Karan, prince of Gwállár—									
Romantic story of—		*			11	376			
Feládha in Patna District, Bengal-									
Identified with Ti-lo-tse-kia of Hy	ven The	ang			VII	34			
					XI	105			-
Site of monastery at	+	4			10	166	XL:	11.	
Inscriptions at, giving name of to	wn .				20	168			
Mosque with inscription of Sher 5	Sháh's r	reign a	t—		23	169			
Appears to have given name to the	he Telis	of Ma	gadh	13.	29	165			
Feli dynasty—									
In Uchahara preceded Parihárs			9		IX	6, 7			
Felkupi on Dámuda R. (Dámodar) in	Chutiá I	Nápou	-						
Numerous temples at		,			VIII	169-178			
Miniature				4	21	175			
Santál custom at—						177			
Cemple—									
Parts of mediaval Hindu .	1			4	11	359	-		
Terahi in Gwáliár State, C. I									
Temples and inscriptions at	14				XXI	177			
Cerra-cotta-									
Largely used for ornament in N.	India				XI	42	0	7	
at Indor Kherá .					XII			-	
Statuary at Bhuilá Dih						162	*	- *	
Statuette of Buddha at Kasiá .		è	0	1	xviII	67-100			
Tetráwa in Patna District, Bengal-					The				
Buddhist ruins at-					1	39			
					XI	182	VI.	ıv.	
Colossal statue of Buddha at-					27	183	-		
Short inscriptions from-				-	ï	39	1		
					XI	183		-	
Tewar (Tripura) in Jabalpur District,	C. P				y 3 am				
The ancient capital of Chedi .		41			IX	54. 77			4
B 1 11 1 1 1 1 1 1					XVII	72			,
Probably mentioned by Hwen T	hsang		*	*	1X	55			
Identified with Sageda, Metropo	its of Pi	lolemy	1	1.0	.88	56	*	,	
Old city of Karanbel close to— Sculptures at—					29	57 58		*	
					29	3.0			
Thakkiya (Takiya)—				1					
A district in E. Panjáb					-	103			

	Yes	PARK.	PLATE
Thánegáon in Chándá District, C. P.—			
Temple at—	VII	126	
Phánesar (Stháneswara) in Ambála District, Panjáb-			
Buddhism declining at, in A.D. 634	11	221	
? = Batan-Kaisara of Ptolemy Situated in Kuru-Kshetra or Dharma-Kshetra, the	16	212	
'holy-land' of the legend of the Pandus Great lake at, mentioned by Varaha Mihira in A. D.	w	213-219	
500		217-218	
Further explorations to be made at	29	221	
Muhammadan remains at—	12	222	1 1 1
Tháru tribe—			
Mr. E. Colvin's account of-	XII	136	
Thatha in Sindh—			
= Binagara of Ptolemy, and Minnagara of Erythræan			
Periplus	11	46	
Thoda in Jaypur State, Rájputána-			
History of—	VI	126	
Temples at—		128,132	XIV, XV.
Tholobana of Ptolemy—			
= Bahuriband in C. P.	ix	57	
Thomas, Mr. E.—	XXI	93	
List of principal publications of, to 1871	1	Intr. xxviii	
Settled chronology of Muhammadan kingdoms of Ghaz-		THU. AAVIII	
ni, Delhi, and Bengal 'Note on the excavations at Sárnáth' by		n n	
Contributions to history of Bengal by-	XV	124, 126	
Thomas, Saint—	-		
Legends of death of, at Calamina in India	11	60	
Alleged mission of, to Parthia, Persia, and India	48	.99	
Tigawá in Jabalpur District, C. P	V	39	
Ruined temples of Gupta age at	IX	42	YX.
Standing Gupta temple at-	211	45	X, XL
Inscription of 8th century at-	10	46	
Tilådaka—			
See Teládha —			
Tile mosaics—			
A Multán	177		XXXIX.

	Vos.	PAUE.	PLA	Ti.	
Ti-lo-tae-kia of Hwen Thsang-			-	-	-
= Teládha in Magadha	VIII	V11, 34	4,	1	
Tilsanda of Muhammadan historians—					
= Bilsar in Etah District, NW. P	XI	15		4	
lipágarh in Chándá District, C. P					
Fort, &c., at—	VII	130-133	•	9	
Tiranda—					
A name of Bhatinda, q.v	XXIII	2. 7	*	т	
Firhút (Tírabhukti)—					
Derivation of name	XVI	1	2.		
Included in dominions of Pála dynasty of Magadha .	**	20	1	*	
Map of—	311	49	1.		
Local dynasty of-	- 84	2	,		
Rájá Siva Sinha Deva, the greatest of local dynasty of-	.0	4	H-	*	
Included in dominions of Sharki kings of Jaunpur .	22	5			
Submitted to Sikandar Lodí, A.D. 1499-1500		**	-		
Titaráwa— See Tetráwa in Patna District, Bengal—					
Tittagarh in Patna State, C. P			10		
Ruins near	XIII	137-140	-		
Tivara Deva, king of Kosala-	******	. 0			
Copper-plate inscription of—	XVII	18		*	
Tochari tribe—		. 2 61			
Of Strabo, &c., = Great Yuchi	11	43, 64		1	
Gold and silver coins of, in Hwen Thsang's time	3.1	12	1		
Coinage of, same as that of Bamiyan	71	"			
Todar Mal-					
Was a Meo by birth	XX	26		*	
Tomar dynasty of Delhi-					
Lists of—	I	148			
Lists of — Identical with Tomar dynasty of Kanauj	**	150	1	·	
Tomar Rájás of Gwáliár-	71	382			
List of—	. 11	302	1		
Topra (Tobra), in Ambála District, Panjáb—					
Is the place from which Firoz Shah removed Asoka's	XIV	78	1.		
pillar to Delhi	VIII	10	1	-	

		Vol.	PAGE,	PLATE
Toramána, King of Málwa-				
Dates of silver coins of—		II	311	
Cannot be identified with Toramana of Káshmír,			21, 26	
Translation of inscription of, at Eran		x X	- 27 - 84	
Tornáwa, NE. of Sháhdheri (Taxila)-	- 6	101		
Buddhist remains at—		11	147	
Tortoise—				
Symbol of Jumna river—		X	49	
Trailokya Varmma, Chandel King-				
Copper-plate inscription of		XXI	147	
probably of, under name of	Trai-		147	
lokya Malia		10	148	
Trigartta or Traigartta-desa-				1
= Jálandhar district			-	
Coins of—		v	148	
		PP.	152	
Troilchan Pál—				
King of Gándhára in 11th century A.D		10.	82	
Tripura or Tripuri-		-01		
Ancient name of Tewar in Jabaipur District, q.v.	4	IX	54	
Tughalk-Pathán architecture—				
Described		III	9	
Tughlak Sháh—				
Death of, at Multán		W		
Tomb of, at Delhi	1	V	134	
			213, 215	* * *
Taghlakábád fort at Delhi—				
Described ,		20	**	
Tuksán, in Alígarh District, NW. P				
Mounds of ruins at-		XII	2	
m f of the first Market was the			= 1	
Tulamba, in Multán Dîstrict, Panjáb—				
Fortress of— Also called Kulamba (Kulambha)	-	V	111	VXXXV.
Muhammadan attacks on-	1	29	112	
Moulded bricks at-		.05	ie.	
		.00	10	
Tumaula, in Mathurá District, NW. P.				
Statue of Buddha at		XX	53	
			33	

	Voc.	PAGE	PLATE.
Tumuli, or Earthen barrows—			-
None probably later than 400 A.D	I	326	
At Lauriyá-Navandgarh	79	69-72	XXIV.
	XXII	37. 49	
At Kasia in Gorakhpur	1	76-79	
	XVIII	94	
At Bhuilá Dih	XII	143, 153	
Mentioned by Megasthenes as the Indian form of sepulchre	1	76, Note	
Turki Kings of Kábul—			
Land Control of the C			
= Yuchi Indo-Scythians	11	66	
Turtipár in Balliá District. NW. P*			
Whated Dib mine as	VVIII.		
	XXII	107	
Turturia, in Biláspur District, C. P.—			
Early Buddhist and Brahmanical remains at	XIII	146, 152	XVII.
Priestesses at	10	147	
		-41	
Turushka —			
= Turk, = Tochari.	II	74	
Tusáran-Bihár (Súba-Bihár), in Partábgarh District, Oudh-			
Desiration of second of			
	XI	64	
	Rt.	29	XIX.
Indo-Scythian sculpture at—	н.	65	XX.
Dhan language of	20	67	
Bhar legends of—		11	
Probably = Ayumukha or Hayamukha of Hwen			
Thsang	10	68	
Fushám, in Hissár District, Panjáb—			
Two inscribed rocks at	v	***	
Four minor inscriptions at-	V	136	
Ruins at—	10	138	
Inscription at, supposed to mention Ghatotkacha of	24	1,37	* * *
Gupta dynasty			
Named originally 'Tusháráráma'	3):	139	XL.
Description of kill as	19	140	
Enormous bricks in ruins at—	XXIII	19	VIII.
Position and condition of great inscription at-	59	20	IX.
	709	21	XXVIII.
Fushára dynasty—			
=? Kanwa dynasty of Puranas	V	140	
U		-	
Jchahara, or Nágaudh State, in Baghelkhand-			
An ancient Parihár principality, formerly named Barme	734		
	IX	5	4
The seat of a Teliya Raj	FF	6	
Perhaps = Udyáraka of Samudra Gupta	39	10	4 4

^{*} In the text Tuttiple is errontously stated to be in the Ghadpur District,

		- 15	-	ī
		Vol.	PAGE.	PLATE.
Udakhanda—				
= Ohind on the Indus, and not Attak		11	93	
Udal—				
See Alhá and Udal.				
Udamnagar—				
See Udinagar.				
Udandapara—	1	1		
= Bihár City		VIII		0.00
		IX	75 185	
Jdandapura Desa				
= Magadha , ,		10	29	
Jdayagiri, in Bhopál State, C. I				
Sculptures of descent of Ganges and Jumna and	l of			
Varáha Avatár at—		X	48	XVIII.
Description of caves in—	*	11	46, 52	XVI.
Jain inscription, dated 106 of Gupta era at-		10	54	XIX.
Hindu, Buddhist, and Jain remains at-	-	**	55	
Lion pillar at-		24	56	
Udayagiri, in Puri District, Orissa —				
Notes on caves at		XIII	91-95	
Udáyana, King-				
Kosámbi, capital of-		1		
Buddhist accounts of—			301	
Jain form of legend of—		iii	302	
Jdáyáswa, King—			71	
Founded Pátaliputra, according to the Puránas .		1X	151	
Jdaypur, N. of Bhilsá, in C. I			151	
Ruins at—		free		
Great temple dated S. 1116 at-		VII	81	
Legends of—		.20	\$2-87	VI, VII.
		X	83	¥ 4
Numerous unpublished inscriptions at		VII	65	2 4
	1	X	82	* *
Temple, with circular ground-plan, at-		VII	69 V	W 1
Bedi, or hall for reading the Vedas, at-	-	X	69	v-vii.
Jdi, Rájá—				
See Hudi, Rájá.				

The Imperial Gasetteer places Bhisa and Udayogiri in the Bhopal State, Mr. Fleet Informs me that both places are in the Isagarh District of Scindia's dominions, or the Gwallar State.

		Vos.	PAGE.	PLATE.
Udaingar (Udamnagar)—				
A name applied to at least three places		11	30.	
Probably ancient name of Sakhrabasti (Sakhra)			186	* *
Ancient name of Diláwar (Dárápur) on Jhelam R			153	
of Asarur		19	200	1-3
		v	64	
Jdyána—				, ,
Described by Sung-Yun in A.D. 519		24	4	
Jdyáraka of Samudra Gupta-				
Probably = Uchahara		IX	10	
Ijjain (Ujain), in Gwáliár State, C. I				
Copper coins with name of city		Trias	- 0	or many
copper companies to tity	*	XIV	148	XXXI.
Jijain, in Tarái District, NW. P				
Probably = Govisana		1	252	
Jkala-Kshetra-		i		
Said to be an old name of Soran, in Badaon Di	a to			
NW. P.	strict,			
		32	266	11 2
Jlúgh Khán (Balban)—				
Ravaged Mewat in A.H. 658		200	10.00	
Defeated Dalaki-wa-Malaki in A.D. 1247		XX	13, 29	
		20.00	103	
Jmbrellas, stone—				
Found at Sárnáth		1	125	
Small votive, at Jamálgarhi and in Burma .		v	48	
Tomas (No				
Jmgå (Mungå) in Shåhåbåd District, Bengal-		*		
Ruins at, described by Kittoe	4	VIII	63	
Temple and inscription of Rájá Durdama at-	- 7	XI	140	7 1
Jpagupta—				
Panj Pahári near Patna, = hill of				
Site of monastery of, at Mathurá	*	VIII	IX	
one or monastery of at manufal			234	
		XX	32	
Jpátikya—				
Coin of, found at Mathurá		-111	14, 39	
Jpdhaolia—			-11.03	
See Rajdhání in Gorakhpur District.				
Jrai—				
See Orai.				1

	Vot.	PAGE.	Faat	rie.
Urasa, N. of Taxila—				
= Varsa Regio of Ptolemy, and modern Rash	11	20		
Uruvilwá forest of Buddhist legend-				
= Urel near Buddha-Gayá	ıxı	VI, 147		
Usun—				
A Scythian tribe, hostile to the Yuchi	n	62, 63		
Utrám, near Páli in Gayá District, Bengal-		02, 03		,
Remains at—				
rectionis di	VIII	62		
Uttama-datta—				
Coin of, found at Sunit, near Lúdiána	XIV	65		
Uttara Kosala—				
See Kosala, Uttara.				
v				
Vaidyanáth—				
See Baijnáth.		-		
		4		
Vairāta—				
See Bairát.				
/aisáli—		-		
Ruins of, described in 1834, by Mr. Stephenson	1			
Map of—	. ,	55		*
The scene of the second Buddhist Synod	**	60	XXI.	
Buddha resided in Kutágára hall at	22	63	* *	
Included modern Besarh and Bakhra		**		
Fort and stupa at-		56		-
Vihár and other stúpas at-	. 19	51		*
Hindu and Buddhist sculptures at-	H	57 58		
The Lion Pillar of Bakhra near-	20	200	XXII.	
A.D. on Lion Pillar near-		59	AAII.	
Inscribed statue of Buddha at Bakhra near-	19	60		*
Identification of Asoka's street at-	92	61		
Was the capital of the Lichehhavi family	39	62		*
Was capital of the country of the Vrijis	xvi	63		
Numerous tanks at site of—		34		
History of Buddha's almsbowl formerly kept at-	px	6	II.	
Ancient inkstand inscribed with Gupta characters found at-	30	8	ш.	
TORING SI-				

	Vol	Page.	F	LATE.	
Vaira Varáhi—					
A goddess of the later Buddhists	1	14		-	
Images of, at Nálanda	h	35, 36			
Vákátaka—					
= Ptolemy's country of the Bettigi	1X	56	*	7	æ
2 1 1 2	XXI	94	*		*
Boundaries of—	IX	121, 137	*	4	6
= Chándá, Nágpur, and Seoni Districts, C. P	XVII	69	-	*	
Inscriptions of Rájás of-	XXI	97		4	*
Sena Rájás of, perhaps identical with Kailakila Yav-	202011	0.00			
anas	XVII	84, 86			
Valabhi—					
Captured by barbarians (? Gújars) in A.D. 523	11	70			*
Ruled by a Kshatriya King in A.D. 641	100	20	4		-3
Types of coinage of—	IX	31	W.		
Valabhi era—	-	-			
Discussion of relation between Gupta era and	107	20			*
Vara, Rájá—	X	APP.		*	L
A legendary prince of the Panjáb	. 11	97			
Varáha (Boar)—					
Images of, rare after 10th century A.D	XIII	64			
Avatár, as described in Puránas	X	49			
is supposed to have occurred at Bárah Chhetra,					
in Basti District.	XII	213			
Varáha Coins—					
Described	1	329			
Found at Bághera, in Jaypur State	. VI	137			
Varendra-		-			
A province in Bengal, synonymous with Eastern Gauda					
and Paundra-desa, and probably also with Mahá		-			
Kántára	XV	40, 111, 112			*
Boundaries and chief cities of—	292	145			
Varmma or Mankhari dynasty of Western Magadha-					
Inscriptions and historical notices of-	III	135			
List of—	19	137		7	
Chronology and genealogy of-	XV	164-166			
Varsa Regio of Ptolemy—					
= Urasa, = modern Rash	II	29			

	Vol.	Page,	PLATE.	
Varusha—				
See Palodheri.	-			
Vasubandhu, Buddhist saint-			1	
A disciple of Manorhita				
Taught at Peshawar in first century A.D.	11	333		
	**	89		
Vásudeva, Indo-Scythian King-				
Mathurá inscriptions of—	111	32	XV.	
Reasons for including, in the Indo-Scythian dynasty . Identified with Vásudeva Kanwa of the Puránas	10	41	1 , ,	
ruentified with vasudeva Kanwa of the Puranas		43		0
Vásudeva, King of Multán—				
Coins of—	v	123		
Y-4		123		
Vatsa-pattana— A name of Kosámbi, g.v.				
A hante of Rosamoi, q.v.	1	302		
Vena, Chakravarttí, Rájá-				
See Ben, Rájá,				
Venka Deva—				
The last of the Little Yuchi or later Indo-Seythian				
princes .	No. of Street			
	XIV	41		
Ventura, General—				
Explored Buddhist ruins in Panjáb	11	145, 159		
Vespasi, Satrap-		100		
Mentioned in Kanishka inscription at Mánikyála				
in Addished in Addished inscription at Manikyala	99	163	+	i
Videha—				
See Mithila.				
Vigraha Pála, King of Magadha—				
Coins ascribed to—				
Date of—	XI	174, 176		
	PF	181		
Tijaya Chandra, Rájá of Kanguj-				
Inscription at Jaunpur, dated S. 1225, = A.D. 1168,				
of—		117, 125	XXXVII.	
ijayamandirgarh, in Bharatpur State, Rájputána—		,,,		
Santípur, ascient name of central citadel of—				
ristory ot—	VI	54, 81	XX.	
Fortifications of—		55		
Minár at—	30	56		
	29	56, 65, 83	VII, Xx.	

	Vote	PAGE.	P	LATE	v
Vijayamandirgarh in Bharatpur State, Rájputána—contd.					
Monolith with inscription of Vishnu Vardhana Varikin,					
dated S. 428, at	XV	50, 81	viii,	XX	
Erection of fort ascribed to Rájá Pála, S. 1100, at-	XX	Sı			
Inscription of Auhád Khán, dated A.H. 820 = A.D.					
1414, at— Inscriptions of Dáúd Khán, dated A.H. 861, at—	21	82	XVII	u	
of Khán Khánán at—	99	86		4	
Inscription of Bábar at—	33	88			
See also Bayana.	21	00		*	
Vikrama era—					
Perhaps an Indo-Scythian era made current by					
Kanishka	11	68, Note		+	
Earliest known inscription dated in, is of S. 811 = A.D.					
754	39	68		+	
Speculations as to origin of—	III	39: 45	Tr.	41	
Reckoned in Mithila and Rangpur as 134 years before					
Saka	XV	160			
Termed Vikrama Saka in inscription at Boram Deo,					
Car	XVII	40		٠	
Vikramáditya, of Ujjain-					
Suggested identity of, with Sáliváhana	1	139			
Sometimes known in Panjáb as Rájá Sankhár	11	173		+	
Speculations as to identity of, with Wema-Kadphises .	111	44.			
King of Sravasti, according to Hwen Thsang	XI	96			
Ayodhya, according to Táranáth	20	97		1	
Ujjain, and restorer of Ayodhya, according to					
Suggested identity of, with Chandra Gupta I.	160	10-			
Connected by Oudh traditions with Samudra Pála and	23	**			
Chandra Pála, who probably are meant for Samudra					
Gupta and Chandra Gupta	n	99		91	
Vikramáditya, Chálukya—	7				
Defeated Harsha Vardhana	i	281			
Vikramasila, in Magadha—					
Mentioned in Táranáth's history of Tibet	VIII	75			
Probably = Silao, near Bihár	32	75, 84			
Vimala Mitra, Buddhist teacher—					
Legend of—	1	250			
Víra Deva of Magadha—		-1-1			
Attended Kanishka's monastery at Peshawar in 9th or		7 3			
10th century A.D.	II	80			
	4.1	09		4	

	Vol.	PAGE.	PLATE,
Vira Sena—			
Probably Satrap of Mathurá under Kanishka	XII	41	
Vira Varmma Deva, Chandel King -			
Kálanjar inscription of—	XXI	38	
Dahi copper-plate inscription of—	**	74	
Virát—			
See Bairát.			
Virudhaka, King of Srávastí—			
Legends of—	1	332, 347	
Visákhá city, of Hwen Thsang—	1121	00-1041	
= Ayodhya city, q.v.			
	10	317	4 /4 9
Visákhá maiden— Buddhist legends of—			
Daddinat legends of—	29	318, 345	* * *
Visákhá Datta—			
Coins of, found at Ayodhya		319	
Visala Deva Chauhán, Rájá of Ajmer-			
Captured Delhi in A.D. 1151-52	10	156	
Inscription of, dated S. 1220 = A.D. 1163, on Asoka's Golden Pillar' at Delhi	.,		
Was grandfather of Prithi Ráj, and founded Visalpur	99	166	
in Jaypur State	VI	152	
Visalpur in Jaypur State—			
Temples with inscriptions of time of Prithi Ráj Chau-			
hán at—	39	154	XVII, XXI.
Vishnu —	1		
Temples of, frequently converted to worship of Siva .	11	266, 278	
Worship of, prevailed from 7th to 10th century A.D	IX	149	
Vishnu, King (?)—			
Perhaps the same as Náráyana Kanwa of the Purá-			
nās , ,	V	140	
Vishou Gupta, King-			
Gold coins of—	1	40, Note	
Vishnu Varddhana, King			
Inscription dated S. 428 of—	VI	50	Werr
	XX	-59 81	Alli.

	Vot.	PAGE.	PLATE	
Vonones, King—		-		
Probably a Scythian from frontiers of Parthia	11	47, 59		*
Vrijis—				
Vaisáli, the capital of country of— Tumuli at Lauriyá-Navandgarh are the chetiyas of the—	XVI	34		
		49		
Vrishadarbha — The ancient name of part of the Panjáb	11	14	* *	
Vyághra— 17 coins of, found at Sunit, near Lúdiána	XIV	65		
Vyághra Deva of Uchahara—	-	_		
Inscription of—	XXI	v, 97	XXVII.	
Vyághrapura (Koli) of Buddhist tradition—				
Identified with Báráh Chhetra in Bastí District, NW.	2017			
The residence of Rájá Suprabuddha, father of Máyá	XII	213	(A) /A	1.0
Devi	29	213		á
According to Brahmans, the site of Varáha Avatár of Vishnu	п	213		
w				
Waihand—				
See Ohind.				
Wairágarh, in Chándá District, C. P				
Various ruins at—	VII	127	KHI.	
Diamond mines at—	2.5	129		
Wardak in ? Afghánistán—				
Inscription of Kanishka from-	11	67		
Webharo mountain of Páli annals—				
≡ Baibhár hill at Rajgír	1	21		
Weils—				
Square, used formerly by Buddhists in India, as now				
	No.			
in Burma	V XI	94:		

	Vota	Page,	PLAT	
Wema Kadphises, King-				-
Perhaps = Chinese Yen-kao-Ching				
Speculations as to his identity with Vikramaditya and the 'nameless king'	11	67		
Find-spots of coins of-	111	39, 44		,
Approximate date of—	19	45		
Perhaps = Rájá Ben	Acres in	187		
Wepullo mountain of Pálí annals-				
= Vipula hill at Rájgír	1	22		
Wessanagara—		-		
= Beanagar, q.v.	x			
Wessantara, alias Sudána, alias Sudatta—	1	37		
Legends of—				
	V	14, 199		
White Huns—				
Broke the power of the Yuchi in 5th century A.D. Distinct from Little Yuchi	R	63		
Also known as Ephthalites or Nephthalites; wrongly	24	75		
Chinese accounts of—		75, 76		
Opposition to inroads of, in 5th and 6th centuries	24.	75. 78		*
*****	111	137		*
Wijásan— See Bhándak, in Chándá District, C. P.				
	100			
Wilford, F.— Essay on Comparation Consends of the control of the c				
Essay on Comparative Geography of India by— Value of work of— .	1	Intr. 11		
	31	" XVIII, Note		*
Wilkins, Charles—				
Translated several inscriptions	20	, II		
Wilson, H. H.				
'Ariana Antiqua' and other works of-	19	n v	3 105-	
Sketch of the history of the kingdom of Pandya by— Erroneous opinions of, concerning date of Bhílsá topes	20	" vn, Note		
and cave temples of W. India Readings of Shahbazgarhi inscription by—	- 89	" XXXIX, XL		
	V	21		×.
Wood—				
Used in roofs at Taxila (Sháhdheri) The material of the walks of Péreti	,,	73-		
The material of the walls of Pataliputra according to Greek authors	*****			
Temples in Chamba State built of-	XIV	27	* 8	÷
	VIA	110	B 81	

	Vos.	Pags.	P	LATE.	
Y					
Vádava race—					
Legendary accounts of—	11	14			4
Váduvansí race—					
Now represented by the Hindu Jádons of Karauli and Sabalgarh, and the Musalman Meos and Khánzá-					
Real history of, begins with Dharma Pála circa A.D.	XX	5	2.4.		- 4
Soo	n	6		4	1
List of Rájás of, in Karaulí and Bayána	40.	7		*	*
Yakshas					
Colossal statues of, from Patna	XV	1	11.		
Yama—					
Unique temple dedicated to, at Márkanda, C.P.	IX	148	2		
Yasah Karna Deva, King of Chedi-					
Mentioned in inscriptions		88, 109		7	
Yaso Varmma, King of Kunauj					
Notices and date of—	III	***			
Coins of—	11	135			*
	111	138	1		-
Appears to have re-built the great stupe at Manikyála	11	160		2	
Yaso Varmma Deva, Chandel King-					
Inscription giving history of reign of—	XXI	83			-
Yaso Varmma pura—					
A name of Bihár City	ш	105			
	VIII	135		1	-
Yandheya tribe—					
= Johiyas of Baháwalpur	22111				
Provenance of coins of-	XIV	140			
	XIV	140	1.		
Description of coins of— . Perhaps = Adraistæ of Arrian, and Arashtras of Ma-	88	141	XXX	i.	
hábhárata .		***			
Coins of Bráhmana Deva, chief of-	12	143	*	*	-
Bhánu Varmma, probably a chief of	21	144			1
Yavanas (Greeks)—					
Fought Agnimitra, and under Menander advanced to					
Ganges	n	5.0			
		41		+	

	Vot.	Pass.	-	PLAT	E,
Yavanas, Kilakila—					
See Kilakila Yayanas.					
Yen-kao-ching, King of the Yuchi-					
Was son of Khieu-tsieu-ki, and probably = Wema					
(Hima) Kadphises	11	63, 67			
Yojana of Hwen Thsang—	1				
= 40 Chinese li, = nearly 7 miles	1	270			
	iii	77. Note	-		,
fons nation—					
Mentioned in Sháhbázgarhi inscription	V	20			
/uchi					
Comprised Great and Little Yuchi	11	62	in .		
ruchi, Great—					
Occupied Káshgár, Yárkand, and Kotan in B.C. 163,					
and Sogdiana and Tahia in B.C. 126	- 1	44. 63			
Divided into 5 tribes, which were united by Khieu-		740 -5			
tsieu-ki	200	43, ,,			-
= Tochari of Strabo, &c.	20-	u 64			
Ruling tribe of, known as Kuei-shwang, Gushán, Khu- shan, Korano, &c.					
= Türki rulers of Kábul mentioned by Abú Rihán	99	72 29	-	-	
Kanishka belonged to-		66		+	-
Probably = Kaspeiræoi of Ptolemy, &c.	.75	67	*		+
Titles of kings of-	**	68	*	1	*
Perhaps represented by modern Gújars	99	69	*		,
Conquests in Kábul, Ariana, Gándhára, and India	**	70	1		+
by Khieu-tsieu-ki and Yen-kao-ching, kings of-	22	63-67			
Still powerful in 1st century A.D.	**	63			
Weakened in 222 A.D. by attacks of other tribes	91	63, 68			
Finally overthrown by White Huns in 5th century					
A.D.	29	**			
Kitolo of Gándhára, last known king of-	21	63			
Little Yuchi kingdom of Peshawar, founded by the son of Kitolo King of-					
	21	64	+		*
fuchi, Little (early)—					
Entered Tibet in second century B.C.	24	62			
fuchi, Little (late)—					
Held the kingdom of Pesháwar in 5th century A.D.		61.70			
Adopted name Kitolo or Kator, still preserved by the	10	64, 73	(4)		
Chief of Chitral	10	73			
Not identical with the Ephthalites or White Huns	20	75		-	-

	Vot.	Pack.	PLAT	X.,
Yusufzái country—				
Boundaries of— · · · · · · · ·	V	1		-
Yusufzái country (British) in Pesháwar District, Panjáb-				
Man of—	69	F 15 W	II.	
= Ancient Pushkalávatí or Peukelaotis	19	. 2		
Formerly thickly populated	29	10		
Described by Dr. Bellew	11	5		
Principal ruins in-	38	.89		
Sculptures in, chiefly Buddhist of early date	34	6, 7		
Coins, Greek, Scythian, &c., found in-	77	6		4
Brahmanism introduced early into-	29	7		
Rew Muhammadan remains in-		8		
Stone, the material of buildings in	18	95		
Bas-reliefs in Indo-Persian style in-	. 39	187		
List of 165 statues of kings and other sculptures from-	24	197		
Arian character only used in inscriptions from-	26	7		
Collection of Arian inscriptions from-	110	57-64	XVI.	
Great cayes in-	XIX.	111		-
Yuvarājā—	. IX	112		
Name of two kings of Chedi-				
7	1			
Zábir Pír—		1		
See Gugá Chauhán.		İ	1	
Zamániá in Gházípur District, NW. P	444	d		
Formerly called Madan-Banáras	. 111	63		
Zanthii of Strabo-				
Perhaps = Ját tribe	. 11	55		
at a constant and the c		1		
Zacon (Gen.) on coins-	. 111	44		
= Scythian title Shaowu		71	1	
n delice				
Zaradrus R. of Ptolemy-	1 11	1 12		
Probably = Satlaj R.		,.	1	
Zaths of Sindh in 7th century A. D				
Probably = Ját tribe	· ir	55	1	* *
Zeda in Yusufzái country, Panjáb-				
Kanishka inscription found at-	. V	57		*
Walaniege Satrán				
Zeionises, Satrap. See Jihonia, Satrap.				

	Vot.	PAUE.	PLATE.
Zhobi, town W. of Indus-			
Probably = Sabanna of Prolemy	11	32	
Zib-un-nissa, daughter of Aurangzeb-		-	
Tomb of, at Delhi	,	230	
Zoilus, King—		-30	* *
Coins of, found at Pathánkot in Kángra District, Panjáb	xıv	116	

GLOSSARY.

N.B .- The words are defined only in the senses in which they are used in the Reports.

A

Abhisheles-

Inauguration; coronation.

Abjad-

 A. B. C.; notation of numerals by letters of Arabic alphabet.

Achárya-

Hindu religious teacher.

Adhiráj-

Sovereign (an epithet of kings.)

Ale-

A plant (Asclepias gigantea, Roxb.)

Akhárá (Akhádá)-

Place for wrestling in.

Akshay-

Imperishable.

Alláh-

God.

Amaiaka-

- (1) The fruit of the aonla tree (Phyllanthus emblica, Roxb.)
- (2) The ornament on the top of the steeple of a temple.

Ambá (ám)-

Mango.

Amm (ám)-

Public.

Anár-

Pomegranate.

Antarála-

Antechamber of a temple,

Arddha-mandapa-

Entrance-hall of a temple.

Argha-

= Yoni, q.v.

Arhái-

Two and a half.

Arhat-

A Buddhist saint.

Ksan-

Seat: throne.

Ashta (áth)-

Eight.

Asthán-

A Hindú shrine.

Asura (asur)-

Demon.

Aswamedha-

The sacrifice of the horse, performed by claimants to universal sovereignty.

Ata (atta)-

Flour.

Aundhá-

Upside down.

Avatár-

Incarnation, especially of Vishnu,

Azán (izán)-

The Muhammadan summons to prayers, generally proclaimed from the minarets of a mosque. B

Babál-

A tree (cacia arabica).

Bachchhá-

Cub; the young of an animal.

Badi-

The waning moon fortnight of a month in the Hindú calendar.

Bádsháh-

King; emperor.

Bágh (باگه)—

Tiger.

Bágh (باغ)—

Grove.

Báhari-

Outer.

Bahé— Daughter-in-law,

Bairagí-

A class of Hindú ascetics.

Baithak-

Sitting-room; summer-house; seat.

Ban (vana)-

Grove.

Bándh (band)-

Embankment.

Banghy (Bahangi)-

A pole with two baskets for carrying loads.

Baniya-

Tradesman; shopkeeper, especially a dealer in grain.

Banyan (Banian)-

A kind of fig-tree (Fiens indica).

Báolí (Báori)-

A large well, with steps leading to the water.

Bará-

Great; large.

Báradari-

An open hall, properly one with twelve doorways; a summer-house.

Bárah-

Twelve.

Bárát-

Marriage procession.

Bat-

Banyan tree (Ficus indica).

Battis-

Thirty-two.

Báwan-

Fifty-two.

Begam-

A title of noble Musalman ladies,

Bel-

A fruit-tree (Ægle marmelos).

Bhádon-

A Hindú month, August-September,

Bhaktin-

Priestess.

Bhándár-

Treasury; store-room.

Bháshá-

Hindi vernacular.

Bhikshu (/em. Bhikshuni)-

Mendicant,

Bhisá-

Mound.

Bhitari-

Inner.

Bhúsá -

Straw.

Bhút-

Ghost; evil spirit.

Bibi-

Lady (the word is generally applied to Muhammadans).

Bighá (Bigah)-

A land measure of varying extent, but in many places = \$ths of an acre.

Bihár-

See "Vihára."

Bijak-

Inscription.

Bíná (víná)-

Indian lute.

Bir-

Ghost.

Biváh-

Marriage.

Bodhi -

Knowledge, especially the perfect knowledge attainable by a Buddha.

Bodhisatwa-

Buddhist sage,

Bórhá (Bódhá)-

Old.

Burj-

Tower; bastion.

But-

Idol.

C

Chabutrá-

Platform; dais.

Chádar-

Sheet.

Chaitra (Chait)-

A Hindú month, March-April.

Chaitya-

A Buddhist chapel,

Chalckf-

Millstone.

Chakra-

Quoit (discus, an emblem of Vishnu).

Chakravarti-

Universal (scil. sovereign).

Chalcwá-

The so-called "Bráhmaní duck " (Anas casarca).

Chandana-

Sandal-wood.

Chándmárí-

Artillery or rifle range,

Chapátí-

Cake of unleavened bread.

Chár diwálí-

Square enclosure.

Charan-

Foot-print.

Chaturbhuj-

Four-armed (a title of Vishnu).

Chaturmukh-

Four-faced.

Chanki-

- (1) Station; stage; outpost.
- (2) Cell,

Chaukidár (chowkidár) -

Watchman.

Chaumukhi-

Four-faced.

Chaunsath-

Sixty-four.

Chaupar-

A game, played with dice.

Chaurásí-

Eighty-four.

Chauri (Chaunri)-

Fly-whisk.

Chawar (chaur)-

A broad water-course; swamp.

Chelá-

Disciple.

Chhattis-

Thirty-six.

Chhatr-

Umbrella; canopy,

Chhatri (chatri)-

Canopy; kiosk.

Chhaun!-

Cantonment.

Chhotá-

Small: little.

Chihal (chehel)-

Forty.

Chillá-

A rag hung on a tree as an offering.

Chirágh-

A native lamp.

Chor-

Thief.

Chuna-

A corruption of chind = lime; limeplaster,

Crore-

See " Karor."

D

Dagoba (dahgopa)-

= Stúpa, q.v.

Dákait-

Brigand.

Dakhin-

India south of the Vindhya mountains.

Dálán (dallán)-

Verandah; corridor.

Dandá-

Stick; staff.

Darbár (durbár)-

Court of a prince,

Dargáh-

A Muhammadan shrine.

Darwan-

Door-keeper.

Darwáza-

Gate; gateway; entrance.

Das-

Ten.

Deoli-

Temple, especially a cenotaph sacred to the memory of a deceased Rájá.

Deorá-

Temple.

Des-

Country; region.

Deva-

(t) A male divinity.

(2) A certain class of minor divinities.

(3) A common element of royal names.

Deva-loka-

The abode of the 'devas.'

Devatá-

A class of minor divinities.

Devi-

(1) A female divinity.

(2) Siva's consort.

Dewal-

Temple.

Dhái-

Two and a half.

Dhák-

A tree (Butea frondosa).

Dharma-

Religion; religious merit; piety.

Dharma-chakra-

Buddhist sacred wheel.

Dharmsálá-

Rest-house.

Dharná-

A mode of extortion practised by Brahmans.

Dhenki-

A rude machine for pounding grain.

Dhobi-

Washerman.

Dhol-

Drum.

Dhoti-

Waist-cloth.

Digambara-

'Sky-clad,' scil. (naked, the name of a Jain sect).

Dighá (dighí)-

Tank ; pend.

Dih (dhi)---

Mound of ruins; old site.

Din-

Day.

Dinar-

A corruption of Latin denarius. In the Gupta period a gold coin corresponding to the aureus.

Din-

Lamp.

Dipdán-

Lamp-post.

Diwán (Dewan)-

(1) Hall of audience; divan.

(2) Prime minister.

Doáb (Duáb)-

A tract of country between two rivers which meet.

Dol-

A swing.

Dopatta-

Shawl.

Drum-

A tree.

Duáb-

See " Doab."

Dulhá-

Bridegroom.

Dulhin-

Bride.

Dúlí (dooly)-

A kind of litter.

Durbar-

See " Darbar."

Durg-

Fort.

Durgah-

See " Dargah."

Dwápar-yug (jug)-

The third or 'brazen age' of Hindú mythology.

Dwárá (dwar)-

Door; opening.

Dwija-

'Twice-born,' i.e., a Brahman, Kshatriya, or Vaisya, but especially a Brahman.

F

Fakir-

A Muhammadan ascetic.

Farang-

European.

Farmán-

A grant; letters patent.

Farsh (farash)-

Floor; pavement.

G

Gach-

Cement ; mortar,

Gadádhar-

Mace-bearer; a title of Vishnu.

Gaddí (gadí)-

Cushion, especially the seat of a Rájá.

Gám (gaon)-

Village; town (gráma).

Ganj-

Market-place; bazaar.

Garbha-griha-

Sanctum of a temple.

Garh (garhí)-

Fort.

Garudá-

The man-faced eagle (emblem of Vishou).

Gauná -

Bringing a bride to her husband's house to consummate marriage.

Gaz (gaj)-

Yard-measure.

Genth-

A kind of fish.

Gerá-

Red ochre, i.e., hæmatite.

Ghantá-

Bell.

Ghar-

House.

Ghár (, 6)-

Cave,

Ghari-

A Hindú division of time, = 24 minutes.

G ha riyál (gariál)-

Alligator.

Ghát-

(1) A flight of steps leading to water.

(2) A mountain pass.

(3) A ferry.

Ghazal-

Ode.

Ghází-

Champion of the faith (Musalman).

Ghi (ghee)-

Clarified butter.

Giri-

Hill; mountain.

Gft-

Song.

Gosáin-

A kind of Hindú ascetic.

Gosirsha-

A kind of sandal-wood.

Got (gotra)-

A subdivision of a caste.

Gram-

A pulse (Cicer arietinum).

Gram-devata-

Village deity.

Granth-

The holy book of the Sikhs.

Gridhra (gidha)-

Vulture.

Gnhá-

Cave.

Gólar-

A tree (Ficus glomerata).

Gumbaz-

Dome.

Guphá-

Cave.

Gur (goor)-

Unrefined sugar.

Guru-

Hindú religious preceptor.

Gurudwárá-

A Sikh monastery.

Gwálá-

Cowherd.

H

Hakim-

Physician,

Halwái-

Sweetmeat-seller.

Hammám (hamam)—

Turkish bath.

Hansa-

Goose.

Háth-

Cubit.

Háthí-

Elephant.

Hauz-

Reservoir; bath.

Haweli (haveli)-

House; building.

Hazár-

A thousand.

Hináyána-

Lesser vehicle, seil. the doctrine of a certain Buddhist sect.

Hindolá-

A swing.

Hiranya-bahu-

Golden armed.

Holf-

The Hindú Saturnalia.

Hom-

A kind of burnt-offering.

Hrada-

Tank; pond.

Huira-

Chamber; pavilion.

I

l'dgáb-

Muhammadan place of prayer.

Imámbárá-

Building used in the celebration of the Muharram.

Imli-

Tamarind tree (Tamarindus indica).

Inám-

Rent or revenue-free; a grant of revenuefree land.

Intikháb-

Extract.

Izán-

See " Azin."

Jádá-

Magic; juggling.

Jag (Yajnya)-

Sacrifice.

Jágír (Jághír)-

A grant of land made in reward for service.

J

Jáman-

Jambú-

A tree (Sysygium jambolanum).

Jámí (jáma)-

General; (public) applied to the chief mosque of a town).

Janeo (jeneu)-

The Brahmanical thread.

Jangal-

Jungle; undergrowth.

Janghiyá (jangia)—

Short drawers.

Játaka-

Buddhist sacred story.

Jaya-

Victory.

Jháu (jhao)-

The tamarisk (Tamaris gallica, var. Indica).

Jhfl-

A natural shallow sheet of water.

Jhoprá (jhopri)-

Hut; shed,

Jhúl-

Housings of horse or elephant.

Jizya-

Poll-tax imposed by Muhammadan rulers on non-conforming subjects.

Jogi-

A class of Hindú ascetics.

Iogini-

A kind of female demon.

Johar (jauhar)-

Self-immolation.

Túná-

Old.

Jyeshta (jeth)-

A Hindú month, May-June.

K

Ká (ke, kí)-

Káaba (Kábá)-

The holy of holies at Makká (Mecca).

Kabáb-

Roast meat.

Kabit-

A kind of Hindí poem.

Kachahri (kacheri)-

Court-house; anglice 'cutcherry.'

Kachchhá (Kacha)-

Raw; incomplete; learthen; in all senses the opposite of pakká.

Káfir-

An unbeliever (scil. of Islam),

Kákiní-

A coin,= 1 pana,=20 cowries.

Kála (Kál)-

Era; age

Kálá-

Black.

Kalama (Kalima) -

The Muhammadan creed—'There is no God but Alláh, and Muhammad is his prophet.'

Kalán-

Great : large.

Kalasa (Kalas)-

Pinnacle of temple steeple.

Káliyug-

The present evil age,

Kánch-

Glass.

Kangura-

Battlement.

Kankar (Kunkur)-

Nodular limestone,

Káráhí (Karai)-

Iron pan.

Karen-

A kind of tree.

Karor (crore)-

Ten millions.

Kasáj-

Butcher.

Katri-

Market-place.

Kanwá-

A crow.

Kavit (kabit)-

A kind of Hindú poem.

Kendu (kend)-

A tree (Diospyrus glutinosa, Roxb.).

Khádim (kádim)-

Attendant at a mosque.

Khádir (khádar)-

Low-lying alluvial land.

Khajúr-

Wild date palm (Phanix silvestris, (Roxb.).

Khambha (khambh, kambh)-

Pillar.

Khána-

House; dwelling; place.

Khand-

(1) a tract of country, e.g., Bundel-khand.

(2) Canto of a poem, e.g., Mahoba Khand of the Chand Ráesa,

Khángáh-

Shrine of Muhammadan saint.

Khása (khás)---

Special; applied to distinguish a town from the surrounding tract of country bearing the same name.

Kherá-

Mound of ruins.

Khichri (kichri)-

A dish made of rice and pulse boiled together, Khir-

Rice boiled in milk.

Khiráj-

Paying rent or land-revenue.

Khirki-

Back-door; postern.

Kho-

Valley.

Khurpi (koorpie)-

A small spud used in scraping up grass.

Khutba-

The prayer for the sovereign in a mosque.

Kibla-

The niche in a mosque turned towards Makka (Mecca).

Kichri-

See " Khichri."

Kiliá-

Fort.

Kiládár-

Governor of a fort.

Kodo-

A kind of grain (Paspalum scrobiculatum, Roxb.)

Kohna (kona)-

Old.

Koorpie-

See "Khurpi."

Kos (krosa)-

An Indian measure of distance, commonly equal to about two miles, but frequently more or less.

Kosha-

Disquisition.

Kot-

Fort.

Kothri (Kotri)-

Room; chamber.

Koti-

Ten millions.

Kris-

Nepalese curved sword.

Kshatrapa-

Satrap.

Kshatriya-

The second of Manu's four castes; Rájpút.

Kuá-

A well.

Kulhárí-

Axe.

Kumbha (kumbh)-

Water-jar.

Kund-

A small, deep, artificial reservoir.

Kusa-

A grass (Poa cynosuroides, Roxb.)

Kusala (Kusula)-

Happiness.

Kushak-

Palace; pavilion; kiosk,

Kutila -

A form of the Nagari alphabet in use in 10th to 12th centuries, A.D.

L

Lákh (lac)-

One hundred thousand.

Lakhaurá (lakhowr)-

Small native-made bricks.

Lál-

Red.

Lambardár (lumberdár) —

Headman of a village.

Langoti-

A small cloth worn by men to cover their nakedness,

Lashkar-

Camp.

Lát (láth)-

Pillar; monolith,

Li-

A Chinese measure of distance, equal to one-sixth of a mile.

Lingam (linga)-

The emblem of the male generative power; phallus.

Lohá-

Iron.

Lotá-

Brass water-pot.

M

Maan-

See " Muffi, "

Madhya-

Central; middle,

Madhya Mandapa-

Second chamber of a temple,

Madrasa-

College; school,

Magar-

Crocodile.

Mágha (Mágh)-

A Hindú month=January-February.

Mahá-mandapa-

Central hall of a temple; nave.

Mahájan-

Money-lender; merchant.

Mahal-

Palace.

Mahalla-

Ward of a town.

Mahanta (Mahant)-

Head of a Hindú monastery.

Maháráiá-

'Great king,' a higher title than Rájá.

Maháyána-

Great vehicle,' seil. the doctrine of a certain Buddhist seet.

Mahuá (Mahwa)-

A tree (Bassia latifolia).

Makán-

House; building.

Makbara-

Tomb.

Málí (fem. Málin)-

Gardener.

Man (Mon)-

'Maund,' a weight which varies much, but the standard is 82 pounds.

Mandapa-

Porch of a temple.

Mandir-

Temple; palace.

Mansabdár-

A high army officer under the Mughal government.

Mantra-

A charm or spell.

Manzil (Manzal)-

Story or floor of a building.

Marh (Marhi)-

Temple.

Masjid-

Mosque.

Masuran-

A gold coin.

Math-

Temple; Hindú monastery.

Mátrá-

The head line in the Nagari character.

Maund-

Anglo-Indian for 'man,' q.v.

Manzá-

A townland, village with its lands.

Mayúra-

Peacock.

Mázina-

= Minár, q.v.

Mendhi-

Henna dye.

Melá-

A fair.

Mihráb (Mehráb) -

Arch; the place in a mosque where the mullo pray with his face turned towards Mecca.

Mimbar-

Pulpit of a mosque.

Minar-

Minaret; the pinnacle from which the munsain of a mosque calls the faithful to prayers.

Mishkal (Miskál)-

A weight = 4 máshás and 33 ratís, i.e., 353 ratís.

Mlechchhá-

Barbarian, scil. a person out of the pale of Hindú caste.

Morhá-

Wicker-stool,

Moti-

Pearl,

Muáfi-

Free of land revenue or rent.

Munzzin-

The official of the mosque who utters the call to prayers.

Muharram-

Celebration commemorating the death of Hasn and Husain.

Muhr (Mohur) -

A gold coin equal in weight to the silver rupee,

Mukhannis (pl,— ánán)— Eunuch.

Mullá (Mullah)-

Muhammadan religious teacher.

Muni-

Hindú saint.

Murid-

Disciple.

Múrti-

Image; idol.

Musallá-

Carpet, or floor, for Muhammadans to pray on.

N

Nábdán-

A small drain.

Nadi-

A small river; a stream.

Nága (Nág), fem. Náginí-

- A snake, or dragon, especially a snake that is worshipped.
- (2) Name of certain tribes.

Nagar-

Town.

Nágari (Nágrí)-

The Sanskrit alphabet.

Nágina-

Gem.

Náhar-

Tiger.

Nakára-

Kettle-drum.

Nakshatra-

Lunar mansion, or asterism = 13° 20', the twenty-seventh part of the zodiac.

Nakshawálá-

Painter.

Nálá (Nullah)—

A small watercourse; ravine

Nandi-

The bull of Siva.

Naogaja-

Lit. nine yards long; a giant.

Nat (fem. Natni)-

Gipsy.

Nan (Nao)-

Nine.

Navagraha-

The 'nine planets' of Indian astronomy,

Nilgái-

The 'blue bull' antelope (Antelope picta).

Nim (Nimb)-

A tree (Melia asadiracta, Roxb.)

Nirvána-

- (1) The ideal goal of the Buddhist religion, which is variously explained.
- (2) The death of Buddha.

Nohara-

Cattle pen.

Nullah-

See " Nálá."

Nyagrodha-

Banyan tree (Ficus indica).

P

Pachisi-

A game.

Pada (Pad)-

Foot; footprint.

Paddy-

Unhusked rice.

Padma-

Lotus.

Pádsháh-

King; emperor.

Pahár-

Hill; mountain.

Pahárí-

Hill-man.

Pahlwáu-

Wrestler.

Paisa-

A copper coin; in the Government of India currency=4th of an anna,=6'xth of a rupee.

Pákar-

A kind of fig tree (Ficus venosa).

Pakká-

Complete; perfect (of masonry. In all senses the opposite of kachchhá).

Pala-

Hindú division of time,= s'oth of a ghari, g.v.

Palása-

A tree (Butea frondoso).

Pálkí (palkee)-

Palanquin.

Pán-

Betel leaf.

Paná-

A coin,= 80 cowries.

Pánch (panj, pancha)— Five.

Pánda-

A class of Brahmans.

Páni (qufiq)-

Hand.

Pání (पानी)-

Water.

Pansal-

Leaf-roofed hut.

Páras-

Philosopher's stone.

Pardá-

Curtain; screen.

Parvata (parbat)-

Hill: mountain.

Parwáná-

A written order.

Patthar (pathar) -

Stone; rock.

Paur-

Gate.

Pazáwá (pazáyá)-

Brick-kiln.

Phálgun-

Hindú month, = February-March.

Phaorá (phowra)-

Mattock.

Phátak-

Gate.

Pipal—

The sacred fig tree (Ficus religiosa).

Pir_

Muhammadan saint.

Pitri-

Ancestor to whom offerings are made.

Pokhar (pokhri -- Pond : tank.

Pol-

Gate.

Prasada --Tempte.

Preta 'pret) --A ghost.

Půjá —

Ceremonial worship.

Pújári – Attendant at a temple.

Pul-Bridge.

Puráná— Old.

Patra (pát)-Son.

Q

Qabar -Tomb.

Qasbeh--A small town.

R

Rahat - Arhat a r

= Arhat, q.v.

Rájá-King; prince; Hindú nobleman.

Rákshasa— A ferocious kind of demon.

Ramazán (Ramzán)—
The ninth Muhammadan lunar month,
observed as a strict jast.

Rání -Queen; the consort of a Rájá.

Rankini-

Female demon.

Raoni-

Faussebraie, or outer line of fortification.

Rasoi (rasui)-Kitchen.

Rati-

A weight = 1.825 of an English grain (Some authorities state the value differently.)

Rishi (rikhi) — A Vedic saint.

Roti-A red colouring matter.

Roza (rauza)— Mausoleum.

S

Ságar-A large lake.

Sagparast— A dog-worshipper.

Sáhib-Mr. ; a European.

Saikalgar (Siklegar)-Polisher; armourer,

Sáís (syce)— Groom.

Saiyid-

A person claiming descent from Muhammad,

Saka-

(t) Name of a tribe.

(2) Era (especially the era of Sáliváhána).

Sakti-

The personification of the female energy of a Hindú god. Sál-

A tree (Shorea robusta).

Samádh-

Tomb of a Hindú ascetic or holy man.

Sámbar -

The so-called Indian elk.

Samvatsara (Samvat)-

Era; year. (In early inscriptions this word is used as equivalent to 'era' in general, but in later documents it usually means the era of Vikrama.)

Sangam-

Confluence.

Sangha -

The Buddhist assembly of the faithful; the Buddhist church.

Sangháráma-

A Buddhist monastery.

Sání-

Second.

Sankh-

Conch shell.

Sankranta-

The time of the sun's entrance into Aries

Sanyásí-

A class of Hindú ascetics.

Sarái-

Native inn.

Sárangi-

Indian guitar.

Sári (Saree)-

A woman's wrapper or shawl.

Sarwar (Sarowar)-

Tank ; pond.

Sás -

Mother-in-law.

Sasar-

Father-in-law.

Sát-

Seven.

Satais-

Twenty-seven.

Sati-

A woman who burned herself alive after her husband's death.

Satyug (=jug)-

The 'golden age' of Hindu legend.

Sawan (Sanwan) -

A kind of grain (Panieum frumentaceum, Roxb.)

Ser (Seer)-

A weight, normally equal to about two pounds, but it varies much.

Shahid-

Muhammadan martyr.

Shahr-panáh-

City walls.

Sharif -

Honourable; illustrious.

Sher (Shir)-

Tiger.

Shikar-

Hunting game.

Shikargah-

Hunting-ground.

Shish-mahal -

Hall of mirrors.

Sikhara, (sikar, sikri)-

Steeple of temple.

Siklegar-

See " Saikalgar."

SIIá-

A stone.

Singhasan-

Throne; pedestal.

Sinha (Singh)-

Lion; a Hindú cognomen.

Sipáhi-

Soldier; sepoy.

Sir-

Head.

Sirdár-

Headman; chief.

Siris-

A tree (Mimosa sirissa, Roxb),

Sitár-

Guitar.

Sivála (Shiwálá)--

Temple of Siva.

Sloka-

Couplet of Sanskrit poetry.

Solah (sola) -

Sixteen.

Soná-

Gold.

Srám-

A Buddhist disciple.

Stávakí (saraogí)-

A Jain.

Sri-

(1) Fortunate, an honorific prefix to personal names.

(2)=Lakshmf, consort of Vishnu.

Stambha-

Tower; pillar,

Sthan-

= Asthá ,q v.

Stúpa-

Buddhist dome-shaped tower built over relics, or as a memorial. The earliest stupas were tombs. Sudi-

The waxing moon fortnight of a month in the Hindú calendar.

Sódra-

The lowest of Manu's four castes.

Suráhí (surai) -

Water-bottle.

Surkh-

Red.

Surkhí (soorkey)-

Brick-dust, used as a component of mortar.

Surmá-

Antimony for painting eyebrows.

Súrya (súraj)—

The sun.

Sútra-

A verse, or clause, in a Hindú scripture.

Sután-

Pillars.

Swástika-

The mystic cross.

Swetámbara, Swetavása -

White-robed, (a Jain sect).

Т

Tahsildár -

A revenue officer.

Táj~

(1) The projection at back of a mosque.

(2) The celebrated tomb at Agra, of which the proper name is Mumtaz Mahal.

Takht-

I brone,

Tál-

A lake, or large pond.

Tambapatra-

Copper plate.

Tamtam (tomtom)-

A kind of drum.

Tanká (tangka)-

A coin.

Tántrika-

In accordance with the Tántra system of religion.

Tapasya-

Penance.

Тарра-

- Tola, q.v.

Tarái-

The low country at the base of the Himálayas.

Tár (toddy)-

The toddy palm tree (Borassus flabelliformis), of which toddy (tárí) is the fermented juice.

Tasbíh-khána-

Place of prostration in a mosque.

Tathágata-

" Passed away," a title of Buddha.

Táwá-

Griddle.

Táziá-

The bier carried in the Muharram procession.

Tee -

The umbrella on top of a Stupa.

Thákur (/em. Thakuráin)-

- (1) a Rájpút.
- (2) A god.

Thán-

- Asthán, q.v.

Thána-

Police station.

Thánadár-

Officer in charge of a police station.

Thára-

Rude cenotaph in Rájputána.

Thup, Thúpo-

= Stupa, q.v.

Thupi-

A ruined stupa.

Tibá-

A mound.

Tiká-

Mark on the forehead, made to indicate the sect of the wearer, or when a king is placed on the throne.

Tilá-

Mound; hillock.

Tilak-

= Tiká, q.v.

Tirath-

Place of Hindú pilgrimage.

Tolá-

Hamlet.

Top-

Cannon; artillery.

Tope-

- (1) Anglicised form of stupa, q.v.
- (2) Grove; clump of trees.

Toran-

- (1) Gateway of a temple or stupa.
- (2) A peg used in marriage ceremonies.

Tretá yug (jug)-

The second or 'silver age' of Hindú mythology.

Trisal-

Trident, especially as a Buddhist symbol.

Tughra-

A form of Arabic writing.

Tulsi -

A plant (Ocymum sanctum, Roxb.) used in Hindú worship.

U

Udumbara-

A tree (Ficus glomerata).

Ustád-

Teacher.

V

Váhana (Váhan)-

Vehicle, (scil. of a Hindu deity).

Vajra-

- (t) A thunderbolt, the emblem of Indra.
- (2) Diamond.

Vana (ban)-

Forest; wood.

Vansa-

Family; lineage.

Varáha-

A boar, (especially the boar incarnation of Vishnu).

Vedi (bedi)-

Hall for reading the Vedas in.

Vihára (Vihár)-

A Buddhist monastery.

Vimana-

Central sanctuary of a temple,

Víná (bíná)-

Indian lute.

W

Wali-

A Muhammadan sain!,

Y

Yaksha-

A class of minor divinities.

Yati-

A Jain priest.

Yojana-

An Indian league, equal to 40 Chinese li, or nearly 7 English miles.

Yoni-

The emblem of the female reproductive power.

Yug (Jug)-

An age or dispensation in Hindú my-

Yuvarájá-

Heir-apparent of a kingdom.

Z

Zamíndár (Zemindár)-

Landholder; petty chief.

Zanána (Zenana)-

Female apartments.

Zarin-

Golden.

Ziárat-

Shrine of Muhammadan saint,

Zina-

Staircase.

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